

### VodafoneZiggo Group B.V.

**Quarterly Report September 30, 2022** 

VodafoneZiggo Group B.V. Boven Vredenburgpassage 128, 3511 WR Utrecht The Netherlands

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# VODAFONEZIGGO GROUP B.V. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

|   | September 30,<br>2022 | December 31,<br>2021 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS  | in m                  | illions              |
| Current assets:   |                       |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents                               | € 85.4                | € 244.9              |
| Trade receivables, net                                  | 165.9                 | 164.3                |
| Related-party receivables (note 10)                     | 74.7                  | 47.1                 |
| Prepaid expenses  | 50.5                  | 28.2                 |
| Derivative instruments (note 4)                         | 148.6                 | 56.7                 |
| Contract assets (note 3)                                | 151.3                 | 152.4                |
| Other current assets, net (note 3)                      | 101.8                 | 93.4                 |
| Total current assets                                    | 778.2                 | 787.0                |
| Property and equipment, net (notes 6 and 8)             | 4,726.0               | 4,754.4              |
| Goodwill (note 6)                                       | 7,375.5               | 7,375.5              |
| Intangible assets subject to amortization, net (note 6) | 4,661.6               | 5,127.9              |
| Long-term derivative instruments (note 4)               | 1,417.7               | 162.0                |
| Long-term contract assets (note 3)                      | 57.7                  | 58.8                 |
| Other assets, net (notes 3 and 8)                       | 414.4                 | 429.8                |
| Total assets  | € 19,431.1            | € 18,695.4           |

# VODAFONEZIGGO GROUP B.V. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS — (Continued) (unaudited)

|   | Sep | otember 30, | De     | cember 31, |
|---|-----|-------------|--------|------------|
|   |     | 2022        |        | 2021       |
|   |     | in mi       | llions | 3          |
| LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY  |     |             |        |            |
| Current liabilities:  |     |             |        |            |
| Accounts payable (note 10)  | €   | 364.8       | €      | 367.7      |
| Accrued and other current liabilities (notes 8 and 10)                            |     | 441.4       |        | 414.4      |
| Deferred revenue and advance payments from subscribers and others (note 3)        |     | 211.2       |        | 210.3      |
| VAT payable   |     | 133.1       |        | 133.1      |
| Derivative instruments (note 4)   |     | 52.4        |        | 70.1       |
| Accrued interest (note 7)   |     | 100.1       |        | 136.3      |
| Current portion of third-party debt and finance lease obligations (notes 7 and 8) |     | 1,073.0     |        | 1,078.1    |
| Total current liabilities   |     | 2,376.0     |        | 2,410.0    |
| Long-term debt and finance lease obligations (notes 7 and 8):                     |     |             |        |            |
| Third-party   |     | 10,790.9    |        | 9,857.4    |
| Related-party (note 10)   |     | 1,815.8     |        | 1,815.8    |
| Deferred income taxes   |     | 1,251.6     |        | 1,173.1    |
| Other long-term liabilities (notes 3, 4 and 8)                                    |     | 402.3       |        | 661.2      |
| Total liabilities   |     | 16,636.6    |        | 15,917.5   |
|   |     |             |        |            |
| Commitments and contingencies (notes 4, 10 and 11)                                |     |             |        |            |
|   |     |             |        |            |
| Total owner's equity  |     | 2,794.5     |        | 2,777.9    |
| Total liabilities and owner's equity  | €   | 19,431.1    | €      | 18,695.4   |

## VODAFONEZIGGO GROUP B.V. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

|  |        |      | ths ended<br>ber 30,                    |           | iths ended<br>iber 30, |
|--|--------|------|---|-----------|------------------------|
|  | 2022   |      | 2021                                    | 2022      | 2021                   |
|  |        |      | in milli                                | ions      |                        |
| Revenue (notes 3, 10 and 12)   | € 1,03 | 3.1  | € 1,023.1                               | € 3,040.5 | € 3,040.8              |
| Operating costs and expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization, shown separately below): |        |      | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |           |                        |
| Programming and other direct costs of services (note 10)   | 21     | 9.2  | 216.1                                   | 629.0     | 639.0                  |
| Other operating (note 10)  | 11     | 0.5  | 113.0                                   | 349.1     | 353.7                  |
| Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) (note 10)   | 15     | 8.7  | 152.5                                   | 466.3     | 452.6                  |
| Charges for JV Services (note 10)  | 4      | 8.0  | 51.4                                    | 159.0     | 164.1                  |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 38     | 1.1  | 406.8                                   | 1,141.8   | 1,177.9                |
| Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net   |        | 4.0  | 11.8                                    | 9.0       | 27.1                   |
|  | 92     | 1.5  | 951.6                                   | 2,754.2   | 2,814.4                |
| Operating income   | 11     | 1.6  | 71.5                                    | 286.3     | 226.4                  |
| Non-operating income (expense):  |        |      |   |           |                        |
| Interest expense:  |        |      |   |           |                        |
| Third-party  | (12    | 1.7) | (103.6)                                 | (333.5)   | (311.5)                |
| Related-party (note 10)  | (2     | 5.7) | (24.9)                                  | (76.4)    | (69.8)                 |
| Realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net (note 4)                              | 68     | 3.9  | 157.1                                   | 1,636.5   | 392.4                  |
| Foreign currency transaction losses, net   | (42    | 1.2) | (127.9)                                 | (892.7)   | (291.7)                |
| Losses on debt extinguishment, net (note 7)  |        | _    | _                                       | (71.1)    | (7.6)                  |
| Other income, net  |        | 0.2  |   | 0.5       |                        |
|  | 11     | 5.5  | (99.3)                                  | 263.3     | (288.2)                |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes  | 22     | 7.1  | (27.8)                                  | 549.6     | (61.8)                 |
| Income tax benefit (expense) (note 9)  | (6     | 0.5) | 6.9                                     | (182.8)   | 14.7                   |
| Net earnings (loss)  | € 16   | 6.6  | € (20.9)                                | € 366.8   | € (47.1)               |

# VODAFONEZIGGO GROUP B.V. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OWNER'S EQUITY

|  | Sha | re capital | Additional Paid<br>in Capital | Accumulated<br>Surplus /<br>(Deficit) |   | Total   |
|--|-----|------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------|
|  |     |            | in m                          | illions                               |   |         |
| Balance at January 1, 2021                             | €   | 0.01       | € 4,245.2                     | € (799.9)                             | € | 3,445.3 |
| Net loss   |     |            | ,2 .6.2                       | (13.2)                                |   | (13.2)  |
| Other  |     | _          | (0.1)                         | ` `                                   |   | (0.1)   |
| Balance at March 31, 2021                              | _   | 0.01       | 4,245.1                       | (813.1)                               |   | 3,432.0 |
| Net loss   |     | _          | _                             | (13.0)                                |   | (13.0)  |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding (note 10) |     | <u> </u>   | (230.0)                       | ` ′                                   |   | (230.0) |
| Share-based compensation (note 10)                     |     | _          | 0.5                           | _                                     |   | 0.5     |
| Other  |     | _          | (0.1)                         |                                       |   | (0.1)   |
| Balance at June 30, 2021                               |     | 0.01       | 4,015.5                       | (826.1)                               |   | 3,189.4 |
| Net loss   |     | _          |                               | (20.9)                                |   | (20.9)  |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding (note 10) |     | _          | (175.0)                       |                                       |   | (175.0) |
| Share-based compensation (note 10)                     |     | _          | _                             | _                                     |   | _       |
| Other  |     | _          | (0.1)                         | _                                     |   | (0.1)   |
| Balance at September 30, 2021                          | €   | 0.01       | € 3,840.4                     | € (847.0)                             | € | 2,993.4 |
|  |     |            |                               |                                       |   |         |
|  | Sha | re capital | Additional Paid<br>in Capital | Accumulated<br>Surplus /<br>(Deficit) |   | Total   |
|  |     |            | in m                          | illions                               |   |         |
| Balance at January 1, 2022                             | €   | 0.01       | € 3,715.6                     | € (937.7)                             | € | 2,777.9 |
| Net earnings   |     | 0.01       | - 5,715.0                     | 64.4                                  | C | 64.4    |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding (note 10) |     |            | (170.0)                       |                                       |   | (170.0) |
| Other  |     | _          | (0.1)                         |                                       |   | (0.1)   |
| Balance at March 31, 2022                              |     | 0.01       | 3,545.5                       | (873.3)                               |   | 2,672.2 |
| Net earnings   |     | _          |                               | 135.8                                 |   | 135.8   |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding (note 10) |     | _          | (90.0)                        |                                       |   | (90.0)  |
| Other  |     | <u> </u>   | (0.2)                         |                                       |   | (0.2)   |
| Balance at June 30, 2022                               |     | 0.01       | 3,455.3                       | (737.5)                               |   | 2,717.8 |
| Net earnings   |     | _          | , <u> </u>                    | 166.6                                 |   | 166.6   |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding (note 10) |     |            |                               |                                       |   |         |
| Biodife defend to + education 221886 ereals from 10)   |     | _          | (90.0)                        | _                                     |   | (90.0)  |
| Other  |     |            | (90.0)<br>0.1                 |                                       |   | (90.0)  |

# VODAFONEZIGGO GROUP B.V. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

|   | Nine months ended |               |      |         |  |  |
|---|-------------------|---------------|------|---------|--|--|
|   |                   | September 30, |      |         |  |  |
|   |                   | 2022          | 2021 |         |  |  |
|   |                   | in mi         |      |         |  |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities:   |                   |               |      |         |  |  |
| Net earnings (loss)   | . €               | 366.8         | €    | (47.1)  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities | :                 |               |      |         |  |  |
| Share-based compensation expense  |                   | _             |      | 0.5     |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization   |                   | 1,141.8       |      | 1,177.9 |  |  |
| Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net                                  |                   | 9.0           |      | 27.1    |  |  |
| Amortization of debt premiums, deferred financing costs and non-cash interest             |                   | 5.0           |      | 6.1     |  |  |
| Realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net                              |                   | (1,636.5)     |      | (392.4) |  |  |
| Foreign currency transaction losses, net  |                   | 892.7         |      | 291.7   |  |  |
| Losses on debt extinguishment, net  |                   | 71.1          |      | 7.6     |  |  |
| Deferred income tax expense (benefit)   |                   | 78.5          |      | (54.3)  |  |  |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities   |                   | 23.9          |      | 17.9    |  |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   |                   | 952.3         |      | 1,035.0 |  |  |
| Cash flows from investing activities:   |                   |               |      |         |  |  |
| Capital expenditures  |                   | (391.9)       |      | (232.0) |  |  |
| Cash paid for spectrum licenses   |                   | _             |      | (207.9) |  |  |
| Other investing activities, net   |                   | 0.4           |      | 0.2     |  |  |
| Net cash used by investing activities   |                   | (391.5)       |      | (439.7) |  |  |

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued)

(unaudited)

|  |   | nded<br>0, |        |         |
|--|---|------------|--------|---------|
|  |   | 2022       |        | 2021    |
|  |   | in mi      | llions |         |
| Cash flows from financing activities:  |   |            |        |         |
| Borrowings of third-party debt   | € | 131.8      | €      | 45.8    |
| Related-party borrowings   |   | _          |        | 207.9   |
| Operating-related vendor financing additions                                     |   | 521.8      |        | 520.1   |
| Repayments of third-party debt and finance lease obligations:                    |   |            |        |         |
| Debt (excluding vendor financing)  |   | (86.9)     |        | (160.0) |
| Principal payments on operating-related vendor financing                         |   | (498.0)    |        | (522.7) |
| Principal payments on capital-related vendor financing                           |   | (365.7)    |        | (400.2) |
| Principal payments on finance leases   |   | (6.2)      |        | (6.6)   |
| Distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding                                     |   | (350.0)    |        | (405.0) |
| Receipt (payment) of financing costs and debt premiums                           |   | (63.5)     |        | 0.8     |
| Other financing activities, net  |   | (0.8)      |        | (0.8)   |
| Net cash used by financing activities  |   | (717.5)    |        | (720.7) |
|  |   |            |        |         |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash |   | 1.5        |        | 0.2     |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash                    |   | (155.2)    |        | (125.2) |
| Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash:                                   |   |            |        |         |
| Beginning of period  |   | 247.3      |        | 302.1   |
| End of period  | € | 92.1       | €      | 176.9   |
| Cash paid for interest:  |   |            |        |         |
| Cash paid for third-party interest   | € | 378.6      | €      | 355.9   |
| Cash paid for related-party interest   |   | 76.4       |        | 69.8    |
| Total  | € | 455.0      | €      | 425.7   |
|  | Ť |            | Ť      |         |
| Cash paid for income taxes   | € | 89.9       | €      | _       |
|  |   |            | •      |         |
| Details of end of period cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash:          |   |            |        |         |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | € | 85.4       | €      | 174.7   |
| Restricted cash included in other current assets, net                            | _ | 6.7        |        | 2.2     |
| Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash                              |   |            | €      | 176.9   |
|  |   |            |        |         |

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

VodafoneZiggo Group B.V. (VodafoneZiggo) provides fixed, mobile and integrated communication and entertainment services to consumers and businesses in the Netherlands. In these notes, the terms "we," "our," "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to VodafoneZiggo or collectively to VodafoneZiggo and its subsidiaries.

VodafoneZiggo is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VodafoneZiggo Group Holding B.V. (VodafoneZiggo Group Holding). VodafoneZiggo Group Holding is a 50:50 joint venture (the VodafoneZiggo JV) between Vodafone Group Plc (Vodafone) and Liberty Global plc (Liberty Global) (each a "Shareholder").

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and do not include all of the information required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our GAAP 2021 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2021 annual report.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are used in accounting for, among other things, the valuation of acquisition-related assets and liabilities, allowances for uncollectible accounts, certain components of revenue, programming and copyright costs, deferred income taxes and related valuation allowances, loss contingencies, fair value measurements, impairment assessments, capitalization of internal costs associated with construction and installation activities, lease terms and useful lives of long-lived assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Our functional currency is the euro (€). Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into euros are calculated as of September 30, 2022.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect our consideration of the accounting and disclosure implications of subsequent events through November 22, 2022, the date of issuance.

#### (2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

ASU 2022-04

In September 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2022-04, *Liabilities—Supplier Finance Programs* (ASU 2022-04), which requires additional disclosures for buyers participating in supplier financing programs, which we refer to as vendor financing, including (1) the key terms of the arrangement, (2) the confirmed amount outstanding at the end of the period, (3) the balance sheet presentation of related amounts and (4) a reconciliation of the balances from period to period. ASU 2022-04 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We do not expect ASU 2022-04 to have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements. For additional information regarding our vendor financing obligations, see note 7.

ASU 2020-04

In April 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting (ASU 2020-04), which provides optional expedients and exceptions for contract modifications, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. In accordance with the optional expedients in ASU 2020-04, we expect to modify certain of our debt agreements during 2023 to replace LIBOR with another reference rate and apply the practical expedient to account for the modification as a

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

continuation of the existing contract. We currently do not believe the use of optional expedients in ASU 2020-04 will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements. For additional information regarding our debt, see note 7.

#### (3) Revenue Recognition and Related Costs

#### **Contract Balances**

The timing of revenue recognition may differ from the timing of invoicing to our customers. We record a trade receivable when we have transferred goods or services to a customer but have not yet received payment. Our trade receivables are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Such allowance aggregated  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{\&}}24.8\]$  million and  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{\&}}28.7\]$  million at September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively.

If we transfer goods or services to a customer but do not have an unconditional right to payment, we record a contract asset. Contract assets typically arise from the delivery of a handset that is paid for over the duration of the contract period or the uniform recognition of introductory promotional discounts over the contract period. Our contract assets were  $\[ \in \]$  209.0 million and  $\[ \in \]$  211.2 million as of September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively, and are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Such allowance aggregated  $\[ \in \]$  5.2 million and  $\[ \in \]$  4.4 million at September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively.

We record deferred revenue when we receive payment prior to transferring goods or services to a customer. We primarily defer revenue for (i) services that are invoiced prior to when they are provided and (ii) installation and other upfront services. Our deferred revenue balances were €206.9 million and €207.4 million as of September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively. The long-term portion of our deferred revenue balance is included within other long-term liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### **Contract Costs**

Our aggregate assets associated with incremental costs to obtain and fulfill our contracts were  $\epsilon$ 65.7 million and  $\epsilon$ 69.0 million at September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively. The current and long-term portions of our assets related to contract costs are included within other current assets, net and other assets, net, respectively, in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We amortized  $\epsilon$ 18.6 million and  $\epsilon$ 61.7 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and  $\epsilon$ 21.5 million and  $\epsilon$ 67.8 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, to programming and other direct costs of service expenses and other operating expenses.

#### **Unsatisfied Performance Obligations**

A large portion of our revenue is derived from customers whose initial contracts have been extended and now have a one month notice period. Revenue from customers who are subject to initial contracts is recognized over the term of such contracts, which is generally 12-24 months for our residential contracts and one to five years for our B2B service contracts.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### (4) <u>Derivative Instruments</u>

In general, we enter into derivative instruments to protect against (i) increases in the interest rates on our variable-rate debt and (ii) foreign currency movements with respect to borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than our functional currency. In this regard, we have entered into various derivative instruments to manage interest rate exposure and foreign currency exposure with respect to the United States dollar (\$).

The following table provides details of the fair values of our derivative instrument assets and liabilities:

|     | <b>September 30, 2022</b> |   |  |   |   | December 31, 2021   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-----|---------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|     | Current                   | Lo  | ng-term (a)  |   | Total   |   | Current   | Long-term (a)   |   |   | Total   |
|     |                           |   |  |   | in mi   | illion  | s   |   |   |   |   |
|     |                           |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| . € | 148.2                     | €   | 1,417.5  | €   | 1,565.7   | €   | 56.5  | €   | 162.0   | €   | 218.5   |
|     | 0.4                       |   | 0.2  |   | 0.6   |   | 0.2   |   |   |   | 0.2   |
| €   | 148.6                     | €   | 1,417.7  | €   | 1,566.3   | €   | 56.7  | €   | 162.0   | €   | 218.7   |
|     |                           |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| €   | 52.4                      | €   | 28.9   | €   | 81.3  | €   | 70.0  | €   | 263.6   | €   | 333.6   |
|     |                           |   |  |   |   |   | 0.1   |   |   |   | 0.1   |
| €   | 52.4                      | €   | 28.9   | €   | 81.3  | €   | 70.1  | €   | 263.6   | €   | 333.7   |
|     | €<br><u>€</u>             | Current       0.4     0.4       €     148.6 | Current     Lo       0.4     0.4       0.4     €       148.6     € | Current       Long-term (a)         €       148.2       €       1,417.5         €       148.6       €       1,417.7         €       52.4       €       28.9         €       €       € | Current       Long-term (a)         €       148.2       €       1,417.5       €         €       0.4       0.2         €       148.6       €       1,417.7       €         €       52.4       €       28.9       €         € | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in min           €         148.2 €         1,417.5 €         1,565.7           €         148.6 €         1,417.7 €         1,566.3           €         52.4 €         28.9 €         81.3           €         €         €         €         € | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in million           €         148.2 €         1,417.5 €         1,565.7 €           €         0.4 0.2 0.6         0.6           €         148.6 €         1,417.7 €         1,566.3 €           €         52.4 €         28.9 €         81.3 €           €         €         €         € | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in millions         Current in millions           ∴ €         148.2         €         1,417.5         €         1,565.7         €         56.5           ∴ 0.4         0.2         0.6         0.2           ∴ €         148.6         €         1,417.7         €         1,566.3         €         56.7           ∴ €         52.4         €         28.9         €         81.3         €         70.0           ∴ —         —         —         —         0.1 | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in millions         Current in millions         Long-term (b)           €         148.2         €         1,417.5         €         1,565.7         €         56.5         €           €         148.6         €         1,417.7         €         1,566.3         €         56.7         €           €         52.4         €         28.9         €         81.3         €         70.0         €           ←         —         —         —         0.1         — | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in millions         Current in millions         Long-term (a)           ∴ €         148.2         €         1,417.5         €         1,565.7         €         56.5         €         162.0           ∴ 0.4         0.2         0.6         0.2         —           ∴ €         148.6         €         1,417.7         €         1,566.3         €         56.7         €         162.0           ∴ €         52.4         €         28.9         €         81.3         €         70.0         €         263.6           ∴ —         —         —         —         0.1         — | Current         Long-term (a)         Total in millions         Current in millions         Long-term (a)           ∴ €         148.2         €         1,417.5         €         1,565.7         €         56.5         €         162.0         €           ∴ 0.4         0.2         0.6         0.2         — </td |

- (a) Our long-term derivative liabilities are included in other long-term liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (b) We consider credit risk relating to our and our counterparties' nonperformance in the fair value assessment of our derivative instruments. In all cases, the adjustments take into account offsetting liability or asset positions. The changes in the credit risk valuation adjustments associated with our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts resulted in net losses of €51.0 million and €19.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and net losses of €58.3 million and €50.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These amounts are included in realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. For further information regarding our fair value measurements, see note 5.

The details of our realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

|   | Three months ended September 30, |            |      |       |   | ended<br>30, |   |       |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|------|-------|---|--------------|---|-------|
|   |                                  | 2022       | 2021 | 2022  |   | 2022         |   |       |
|   |                                  | in million |      |       |   |              |   |       |
| Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts | €                                | 683.4      | €    | 156.8 | € | 1,635.3      | € | 391.9 |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                    |                                  | 0.5        |      | 0.3   |   | 1.2          |   | 0.5   |
| Total   | €                                | 683.9      | €    | 157.1 | € | 1,636.5      | € | 392.4 |

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

The net cash received or paid related to our derivative instruments is classified as an operating, investing or financing activity in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows based on the objective of the derivative instrument and the classification of the applicable underlying cash flows. For derivative contracts that are terminated prior to maturity, the cash paid or received upon termination that relates to future periods is classified as a financing activity. The classification of these net cash inflows (outflows) is as follows:

|                      |   | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |   |       |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|-------|--|--|--|
|                      |   |                                    |   |       |  |  |  |
| ·                    |   | 2022                               |   | 2021  |  |  |  |
|                      |   | in millions                        |   |       |  |  |  |
|                      |   |                                    |   |       |  |  |  |
| Operating activities | € | 34.7                               | € | (4.9) |  |  |  |
| Financing activities |   | 1.8                                |   | (0.1) |  |  |  |
| Total                | € | 36.5                               | € | (5.0) |  |  |  |

#### Counterparty Credit Risk

We are exposed to the risk that the counterparties to our derivative instruments will default on their obligations to us. We manage these credit risks through the evaluation and monitoring of the creditworthiness of and concentration of risk with the respective counterparties. In this regard, credit risk associated with our derivative instruments is spread across a relatively broad counterparty base of banks and financial institutions, however notwithstanding, given the size of our derivative portfolio, the default of certain counterparties could have a significant impact on our consolidated statements of operations. Collateral is generally not posted by either party under our derivative instruments. At September 30, 2022, our exposure to counterparty credit risk included derivative assets with an aggregate fair value of €1.5 billion.

#### **Details of our Derivative Instruments**

#### Cross-currency Derivative Contracts

We generally match the denomination of our borrowings with the functional currency of the supporting operations or, when it is more cost effective, we provide for an economic hedge against foreign currency exchange rate movements by using derivative instruments to synthetically convert unmatched debt into the applicable underlying currency. At September 30, 2022, substantially all of our debt was either directly or synthetically matched to our functional currency. The following table sets forth the total notional amounts and the related weighted average remaining contractual life of our cross-currency derivative contracts at September 30, 2022:

| Notional amount due from counterparty (a) |         | unt due from counterparty (a) Notional amount due to counterparty |         |          |  |
|---|---------|---|---------|----------|--|
|   | in m    | illions   |         | in years |  |
| S   | 8,096.0 | €   | 6,944.5 | 4.8      |  |
| €   | 872.1   | \$  | 980.0   | 2.3      |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes certain derivative instruments that do not involve the exchange of notional amounts at the inception and maturity of the instruments. Accordingly, the only cash flows associated with these derivative instruments are interest-related payments and receipts. At September 30, 2022, the total euro equivalent of the notional amounts due from counterparties of these derivative instruments was €1,510.5 million.

#### **Interest Rate Swap Contracts**

As noted above, we enter into interest rate swap contracts to protect against increases in the interest rates on our variablerate debt. Pursuant to these derivative instruments, we typically pay fixed interest rates and receive variable interest rates on

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

specified notional amounts. At September 30, 2022, the notional amounts due from counterparties was €3,142.4 million and the related weighted average remaining contractual life of our interest rate swap contracts was 6.1 years.

#### Interest Rate Caps, Floors and Collars

From time to time, we enter into interest rate cap, floor and collar agreements. Purchased interest rate caps and collars lock in a maximum interest rate if variable rates rise, but also allow our company to benefit, to a limited extent in the case of collars, from declines in market rates. Purchased interest rate floors protect us from interest rates falling below a certain level, generally to match a floating rate floor on a debt instrument. At September 30, 2022, we had no interest rate collar agreements, and the total euro equivalent of notional amounts of our interest rate caps and floors were &205.0 million and &4,829.2 million, respectively.

#### Basis swaps

Our basis swaps involve the exchange of attributes used to calculate our floating interest rates, including (i) the benchmark rate, (ii) the underlying currency and/or (iii) the borrowing period. We typically enter into these swaps to optimize our interest rate profile based on our current evaluations of yield curves, our risk management policies and other factors. At September 30, 2022, the euro equivalent of the notional amount due from the counterparty was €2,579.2 million and the related weighted average remaining contractual life of our interest basis swap contracts was 0.1 years.

#### Impact of Derivative Instruments on Borrowing Costs

The impact of the derivative instruments that mitigate our foreign currency and interest rate risk, as described above, was a decrease of 110 basis points to our borrowing costs as of September 30, 2022.

#### Foreign Currency Forwards

We enter into foreign currency forward contracts with respect to non-functional currency exposure. At September 30, 2022, the euro equivalent of the notional amount of our foreign currency forward contracts was €13.4 million.

#### (5) Fair Value Measurements

We use the fair value method to account for our derivative instruments. The reported fair values of these derivative instruments as of September 30, 2022, are unlikely to represent the value that will be paid or received upon the ultimate settlement or disposition of these assets and liabilities.

GAAP provides for a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. We record transfers of assets or liabilities into or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 at the beginning of the quarter during which the transfer occurred. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, no such transfers were made.

All of our Level 2 inputs (interest rate futures and swap rates) and certain of our Level 3 inputs (credit spreads) are obtained from pricing services. These inputs, or interpolations or extrapolations thereof, are used in our internal models to calculate, among other items, yield curves and forward interest and currency rates. In the normal course of business, we receive market value assessments from the counterparties to our derivative contracts. Although we compare these assessments to our internal valuations and investigate unexpected differences, we do not otherwise rely on counterparty quotes to determine the fair values of our derivative instruments. The midpoints of applicable bid and ask ranges generally are used as inputs for our internal valuations.

In order to manage our interest rate and foreign currency exchange risk, we have entered into various derivative instruments as further described in note 4. The recurring fair value measurements of these instruments are determined using discounted cash flow models. Most of the inputs to these discounted cash flow models consist of, or are derived from, observable Level 2 data for substantially the full term of these instruments. This observable data mostly includes interest rate futures and swap rates, which are retrieved or derived from available market data. Although we may extrapolate or interpolate

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

this data, we do not otherwise alter this data in performing our valuations. We use a Monte Carlo based approach to incorporate a credit risk valuation adjustment in our fair value measurements to estimate the impact of both our own nonperformance risk and the nonperformance risk of our counterparties. Certain inputs used for our credit risk valuations, such as market correlations, represent our most significant Level 3 inputs, and these inputs are used to derive the credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to these instruments. As we would not expect changes in these elements to have a significant impact on the valuations of these instruments, we have determined that these valuations fall under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Our credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to our cross-currency and interest rate swaps are quantified and further explained in note 4.

Fair value measurements are also used in connection with nonrecurring valuations performed in connection with impairment assessments and acquisition accounting. We did not perform significant nonrecurring fair value measurements during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

A summary of our assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

|   | Sep         | tember 30, | Dec | cember 31, |  |  |
|---|-------------|------------|-----|------------|--|--|
|   | :           | 2022 (a)   | 2   | 2021 (a)   |  |  |
|   | in millions |            |     |            |  |  |
| Assets:   |             |            |     |            |  |  |
| Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts | €           | 1,565.7    | €   | 218.5      |  |  |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                    |             | 0.6        |     | 0.2        |  |  |
| Total   | €           | 1,566.3    | €   | 218.7      |  |  |
| Liabilities:  |             |            |     | ,          |  |  |
| Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts | €           | 81.3       | €   | 333.6      |  |  |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                    |             | _          |     | 0.1        |  |  |
| Total   | €           | 81.3       | €   | 333.7      |  |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we used significant other observable inputs (Level 2) to measure all of our fair value assets and liabilities.

#### (6) Long-lived Assets

#### Property and Equipment, Net

The details of our property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation are set forth below:

|                                       | Sep | tember 30,  | December 31, |           |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|
|                                       |     | 2022        |              | 2021      |  |
|                                       |     | in millions |              |           |  |
|                                       | 0   | ( 027 1     | 0            | 7.600.2   |  |
| Distribution systems                  | €   | 6,027.1     | €            | 5,699.3   |  |
| Support equipment, buildings and land |     | 1,445.8     |              | 1,484.5   |  |
| Customer premises equipment           |     | 997.4       |              | 1,013.8   |  |
|                                       |     | 8,470.3     |              | 8,197.6   |  |
| Accumulated depreciation              |     | (3,744.3)   |              | (3,443.2) |  |
| Total property and equipment, net     | €   | 4,726.0     | €            | 4,754.4   |  |

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we recorded non-cash increases to our property and equipment related to vendor financing arrangements of €320.6 million and €364.1 million, respectively, which exclude related

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

value added taxes (VAT) of  $\in$ 17.2 million and  $\in$ 29.8 million, respectively, that were also financed by our vendors under these arrangements.

#### Goodwill

There were no changes in the carrying amount of our goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

If, among other factors, the adverse impact of economic, competitive, regulatory or other factors were to cause our operations or cash flows to be worse than anticipated, we could conclude in future periods that impairment charges are required in order to reduce the carrying values of our goodwill, and, to a lesser extent, other long-lived assets. Any such impairment charges could be significant.

#### Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization, Net

The details of our intangible assets subject to amortization are set forth below:

|                        | Se                    | epte | ember 30, 20              | 22 |                           | December 31 |                             |   |                          | 1 |                          |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
|                        | Gross carrying amount |      | ccumulated<br>mortization |    | Net<br>carrying<br>amount |             | Gross<br>carrying<br>amount |   | cumulated<br>nortization |   | Net<br>arrying<br>amount |
|                        |                       |      |                           |    | in m                      | illio       | ons                         |   |                          |   |                          |
| Customer relationships | € 6,420.0             | €    | (2,931.9)                 | €  | 3,488.1                   | €           | 6,420.0                     | € | (2,549.5)                | € | 3,870.5                  |
| Licenses               | 1,470.9               |      | (505.3)                   |    | 965.6                     |             | 1,470.9                     |   | (429.5)                  |   | 1,041.4                  |
| Trade name             | 270.0                 |      | (62.1)                    |    | 207.9                     |             | 270.0                       |   | (54.0)                   |   | 216.0                    |
| Total                  | € 8,160.9             | €    | (3,499.3)                 | €  | 4,661.6                   | €           | 8,160.9                     | € | (3,033.0)                | € | 5,127.9                  |

#### (7) <u>Debt</u>

The euro equivalents of the components of our third-party debt are as follows:

|  | September                                   | r 30, 2022                          |    | Principal amount      |   |                    |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|
|  | Weighted<br>average<br>interest rate<br>(a) | Unused<br>borrowing<br>capacity (b) |    | September 30,<br>2022 |   | cember 31,<br>2021 |  |  |
|  |   |                                     | ir | n millions            |   |                    |  |  |
| Senior and Senior Secured Notes  | 4.48 %                                      | _                                   | €  | 5,871.6               | € | 5,286.0            |  |  |
| Credit Facilities (c) (d)  | 5.24 %                                      | € 800.0                             |    | 4,851.8               |   | 4,509.4            |  |  |
| Vendor financing (e)   | 2.67 %                                      | _                                   |    | 995.9                 |   | 999.7              |  |  |
| Other debt (f)   | 1.53 %                                      | _                                   |    | 166.8                 |   | 166.5              |  |  |
| Total principal amount of third-party debt before premiums, discounts and deferred financing costs (g) | 4.60 %                                      | € 800.0                             | €  | 11,886.1              | € | 10,961.6           |  |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents the weighted average interest rate in effect at September 30, 2022 for all borrowings outstanding pursuant to each debt instrument, including any applicable margin. The interest rates presented represent stated rates and do not include the impact of derivative instruments, deferred financing costs, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, all of which affect our overall cost of borrowing. Including the effects of derivative instruments, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, but excluding the impact of deferred financing costs, the weighted average interest rate on our aggregate third-party variable- and fixed-rate indebtedness was 3.8% at September 30, 2022. For information regarding our derivative instruments, see note 4.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

- (b) The Credit Facilities include a revolving facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of €800.0 million, which was undrawn at September 30, 2022. Unused borrowing capacity represents the maximum availability under the Credit Facilities at September 30, 2022 without regard to covenant compliance calculations or other conditions precedent to borrowing. At September 30, 2022, based on the most restrictive applicable leverage covenants and leverage-based restricted payment tests, the full €800.0 million of unused borrowing capacity was available to be borrowed and there were no additional restrictions on our ability to make loans or distributions from this availability. Upon completion of the relevant September 30, 2022 compliance reporting requirements and based on the most restrictive applicable leverage covenants and leverage-based restricted payment tests, we expect that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available to be borrowed and that there will be no additional restrictions with respect to loans or distributions from this availability. Our above expectations do not consider any actual or potential changes in our borrowing levels or any amounts loaned or distributed subsequent to September 30, 2022, or the impact of additional amounts that may be available to borrow, loan or distribute under certain defined baskets under the Credit Facilities.
- (c) Principal amounts include €22.6 million and €41.9 million at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, of borrowings pursuant to an excess cash facility under the Credit Facilities. These borrowings are owed to a non-consolidated special purpose financing entity that has issued notes to finance the purchase of receivables due from our company to certain other third parties for amounts that we and our subsidiaries have vendor financed. To the extent that the proceeds from these notes exceed the amount of vendor financed receivables available to be purchased, the excess proceeds are used to fund this excess cash facility.
- (d) The Revolving Facility bears interest at a rate of EURIBOR plus 2.75% (subject to a margin ratchet) and has a fee on unused commitments of 40% of such margin per year.
- (e) Represents amounts owed to various creditors pursuant to interest-bearing vendor financing arrangements that are used to finance certain of our property and equipment additions and operating expenses. These arrangements extend our repayment terms beyond a vendor's original due dates (e.g. extension beyond a vendor's customary payment terms, which are generally 90 days or less) and as such are classified outside of accounts payable as debt on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. These obligations are generally due within one year and include VAT that was also financed under these arrangements. For purposes of our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, operating-related expenses financed by an intermediary are treated as constructive operating cash outflows and constructive financing cash inflows when the intermediary settles the liability with the vendor as there is no actual cash outflow until we pay the financing intermediary. During the first nine months of 2022 and 2021, the constructive cash outflow included in cash flows from operating activities and the corresponding constructive cash inflow included in cash flows from financing activities related to these operating expenses was €521.8 million and €520.1 million, respectively. Repayments of vendor financing obligations at the time we pay the financing intermediary are included in repayments and repurchases of debt and finance lease obligations in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.
- (f) Represents a handset securitization facility relating to our mobile handset receivables. Originally, repayments of the facility were scheduled to start in 2022 and the facility was due to be repaid in full in 2024. On August 9, 2022 this facility was extended and repayments are scheduled to start in 2023 and the facility is due to be repaid in full in 2025.
- (g) At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, our third party debt had an estimated fair value of €10.1 billion and €11.0 billion, respectively. The estimated fair values of our debt instruments are generally determined using the average of applicable bid and ask prices (mostly Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy). For additional information regarding fair value hierarchies, see note 5.

#### Financing Transactions

Below we provide summary descriptions of certain financing transactions completed during the first nine months of 2022. A portion of our financing transactions may include non-cash borrowings and repayments. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, non-cash borrowings and repayments aggregated €1,974.4 million and €173.0 million, respectively. Unless otherwise noted, the terms and conditions of any new notes and/or credit facilities are largely consistent with those of existing notes and credit facilities with regard to covenants, events of default and change of control provisions, among other items. For information regarding the general terms and conditions of our debt and capitalized terms not defined herein, see note 8 to the consolidated financial statements included in our 2021 annual report.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

In January 2022, we issued (i) \$1,525.0 million (€1,347.5 million) principal amount of 5.0% sustainability-linked senior secured notes (the **2032 Dollar Senior Secured Notes**) at an issue price of 99.0% of par, and (ii) €750.0 million principal amount of 3.5% sustainability-linked senior secured notes (the **2032 Euro Senior Secured Notes**, and together with the 2032 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, the **2032 Senior Secured Notes**) at an issue price of par, each in accordance with our new Sustainable Finance Framework and maturing on January 15, 2032. From July 16, 2026 and thereafter, the interest rates applicable to the 2032 Senior Secured Notes shall increase by a maximum of 0.25% per annum unless we have achieved certain sustainability performance targets.

The net proceeds of the issuance of these notes have been used to (i) redeem in full the outstanding principal amount of our 2027 Dollar Senior Secured Notes (\$1,600.0 million) at a premium of 2.750% and (ii) redeem in full the outstanding principal amount of our 2027 Euro Senior Secured Notes (€620.0 million) at a premium of 2.125%.

In connection with this transaction, we recognized a loss on debt extinguishment of  $\in$ 71.1 million related to (i) the payment of  $\in$ 52.0 million of redemption premiums and (ii) the write-off of fair value adjustments and unamortized deferred financing costs of  $\in$ 19.1 million.

Subject to certain exceptions as specified in the applicable indenture, the 2032 Senior Secured Notes are non-callable prior to January 15, 2027. At any time prior to January 15, 2027, we may redeem some or all of the 2032 Senior Secured Notes by paying a "make-whole" premium, which is the present value of all remaining scheduled interest payments through January 15, 2027 using the discount rate (as specified in the applicable indenture) as of the redemption date plus 50 basis points.

On or after January 15, 2027, we may redeem some or all of the 2032 Senior Secured Notes at the following redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) plus accrued and unpaid interest and additional amounts (as specified in the applicable indenture), if any, to but excluding the redemption date, as set forth below:

|                            | Redemption price (a)                |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                            | 2032 Dollar Senior<br>Secured Notes | 2032 Euro Senior<br>Secured Notes |  |  |  |  |
| 12-month period commencing | January 15                          | January 15                        |  |  |  |  |
| 2027                       | 102.500%                            | 101.750%                          |  |  |  |  |
| 2028                       | 101.250%                            | 100.875%                          |  |  |  |  |
| 2029                       | 100.625%                            | 100.438%                          |  |  |  |  |
| 2030 and thereafter        | 100.000%                            | 100.000%                          |  |  |  |  |

(a) The redemption prices applicable to the 2032 Senior Secured Notes shall, subject to certain limitations, increase or decrease by a maximum of 0.125% per annum depending on if we have achieved certain sustainability performance targets.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) **September 30, 2022** (unaudited)

The following table provides a reconciliation of total third-party debt before premiums, discounts and deferred financing costs to total debt and finance lease obligations:

|  | S | eptember 30,<br>2022 | De | cember 31,<br>2021 |
|--|---|----------------------|----|--------------------|
|  |   |                      |    |                    |
| Total principal amount of third-party debt before deferred financing costs, discounts and premiums | € | 11,886.1             | €  | 10,961.6           |
| Deferred financing costs, discounts and premiums, net  |   | (38.8)               |    | (45.7)             |
| Total carrying amount of third-party debt  |   | 11,847.3             |    | 10,915.9           |
| Third-party finance lease obligations (note 8)   |   | 16.6                 |    | 19.6               |
| Total third-party debt and finance lease obligations   |   | 11,863.9             |    | 10,935.5           |
| Related-party debt (note 10)   |   | 1,815.8              |    | 1,815.8            |
| Total debt and finance lease obligations   |   | 13,679.7             |    | 12,751.3           |
| Current maturities of debt and finance lease obligations   |   | (1,073.0)            |    | (1,078.1)          |
| Long-term debt and finance lease obligations   | € | 12,606.7             | €  | 11,673.2           |

#### Maturities of Debt

The euro equivalents of the maturities of our debt as of September 30, 2022 are presented below:

|   | Third-party (a) |          | Related-<br>party |         |   | Total    |
|---|-----------------|----------|-------------------|---------|---|----------|
|   |                 |          | in millions       |         |   |          |
| Year ending December 31:                              |                 |          |                   |         |   |          |
| 2022 (remainder of year) (a)                          | €               | 403.9    | €                 | _       | € | 403.9    |
| 2023 (a)  |                 | 678.9    |                   |         |   | 678.9    |
| 2024  |                 | 64.7     |                   | _       |   | 64.7     |
| 2025  |                 | 35.5     |                   | _       |   | 35.5     |
| 2026  |                 | _        |                   | _       |   | _        |
| 2027  |                 | 638.4    |                   |         |   | 638.4    |
| Thereafter  |                 | 10,064.7 |                   | 1,815.8 |   | 11,880.5 |
| Total debt maturities                                 |                 | 11,886.1 |                   | 1,815.8 |   | 13,701.9 |
| Deferred financing costs, discounts and premiums, net |                 | (38.8)   |                   | _       |   | (38.8)   |
| Total debt  | €               | 11,847.3 | €                 | 1,815.8 | € | 13,663.1 |
| Current portion                                       | €               | 1,066.1  | €                 |         | € | 1,066.1  |
| Long-term portion                                     | €               | 10,781.2 | €                 | 1,815.8 | € | 12,597.0 |

(a) Third-party amounts include vendor financing obligations of €995.9 million, as set forth below (in millions):

| Year ending December 31: |
|--------------------------|
| 2022 (remainder of year) |
|                          |

| 2022 (remainder of year)              | € | 383.6 |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------|
| 2023                                  |   | 612.3 |
| Total vendor financing maturities (1) | € | 995.9 |
| Current portion                       | € | 995.9 |
| Long-term portion                     | € | _     |

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

VZ Vendor Financing II B.V. (VZ Vendor Financing II), a third-party special purpose financing entity that is not consolidated by VodafoneZiggo, has issued an aggregate €700.0 million in notes maturing in January 2029 (the Vendor Financing II Notes). The net proceeds from the Vendor Financing II Notes are used by VZ Vendor Financing II to purchase from various third parties certain vendor-financed receivables owed by our company. To the extent that the proceeds from the Vendor Financing II Notes exceed the amount of vendor-financed receivables available to be purchased, the excess proceeds are used to fund the Financing Facility. As additional vendor-financed receivables become available for purchase, VZ Vendor Financing II can request that we repay any amounts made available under the Financing Facility.

#### Vendor Financing Obligations

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of our vendor financing obligations for the indicated periods is set forth below:

| _  | 2022    | 2021    |
|--|---------|---------|
|  | in m    | illions |
| Balance at January 1                                     | € 999.7 | € 999.4 |
| Operating-related vendor financing additions             | 521.8   | 520.1   |
| Capital-related vendor financing additions               | 320.6   | 364.1   |
| Principal payments on operating-related vendor financing | (498.0) | (522.7) |
| Principal payments on capital-related vendor financing   | (365.7) | (400.2) |
| Other  | 17.5    | 30.1    |
| Balance at September 30                                  | € 995.9 | € 990.8 |

#### (8) Leases

#### General

We enter into operating and finance leases for network equipment, real estate, mobile site sharing and vehicles. We provide residual value guarantees on certain of our vehicle leases.

#### Lease Balances

A summary of our right-of-use (**ROU**) assets and lease liabilities is set forth below:

|                         | Sej | ptember 30, | D      | December 31, |  |
|-------------------------|-----|-------------|--------|--------------|--|
|                         |     | 2022        |        | 2021         |  |
|                         |     | in m        | illion | ıs           |  |
| ROU assets:             |     |             |        |              |  |
| Operating leases (a)    | €   | 354.4       | €      | 366.7        |  |
| Finance leases (b)      |     | 16.4        |        | 19.3         |  |
| Total ROU assets        | €   | 370.8       | €      | 386.0        |  |
|                         |     |             |        |              |  |
| Lease liabilities:      |     |             |        |              |  |
| Operating leases (c)    | €   | 355.3       | €      | 377.3        |  |
| Finance leases (d)      |     | 16.6        |        | 19.6         |  |
| Total lease liabilities | €   | 371.9       | €      | 396.9        |  |
|                         |     |             |        |              |  |

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

- (a) Our operating lease ROU assets are included in other assets, net, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. At September 30, 2022, the weighted average remaining lease term for operating leases was 7.1 years and the weighted average discount rate was 3.1%. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we recorded additions to our operating lease ROU assets of €23.6 million and €11.2 million, respectively.
- (b) Our finance lease ROU assets are included in property and equipment, net, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. At September 30, 2022, the weighted average remaining lease term for finance leases was 3.0 years and the weighted average discount rate was 2.3%. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we recorded additions to our finance lease ROU assets of €3.3 million and €4.6 million, respectively.
- (c) The current and long-term portions of our operating lease liabilities are included within other accrued and current liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (d) The current and long-term portions of our finance lease obligations are included within current portion of debt and finance lease obligations and long-term debt and finance lease obligations, respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

A summary of our aggregate lease expense is set forth below:

|                                 |        | onths ended<br>nber 30, |          | nths ended<br>nber 30, |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|----------|------------------------|
|                                 | 2022   | 2021                    | 2022     | 2021                   |
|                                 |        | in                      | millions |                        |
| Finance lease expense:          |        |                         |          |                        |
| Depreciation and amortization   | € 2.1  | € 2.5                   | € 6.3    | € 7.1                  |
| Interest expense                | 0.2    | 0.1                     | 0.3      | 0.4                    |
| Total finance lease expense     | 2.3    | 2.6                     | 6.6      | 7.5                    |
| Operating lease expense (a)     | 18.5   | 17.9                    | 58.2     | 57.0                   |
| Variable lease expense, net (b) | (0.2)  | (0.3)                   | (0.5)    | (0.8)                  |
| Total lease expense             | € 20.6 | € 20.2                  | € 64.3   | € 63.7                 |

- (a) Our operating lease expense is included in other operating expenses and SG&A expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.
- (b) Variable lease expense represents payments made to a lessor during the lease term that vary because of a change in circumstance that occurred after the lease commencement date. Variable lease payments are expensed as incurred and are included in other operating expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

A summary of our cash outflows from operating and finance leases is set forth below:

|   |   | Nine moi<br>Septen |         |      |
|---|---|--------------------|---------|------|
|   |   | 2022               |         | 2021 |
|   |   | in m               | illions | š    |
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: |   |                    |         |      |
| Operating cash outflows from operating leases                           | € | 65.0               | €       | 62.5 |
| Operating cash outflows from finance leases                             |   | 0.3                |         | 0.4  |
| Financing cash outflows from finance leases                             |   | 6.2                |         | 6.6  |
| Total cash outflows from operating and finance leases                   | € | 71.5               | €       | 69.5 |

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

The maturities of our operating and finance lease obligations as of September 30, 2022 are presented below:

|   | Operating leases |        | Finance<br>leases |       |
|---|------------------|--------|-------------------|-------|
|   |                  | _      |                   |       |
| Year ending December 31:                    |                  |        |                   |       |
| 2022 (remainder of year)                    | €                | 19.0   | €                 | 2.1   |
| 2023  |                  | 77.1   |                   | 6.7   |
| 2024  |                  | 73.1   |                   | 4.9   |
| 2025  |                  | 54.3   |                   | 2.6   |
| 2026  |                  | 45.4   |                   | 0.8   |
| 2027  |                  | 37.2   |                   | 0.2   |
| Thereafter                                  |                  | 106.1  |                   |       |
| Total principal and interest payments       |                  | 412.2  |                   | 17.3  |
| Less: present value discount                |                  | (56.9) |                   | (0.7) |
| Present value of net minimum lease payments | €                | 355.3  | €                 | 16.6  |
| Current portion                             | €                | 65.9   | €                 | 6.9   |
| Long-term portion                           | €                | 289.4  | €                 | 9.7   |

#### (9) <u>Income Taxes</u>

Our condensed consolidated financial statements include the income taxes of VodafoneZiggo and its subsidiaries.

The VodafoneZiggo Fiscal Unity, established on the level of VodafoneZiggo Group Holding, is one taxpayer for the period of time subsequent to the formation of the VodafoneZiggo JV. The income taxes of VodafoneZiggo are recorded in our condensed consolidated financial statements on a separate return basis. Current income taxes payable or receivable, if any, are presented as current positions with the tax authorities. VodafoneZiggo Group Holding did not implement a tax-sharing agreement and no cash payments will be made between VodafoneZiggo entities and VodafoneZiggo Group Holding related to the Dutch tax attributes. Accordingly, related-party tax allocations, if any, are reflected as adjustments in our condensed consolidated statement of owner's equity.

Income tax benefit (expense) attributable to our result before income taxes differs from the amounts computed using the Dutch income tax rate of 25.8% (2021: 25.0%) as a result of the following:

|   | Three months ended September 30, |                          |   |       | Nine mont<br>Septem |         |                          |       |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------|---------------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|--|
|   | 20                               | 2022 2021<br>in millions |   |       |                     | 2022    | 2022 2021<br>in millions |       |  |
|   |                                  |                          |   |       |                     | in mi   |                          |       |  |
| Computed "expected" tax benefit (expense) | €                                | (58.6)                   | € | 7.0   | €                   | (141.8) | €                        | 15.5  |  |
| Change in valuation allowances (a)        |                                  | (1.8)                    |   |       |                     | (40.7)  |                          |       |  |
| Non-deductible expenses                   |                                  | (0.1)                    |   | (0.1) |                     | (0.3)   |                          | (0.8) |  |
| Total income tax benefit (expense)        | €                                | (60.5)                   | € | 6.9   | €                   | (182.8) | €                        | 14.7  |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) As of January 1, 2022, the interest deduction is limited to 20% of fiscal EBITDA. This limits our ability to recover non-deductible interest as well as losses on debt extinguishment; therefore, we have recorded a valuation allowance in respect of these items.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### (10) Related-party Transactions

Our related-party transactions are set forth below:

|  | Three mon | ths ended | Nine months ended |           |  |  |
|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|
|  | Septem    | ber 30,   | Septem            | ber 30,   |  |  |
|  | 2022      | 2021      | 2022              | 2021      |  |  |
|  |           | in mi     | llions            |           |  |  |
| Revenue €  | 5.8       | € 5.0     | € 15.3            | € 12.0    |  |  |
| Programming and other direct costs of services                       | (25.2)    | (11.9)    | (48.5)            | (22.3)    |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative recharges                        | 1.6       | 3.8       | 8.1               | 11.9      |  |  |
| Share-based compensation expense                                     |           | <u>—</u>  |                   | (0.5)     |  |  |
| Charges for JV Services:   |           |           |                   |           |  |  |
| Charges from Liberty Global:   |           |           |                   |           |  |  |
| Operating (a)  | (21.1)    | (21.5)    | (64.7)            | (66.7)    |  |  |
| Capital (b)  | (4.0)     | (4.0)     | (12.2)            | (12.2)    |  |  |
| Total Liberty Global corporate charges                               | (25.1)    | (25.5)    | (76.9)            | (78.9)    |  |  |
| Charges from Vodafone:   |           |           |                   |           |  |  |
| Operating (c)  | (15.4)    | (18.4)    | (59.6)            | (62.7)    |  |  |
| Brand fees (d)   | (7.5)     | (7.5)     | (22.5)            | (22.5)    |  |  |
| Total Vodafone corporate charges                                     | (22.9)    | (25.9)    | (82.1)            | (85.2)    |  |  |
| Total charges for JV Services  | (48.0)    | (51.4)    | (159.0)           | (164.1)   |  |  |
| Included in operating income   | (65.8)    | (54.5)    | (184.1)           | (163.0)   |  |  |
| Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net             | _         | (0.5)     | 0.3               | (0.9)     |  |  |
| Interest expense   | (25.7)    | (24.9)    | (76.4)            | (69.8)    |  |  |
| Included in earnings (loss) before income taxes $\underline{\qquad}$ | (91.5)    | € (79.9)  | € (260.2)         | € (233.7) |  |  |
| Property and equipment additions, net $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$     | 40.7      | € 17.5    | € 143.7           | € 124.3   |  |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents amounts charged for technology and other services, which are included in the calculation of the "EBITDA" metric specified by our debt agreements (Covenant EBITDA).

Revenue. Amounts represent interconnect fees charged by us to certain subsidiaries of Vodafone.

Programming and other direct costs of services. Amounts represent interconnect fees charged to us by certain subsidiaries of Vodafone.

Selling, general and administrative recharges. Amounts represent recharges for certain personnel services provided to Vodafone and Liberty Global.

<sup>(</sup>b) Represents amounts charged for capital expenditures made by Liberty Global related to assets that we use or will otherwise benefit our company. These charges are not included in the calculation of Covenant EBITDA.

<sup>(</sup>c) Represents amounts charged by Vodafone for technology and other services, a portion of which are included in the calculation of Covenant EBITDA.

<sup>(</sup>d) Represents amounts charged for our use of the Vodafone brand name. These charges are not included in the calculation of Covenant EBITDA.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

Charges for JV Services - Framework and Trade Mark Agreements

Pursuant to a framework and a trade name agreement (collectively, the JV Service Agreements) entered into in connection with the formation of the VodafoneZiggo JV, Liberty Global and Vodafone charge us fees for certain services provided to us by the respective subsidiaries of the Shareholders (collectively, the JV Services). The JV Services are provided to us on a transitional or ongoing basis. Pursuant to the terms of the JV Service Agreements, the ongoing services will be provided for a period of four to six years depending on the type of service, while transitional services will be provided for a period of not less than 12 months after which the Shareholders or VodafoneZiggo will be entitled to terminate based on specified notice periods. The JV Services provided by the respective subsidiaries of the Shareholders consist primarily of (i) technology and other services, (ii) capital-related expenditures for assets that we use or otherwise benefit us and (iii) brand name and procurement fees. The fees that Liberty Global and Vodafone charge us for the JV Services, as set forth in the table above, include both fixed and usage-based fees.

Interest expense. Amounts relate to the Liberty Global Notes and the Vodafone Notes, as defined and described below.

Property and equipment additions, net. These amounts, which are cash settled, represent customer premises and network-related equipment acquired from certain Liberty Global and Vodafone subsidiaries, which subsidiaries centrally procure equipment on behalf of our company.

The following table provides details of our related-party balances:

|   | September 30, |         | De      | December 31, |  |
|---|---------------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
|   |               | 2022    | 2021    |              |  |
|   |               | in m    | illions |              |  |
| Assets:                                   |               |         |         |              |  |
| Related-party receivables (a)             | €             | 74.7    | €       | 47.1         |  |
|   |               |         |         |              |  |
| Liabilities:                              |               |         |         |              |  |
| Accounts payable (b)                      | €             | 124.3   | €       | 98.4         |  |
| Accrued and other current liabilities (b) |               | 35.4    |         | 61.0         |  |
| Debt (c):                                 |               |         |         |              |  |
| Liberty Global Notes                      |               | 907.9   |         | 907.9        |  |
| Vodafone Notes                            |               | 907.9   |         | 907.9        |  |
| Other long-term liabilities (d)           |               | 0.6     |         | 2.5          |  |
| Total liabilities                         | €             | 1,976.1 | €       | 1,977.7      |  |

- (a) Represents non-interest bearing receivables from certain Liberty Global and Vodafone subsidiaries.
- (b) Represents non-interest bearing payables, accrued capital expenditures and other accrued liabilities related to transactions with certain Liberty Global and Vodafone subsidiaries that are cash settled.
- (c) Represents debt obligations, as further described below.
- (d) Represents operating lease liabilities related to Vodafone.

#### Related-party Debt

Liberty Global Notes

The Liberty Global Notes comprise (i) a euro-denominated note payable to a subsidiary of Liberty Global with a principal amount of €700.0 million at September 30, 2022 (the **Liberty Global Note Payable I**) and (ii) a euro-denominated note payable to a subsidiary of Liberty Global entered into during the third quarter of 2020 with a principal amount of €207.9 million

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

at September 30, 2022 (the **Liberty Global Note Payable II**, and, together with the Liberty Global Note Payable I, the **Liberty Global Notes Payable**), out of which, €103.9 million was drawn during July 2021, to fund the final installment of spectrum license fees due to the Dutch government. The Liberty Global Note Payable I, as amended in June 2020, and the Liberty Global Note Payable II each bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.55% and have a final maturity date of December 31, 2030. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, interest accrued on the Liberty Global Notes Payable was €38.2 million, all of which has been cash settled.

Vodafone Notes

The Vodafone Notes comprise (i) a euro-denominated note payable to a subsidiary of Vodafone with a principal amount of €700.0 million at September 30, 2022 (the **Vodafone Note Payable I**) and (ii) a euro-denominated note payable to a subsidiary of Vodafone entered into during the third quarter of 2020 with a principal amount of €207.9 million at September 30, 2022 (the **Vodafone Note Payable II**, and, together with the Vodafone Note Payable I, the **Vodafone Notes Payable**), out of which, €103.9 million was drawn during July 2021, to fund the final installment of spectrum license fees due to the Dutch government. The Vodafone Note Payable I, as amended in July 2020, and the Vodafone Note Payable II each bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.55% and have a final maturity date of December 31, 2030. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, interest accrued on the Vodafone Notes Payable was €38.2 million, all of which has been cash settled.

#### Other

In accordance with the dividend policy prescribed in the joint venture agreement governing our company (the **Shareholders Agreement**), VodafoneZiggo made total distributions of €350.0 million and €405.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding who ultimately distributed 50% to each of Liberty Global and Vodafone. The distributions are reflected as a decrease to owner's equity in our condensed consolidated statement of owner's equity.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### (11) Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Commitments**

As further described in note 10, we have commitments related to the JV Service Agreements. Additionally, in the normal course of business, we have entered into agreements that commit our company to make cash payments in future periods with respect to programming contracts, purchases of customer premises and other equipment and services and other items. The following table sets forth these commitments as of September 30, 2022. The commitments included in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our September 30, 2022, condensed consolidated balance sheet.

|                                      | Payments due during: |        |        |        |         |        |            |         |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|------------|---------|--|
|                                      | Remainder<br>of 2022 | 2023   | 2024   | 2025   | 2026    | 2027   | Thereafter | Total   |  |
|                                      |                      |        |        | in m   | illions |        |            |         |  |
| Programming commitments              | € 32.1               | €120.6 | € 96.2 | € 49.5 | € 9.0   | € 10.0 | € 12.0     | € 329.4 |  |
| Purchase commitments                 | 223.3                | 42.5   | 12.9   | 10.5   | 0.8     | _      | _          | 290.0   |  |
| JV Service Agreements (a)            | 40.2                 | 47.3   | 36.6   | 32.3   | 31.9    | 30.5   | 30.0       | 248.8   |  |
| Network and connectivity commitments | 0.4                  | 0.2    | _      | _      |         | _      | _          | 0.6     |  |
| Other commitments                    | 2.7                  | 25.3   | 23.7   | 15.6   | 7.6     | 7.2    | 32.2       | 114.3   |  |
| Total                                | € 298.7              | €235.9 | €169.4 | €107.9 | € 49.3  | € 47.7 | € 74.2     | € 983.1 |  |

(a) Amounts represent fixed minimum charges from Liberty Global and Vodafone pursuant to the JV Service Agreements. In addition to the fixed minimum charges, the JV Service Agreements provide for certain JV Services to be charged to us based upon usage of the services received. The fixed minimum charges set forth in the table above exclude fees for the usage-based services as these fees will vary from period to period. Accordingly, we expect to incur charges in addition to those set forth in the table above for usage-based services. We are in the process of revising our JV service agreements for 2023 and onwards. For additional information regarding fees related to the JV Service Agreements, see note 10.

Programming commitments consist of obligations associated with certain of our programming contracts that are enforceable and legally binding on us as we have agreed to pay minimum fees without regard to (i) the actual number of subscribers to the programming services or (ii) whether we terminate service to a portion of our subscribers or dispose of a portion of our distribution systems. Programming commitments do not include increases in future periods associated with contractual inflation or other price adjustments that are not fixed. Accordingly, the amounts reflected in the above table with respect to these contracts are significantly less than the amounts we expect to pay in these periods under these contracts. Historically, payments to programming vendors have represented a significant portion of our operating costs, and we expect that this will continue to be the case in future periods. In this regard, during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, and 2021, the programming and copyright costs incurred by our operations aggregated €221.7 million and €237.1 million, respectively.

Purchase commitments include unconditional and legally binding obligations related to the purchase of customer premises equipment, other equipment and mobile handsets.

Network and connectivity commitments include commitments associated with certain operating costs associated with our leased networks.

Other commitments primarily include sponsorships and certain fixed minimum contractual commitments.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) multi-employer defined benefit plans, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during 2022, see note 4.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### Guarantees and Other Credit Enhancements

In the ordinary course of business, we may provide (i) indemnifications to our lenders, our vendors and certain other parties and (ii) performance and/or financial guarantees to local municipalities, our customers and vendors. Historically, these arrangements have not resulted in our company making any material payments and we do not believe that they will result in material payments in the future.

#### Regulations and Contingencies

ACM Local Loop Unbundling Decision. On February 27, 2018, the ACM published a draft decision in its Local Loop Unbundling market analysis, now referred to as Wholesale Fixed Access (WFA) in which it aims to regulate VodafoneZiggo by imposing an obligation to offer wholesale cable access in addition to continuing existing regulation on KPN. Following a market consultation, the ACM notified the European Commission (EC) of the draft decision. On August 31, 2018, the EC responded, making a number of critical comments, but not rejecting the ACM's proposals. The ACM then published a final decision on September 28, 2018, which entered into force October 1, 2018. We appealed ACM's decision and complied with the first obligation on VodafoneZiggo, namely to publish a reference offer before January 1, 2019. Our appeal of ACM's decision turned out successful and on March 17, 2020, the Court annulled ACM's decision. With the Court's verdict being final, VodafoneZiggo is no longer obligated to offer cable access. Also, KPN is no longer obligated to offer regulated access but KPN has announced it will continue offering access under commercial conditions. On July 9, 2021, ACM announced that it had investigated, over the course of the preceding months, the fixed consumer and business markets. According to the press release, the ACM considers that there is a risk that access conditions by KPN for consumers may impede competition. The ACM therefore announced a market analysis decision to determine whether access to fixed telecom networks must be regulated and if so, how. On April 1, 2022, the ACM announced KPN had made meaningful improvements to its wholesale offering. These were made binding via a commitments decision on August 25, 2022. ACM has since resumed the market analysis that was put on hold because of KPN's offer, but its current working hypothesis is no additional obligations are needed. The ACM may also review whether symmetric access regulation is required. The ACM has received a request for symmetric access on our fixed network and is currently assessing this request.

Data Protection. On May 25, 2018, the E.U. General Data Protection Regulation (**GDPR**), that replaces the European Data Protection Directive, came into force. The GDPR has direct effect in the Netherlands with additional data protection obligations relevant to our operations that include: (i) clear explanation and transparency of personal data usage to customers and employees, and maintaining an internal data processing register, (ii) affirmative consent from users for profiling by automated means, (iii) stronger privacy rights for users and (iv) application of privacy by design/default to data processes.

On January 10, 2017, a draft ePrivacy Regulation (ePR) was proposed by the EC to replace the ePrivacy Directive. The European Union (EU) member states reached an agreement regarding the ePR on February 10, 2021. The trilogue between the EC, the European Parliament (EP) and member states began in the second quarter of 2021.

Digital Services Act, Digital Markets Act. Amending the current eCommerce Directive, the EC published its proposal on the Digital Services Act (DSA) on December 15, 2020. The DSA aims to set obligations and accountability rules for providers of network infrastructure (such as internet access providers like VodafoneZiggo), hosting service providers, and online platforms for the content provided by their users. Specific obligations would apply to very large online platforms which have at least 45 million monthly active users in the EU. Rules also apply to non-EU established providers that provide services to EU citizens. The DSA contains full-fledged oversight and enforcement rules with the ability to set fines of up to 6% of the global annual turnover of platforms.

Also on December 15, 2020, the EC published a proposal on the Digital Markets Act **(DMA)**. This act would establish an ex ante framework for digital platforms designated as gatekeepers. These platforms, with "considerable market power", exert substantial control over access to digital markets. The DMA's overall objective is to address market failures and unfair conduct by gatekeeper platforms to promote a fair and contestable online platform environment. The DSA and the DMA complement each other (both have status of regulation) and will be directly applicable in the member states' legal order without the need for transposition. On July 18, 2022, the Council of the EU endorsed its provisional agreement with the EP on the DMA and the DMA will apply from May 2, 2023. A provisional agreement on the DSA was reached on April 23, 2022 and was formally approved by the EP and the Council of the EU on July 5, 2022 and October 4, 2022, respectively. The DSA was signed into law on October 27, 2022 and will come into force on January 27, 2024.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

Other Regulatory Issues. Video distribution, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony, mobile and content businesses are subject to significant regulation and supervision by various regulatory bodies in the Netherlands, including Dutch and EU authorities. Adverse regulatory developments could subject our businesses to a number of risks. Regulation, including conditions imposed on us by competition or other authorities as a requirement to close acquisitions or dispositions, could limit growth, revenue and the number and types of services offered and could lead to increased operating costs and property and equipment additions. In addition, regulation may restrict our operations and subject them to further competitive pressure, including pricing restrictions, interconnect and other access obligations, and restrictions or controls on content, including content provided by third parties. Failure to comply with current or future regulation could expose our businesses to various penalties.

*VAT*. Our application of VAT with respect to certain mobile revenue generating activities has been challenged by the Dutch tax authorities in two different court cases. The Dutch tax authorities challenged the multipurpose character of certain mobile subscriptions that we entered into during 2017 and 2018. No amounts have been accrued by our company as the likelihood of loss is not considered to be probable. The total asserted claimed amount is approximately €33.4 million.

The oral hearing of our first court case was held on May 31, 2021 and the other court case took place on May 16, 2022. The court's verdict in both cases was in favor of the tax authorities. We have appealed this decision to the higher court and proceedings are pending.

In addition to the foregoing item, we have contingent liabilities related to matters arising in the ordinary course of business including (i) legal proceedings, (ii) issues involving VAT and wage, property and other tax issues and (iii) disputes over interconnection, programming, copyright and channel carriage fees. While we generally expect that the amounts required to satisfy these contingencies will not materially differ from any estimated amounts we have accrued, no assurance can be given that the resolution of one or more of these contingencies will not result in a material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial position in any given period. Due, in general, to the complexity of the issues involved and, in certain cases, the lack of a clear basis for predicting outcomes, we cannot provide a meaningful range of potential losses or cash outflows that might result from any unfavorable outcomes.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

#### (12) Segment Reporting

We have one reportable segment that provides video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile services to residential and business customers in the Netherlands.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

|                               |             | Three mon<br>Septem |   |         |             |         | ths ended<br>aber 30, |         |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---|---------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|
|                               |             | 2022                |   | 2021    |             | 2022    |                       | 2021    |
|                               | in millions |                     |   |         | in millions |         |                       |         |
| Consumer fixed revenue (a):   |             |                     |   |         |             |         |                       |         |
| Subscription revenue          | €           | 511.0               | € | 521.4   | €           | 1,523.6 | €                     | 1,559.3 |
| Non-subscription revenue      |             | 3.0                 |   | 5.5     |             | 10.0    |                       | 20.8    |
| Total consumer fixed revenue  |             | 514.0               |   | 526.9   |             | 1,533.6 |                       | 1,580.1 |
| Consumer mobile revenue (b):  |             |                     |   |         |             |         |                       |         |
| Service revenue               |             | 172.8               |   | 163.7   |             | 502.0   |                       | 480.1   |
| Non-service revenue           |             | 62.8                |   | 59.5    |             | 174.7   |                       | 178.9   |
| Total consumer mobile revenue |             | 235.6               |   | 223.2   |             | 676.7   |                       | 659.0   |
| Total consumer revenue        |             | 749.6               |   | 750.1   |             | 2,210.3 |                       | 2,239.1 |
| B2B fixed revenue (c):        |             |                     |   |         |             |         |                       |         |
| Subscription revenue          |             | 130.6               |   | 129.2   |             | 393.2   |                       | 385.7   |
| Non-subscription revenue      |             | 3.0                 |   | 3.4     |             | 8.9     |                       | 10.7    |
| Total B2B fixed revenue       |             | 133.6               |   | 132.6   |             | 402.1   |                       | 396.4   |
| B2B mobile revenue (d):       |             |                     |   |         |             |         |                       |         |
| Service revenue               |             | 101.7               |   | 92.3    |             | 292.4   |                       | 273.6   |
| Non-service revenue           |             | 38.6                |   | 32.8    |             | 104.4   |                       | 92.2    |
| Total B2B mobile revenue      |             | 140.3               |   | 125.1   |             | 396.8   |                       | 365.8   |
| Total B2B revenue             |             | 273.9               |   | 257.7   |             | 798.9   |                       | 762.2   |
| Other revenue (e)             |             | 9.6                 |   | 15.3    |             | 31.3    |                       | 39.5    |
| Total                         | €           | 1,033.1             | € | 1,023.1 | €           | 3,040.5 | €                     | 3,040.8 |

<sup>(</sup>a) Consumer fixed revenue is classified as either subscription revenue or non-subscription revenue. Consumer fixed subscription revenue includes revenue from subscribers for ongoing broadband internet, video, and voice services offered to residential customers and the amortization of installation fee. Consumer fixed non-subscription revenue includes, among other items, interconnect, channel carriage fees, late fees and revenue from the sale of equipment. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the stand-alone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the stand-alone pricing of our fixed and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.

<sup>(</sup>b) Consumer mobile revenue is classified as either service revenue or non-service revenue. Consumer mobile service revenue includes revenue from ongoing mobile and data services offered under postpaid and prepaid arrangements to residential customers. Consumer mobile non-service revenue includes, among other items, interconnect revenue, mobile handset and accessories sales, and late fees.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

- (c) B2B fixed revenue is classified as either subscription revenue or non-subscription revenue. B2B fixed subscription revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, video, voice, and data services, offered to small or home office (**SOHO**) customers and small and medium to large enterprises. B2B fixed non-subscription revenue includes, among other items, revenue from hosting services, installation fees, carriage fees and interconnect.
- (d) B2B mobile revenue is classified as either service revenue or non-service revenue. B2B mobile service revenue includes revenue from ongoing mobile and data services offered to SOHO, small and medium to large enterprise customers as well as wholesale customers. B2B mobile non-service revenue includes, among other items, interconnect (including visitor) revenue, mobile handset and accessories sales, and late fees.
- (e) Other revenue includes, among other items, programming, advertising and site sharing revenue.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the discussion and analysis included in our 2021 annual report, is intended to assist in providing an understanding of our results of operations and financial condition and is organized as follows:

- Forward-looking Statements. This section provides a description of certain factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events.
- Overview. This section provides a general description of our business and recent events.
- *Material Changes in Results of Operations*. This section provides an analysis of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.
- Material Changes in Financial Condition. This section provides an analysis of our corporate and subsidiary liquidity, condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and contractual commitments.

The capitalized terms used below have been defined in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. In the following text, the terms "we", "our", "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to VodafoneZiggo or collectively to VodafoneZiggo and its subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into euros are calculated, and operational data (including subscriber statistics) is presented, as of September 30, 2022.

#### Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements in this quarterly report constitute forward-looking statements. To the extent that statements in this quarterly report are not recitations of historical fact, such statements constitute forward-looking statements, which, by definition, involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. In particular, statements under *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* may contain forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our business, product, foreign currency and finance strategies, subscriber growth and retention rates, competitive, regulatory and economic factors, the timing and impacts of proposed transactions, the maturity of our market, the anticipated impacts of new legislation (or changes to existing rules and regulations), anticipated changes in our revenue, costs or growth rates, our liquidity, credit risks, foreign currency risks, target leverage levels, our future projected contractual commitments and cash flows and other information and statements that are not historical fact. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. In evaluating these statements, you should consider the risks and uncertainties in the following list, and those described herein, as some but not all of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events:

- economic and business conditions and industry trends in the Netherlands;
- the competitive environment in the Netherlands for both the fixed and mobile markets, including fiber roll-out plans of competitors and their responses to our products and services for our residential and business customers;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- instability in global financial markets, including sovereign debt issues and related fiscal reforms;
- consumer disposable income and spending levels, including the availability and amount of individual consumer debt, as a result of, among other things, inflationary pressures;
- changes in consumer television viewing and broadband usage preferences and habits;
- changes in consumer mobile usage behavior;
- customer acceptance of our existing service offerings, including our television, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony, mobile and business service offerings, and of new technology, programming alternatives and other products and service that we may offer in the future;

- the outcome of governmental requests for proposals related to contracts for B2B communication services;
- our ability to manage rapid technological changes and the rate at which our current technology becomes obsolete;
- our ability to maintain or increase the number of subscriptions to our television, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile service offerings and our average revenue per household;
- our ability to provide satisfactory customer service, including support for new and evolving products and services;
- our ability to maintain or increase rates to our subscribers or to pass through increased costs to our subscribers as a result of, among other things, inflationary pressures;
- the impact of our future financial performance, or market conditions generally, on the availability, terms and deployment of capital;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, applicable laws and/or government regulations and legislation in the Netherlands and adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings, including regulation related to interconnect rates;
- government and/or regulatory intervention that requires opening our broadband distribution network to competitors, and/or other regulatory interventions;
- our ability to obtain regulatory approval and satisfy other conditions necessary to close acquisitions and dispositions and the impact of conditions imposed by competition and other regulatory authorities in connection with acquisitions;
- our ability to successfully acquire new businesses and, if acquired, to integrate, realize anticipated efficiencies from, and implement our business plan with respect to the businesses we have acquired.
- changes in laws or treaties relating to taxation, or the interpretation thereof, in the Netherlands;
- changes in laws, monetary policies and government regulations that may impact the availability and cost of capital and the derivative instruments that hedge certain of our financial risks;
- the ability of suppliers and vendors to timely deliver quality products, equipment, software, services and access;
- the availability of attractive programming for our video services and the costs associated with such programming, including production costs, retransmission and copyright fees payable to public and private broadcasters;
- uncertainties inherent in the development and integration of new business lines and business strategies;
- our ability to adequately forecast and plan future network requirements, including the costs and benefits associated with our network extension programs;
- the availability of capital for the acquisition and/or development of telecommunications networks and services;
- problems we may discover post-closing with the operations, including the internal controls and financial reporting process, of businesses we acquire;
- leakage of sensitive customer data;
- the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation;
- the loss of key employees and the availability of qualified personnel;
- changes in the nature of key strategic relationships with partners and joint ventures;
- our capital structure and factors related to our debt agreements; and
- events that are outside of our control, such as political unrest in international markets, terrorist attacks, malicious human acts, natural disasters, pandemics or epidemics (such as COVID-19) and other similar events, including the ongoing invasion of Ukraine by Russia;

The broadband distribution and mobile service industries are changing rapidly and, therefore, the forward-looking statements of expectations, plans and intent in this quarterly report are subject to a significant degree of risk. These forward-looking statements and the above-described risks, uncertainties and other factors speak only as of the date of this quarterly report, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement.

#### Overview

#### General

VodafoneZiggo provides fixed, mobile and integrated communication and entertainment services to consumers and businesses in the Netherlands.

#### **Operations**

At September 30, 2022, we owned and operated networks that passed 7,361,300 homes and served 8,833,100 revenue generating units (**RGUs**), consisting of 3,670,400 video subscribers, 3,300,500 broadband internet subscribers and 1,862,200 fixed-line telephony subscribers. In addition, at September 30, 2022, we served 5,511,300 mobile subscribers, which includes 5,130,700 postpaid subscribers.

The following table provides details of our organic RGU and mobile subscriber changes for the periods indicated. Organic RGU and mobile subscriber changes exclude the effect of acquisitions (RGUs and mobile subscribers added on the acquisition date) and other non-organic adjustments, but includes post-acquisition date RGU and mobile subscriber additions or losses.

| Three mont | hs ended   | Nine mont  | hs ended  |
|------------|--|--|---|
| Septemb    | er 30,   | Septemb  | oer 30,   |
| 2022       | 2021   | 2022   | 2021  |
|            |  |  |   |
| (20,200)   | (22,900)   | (59,400)   | (66,700)  |
| (9,300)    | (10,400)   | (27,700)   | (26,000)  |
| (71,100)   | (52,400)   | (202,500)  | (148,100)   |
| (100,600)  | (85,700)   | (289,600)  | (240,800)   |
|            |  |  |   |
|            |  |  |   |
| 67,000     | 66,500   | 152,900  | 183,100   |
| (5,100)    | (8,800)  | 300  | (45,200)  |
| 61,900     | 57,700   | 153,200  | 137,900   |
|            | Septemb 2022 (20,200) (9,300) (71,100) (100,600)  67,000 (5,100) | (20,200) (22,900)<br>(9,300) (10,400)<br>(71,100) (52,400)<br>(100,600) (85,700)<br>67,000 66,500<br>(5,100) (8,800) | September 30,         September 30,           2022         2021           (20,200)         (22,900)         (59,400)           (9,300)         (10,400)         (27,700)           (71,100)         (52,400)         (202,500)           (100,600)         (85,700)         (289,600)           67,000         66,500         152,900           (5,100)         (8,800)         300 |

<sup>\*</sup> During Q1 2022, we reclassified 7,300 voice SIMs to Internet of Things ("IoT") SIMs within B2B segment, which resulted in a non-organic reduction of our mobile postpaid SIMs count.

#### Competition and Other External Factors

The Dutch market for mobile and fixed services is highly competitive and rapidly evolving. Within our mobile operations we continue to experience pressure on pricing, characterized by aggressive promotion campaigns, heavy marketing spend and increasing or unlimited data bundles. Furthermore, there is growing competition from MVNOs that focus on certain niche segments such as no frill, youth or ethnic markets. Within our fixed operations we experience increased competition, mainly as a result of competitors' emphasis on accelerating the rollout of their fiber footprint. This significant competition, together with the macroeconomic factors, has adversely impacted our revenue, RGU and average monthly subscription revenue per average fixed RGU or mobile subscriber, as applicable (ARPU). For additional information regarding the revenue impact of changes in the RGUs and ARPU, see *Results of Operations* below.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Prepaid net additions for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, include approximately 15,000 SIMs donated to Ukrainian refugees.

#### **Material Changes in Results of Operations**

This section provides an analysis of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

#### General

Our revenue is earned in the Netherlands and is subject to applicable VAT. Any increases in these taxes could have an adverse impact on our ability to maintain or increase our revenue to the extent that we are unable to pass such tax increases onto our customers.

We are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to labor, programming and other operating costs, including energy costs. In this regard, inflation rates in the Netherlands have recently increased significantly. While we attempt to increase our revenue to offset increases in costs, there is no assurance that we will be able to do so. Therefore, costs could rise faster than associated revenue, thereby resulting in a negative impact on our operating results, cash flows and liquidity. The economic environment in the Netherlands is a function of government, economic, fiscal and monetary policies and various other factors beyond our control that could lead to further inflation. We are unable to predict the extent that price levels might be impacted in future periods by the current state of the economy in the Netherlands.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP measure, is the primary measure used by our management to evaluate the operating performance of our businesses. It is also a key factor that is used by our management and our Supervisory Board to evaluate the effectiveness of our management for purposes of annual and other incentive compensation plans. As we use the term, "Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation, provisions, and provision releases related to significant litigation and impairment, restructuring and other operating items. Other operating items include (i) gains and losses on the disposition of long-lived assets, (ii) third-party costs directly associated with successful and unsuccessful acquisitions and dispositions, including legal, advisory and due diligence fees, as applicable, and (iii) other acquisition-related items, such as gains and losses on the settlement of contingent consideration. Investors should view Adjusted EBITDA as a supplement to, and not a substitute for, GAAP measures of performance included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net earnings (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:

|  | Three months ended September 30, |     |         | Nine months ended September 30, |   |         |
|--|----------------------------------|-----|---------|---------------------------------|---|---------|
| _  | 2022                             |     | 2021    | 2022                            |   | 2021    |
|  |                                  |     | in mil  | llions                          |   |         |
| Net earnings (loss)  | € 166.                           | 6 € | (20.9)  | € 366.8                         | € | (47.1)  |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                                 | 60.                              | 5   | (6.9)   | 182.8                           |   | (14.7)  |
| Other income, net  | (0.                              | 2)  | _       | (0.5)                           |   | _       |
| Losses on debt extinguishment, net                           | _                                | _   | _       | 71.1                            |   | 7.6     |
| Foreign currency transaction losses, net                     | 421.                             | 2   | 127.9   | 892.7                           |   | 291.7   |
| Realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net | (683.                            | 9)  | (157.1) | (1,636.5)                       |   | (392.4) |
| Interest expense:  |                                  |     |         |                                 |   |         |
| Third-party  | 121.                             | 7   | 103.6   | 333.5                           |   | 311.5   |
| Related-party  | 25.                              | 7   | 24.9    | 76.4                            |   | 69.8    |
| Operating income   | 111.                             | 6   | 71.5    | 286.3                           |   | 226.4   |
| Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net     | 4.                               | 0   | 11.8    | 9.0                             |   | 27.1    |
| Depreciation and amortization                                | 381.                             | 1   | 406.8   | 1,141.8                         |   | 1,177.9 |
| Share-based compensation expense                             | _                                |     |         | _                               |   | 0.5     |
| Adjusted EBITDA  | € 496.                           | 7 € | 490.1   | € 1,437.1                       | € | 1,431.9 |

#### Revenue

We earn revenue from (i) subscribers to our consumer broadband communications and mobile services and (ii) B2B services, interconnect fees, channel carriage fees, installation fees and late fees. Consistent with the presentation of our revenue categories in note 12 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use the term "subscription revenue" and "service revenue" in the following discussion to refer to amounts received from subscribers for ongoing services. In the below tables, mobile service revenue excludes the related interconnect revenue.

Variances in the subscription and/or service revenue from our customers are a function of (i) changes in the number of RGUs or mobile subscribers outstanding during the period and (ii) changes in ARPU. Changes in ARPU can be attributable to (a) changes in prices, (b) changes in bundling or promotional discounts, (c) changes in the tier of services selected, (d) variances in subscriber usage patterns, and (e) the overall mix of fixed and mobile products during the period. In the following discussion, we provide the net impact of the above factors on the ARPU that is derived from our video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony, and mobile products.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

#### Three months ended

|                               | Septen    | iber 30,         | Increase (decrease) |         |  |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|---------|--|--|
|                               | 2022      | 2021             | $\epsilon$          | %       |  |  |
|                               |           | in millions, exc | cept % amounts      |         |  |  |
| Consumer fixed revenue (a):   |           |                  |                     |         |  |  |
| Subscription revenue          | € 511.0   | € 521.4          | € (10.4)            | (2.0)%  |  |  |
| Non-subscription revenue      | 3.0       | 5.5              | (2.5)               | (45.5)% |  |  |
| Total consumer fixed revenue  | 514.0     | 526.9            | (12.9)              | (2.4)%  |  |  |
| Consumer mobile revenue (b):  |           |                  |                     |         |  |  |
| Service revenue               | 172.8     | 163.7            | 9.1                 | 5.6 %   |  |  |
| Non-service revenue           | 62.8      | 59.5             | 3.3                 | 5.5 %   |  |  |
| Total consumer mobile revenue | 235.6     | 223.2            | 12.4                | 5.6 %   |  |  |
| Total consumer revenue        | 749.6     | 750.1            | (0.5)               | (0.1)%  |  |  |
| B2B fixed revenue (c):        |           |                  |                     |         |  |  |
| Subscription revenue          | 130.6     | 129.2            | 1.4                 | 1.1 %   |  |  |
| Non-subscription revenue      | 3.0       | 3.4              | (0.4)               | (11.8)% |  |  |
| Total B2B fixed revenue       | 133.6     | 132.6            | 1.0                 | 0.8 %   |  |  |
| B2B mobile revenue (d):       |           |                  |                     |         |  |  |
| Service revenue               | 101.7     | 92.3             | 9.4                 | 10.2 %  |  |  |
| Non-service revenue           | 38.6      | 32.8             | 5.8                 | 17.7 %  |  |  |
| Total B2B mobile revenue      | 140.3     | 125.1            | 15.2                | 12.2 %  |  |  |
| Total B2B revenue             | 273.9     | 257.7            | 16.2                | 6.3 %   |  |  |
| Other revenue (e)             | 9.6       | 15.3             | (5.7)               | (37.3)% |  |  |
| Total                         | € 1,033.1 | € 1,023.1        | € 10.0              | 1.0 %   |  |  |
|                               |           |                  |                     |         |  |  |

Nine months ended September 30,

Increase (decrease)

|                               | 2022      | 2021             | €              | %       |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|---------|
|                               |           | in millions, exc | cept % amounts |         |
| Consumer fixed revenue (a):   |           |                  |                |         |
| Subscription revenue          | € 1,523.6 | € 1,559.3        | € (35.7)       | (2.3)%  |
| Non-subscription revenue      | 10.0      | 20.8             | (10.8)         | (51.9)% |
| Total consumer fixed revenue  | 1,533.6   | 1,580.1          | (46.5)         | (2.9)%  |
| Consumer mobile revenue (b):  |           |                  |                |         |
| Service revenue               | 502.0     | 480.1            | 21.9           | 4.6 %   |
| Non-service revenue           | 174.7     | 178.9            | (4.2)          | (2.3)%  |
| Total consumer mobile revenue | 676.7     | 659.0            | 17.7           | 2.7 %   |
| Total consumer revenue        | 2,210.3   | 2,239.1          | (28.8)         | (1.3)%  |
| B2B fixed revenue (c):        |           |                  |                |         |
| Subscription revenue          | 393.2     | 385.7            | 7.5            | 1.9 %   |
| Non-subscription revenue      | 8.9       | 10.7             | (1.8)          | (16.8)% |
| Total B2B fixed revenue       | 402.1     | 396.4            | 5.7            | 1.4 %   |
| B2B mobile revenue (d):       |           |                  |                |         |
| Service revenue               | 292.4     | 273.6            | 18.8           | 6.9 %   |
| Non-service revenue           | 104.4     | 92.2             | 12.2           | 13.2 %  |
| Total B2B mobile revenue      | 396.8     | 365.8            | 31.0           | 8.5 %   |
| Total B2B revenue             | 798.9     | 762.2            | 36.7           | 4.8 %   |
| Other revenue (e)             | 31.3      | 39.5             | (8.2)          | (20.8)% |
| Total                         | € 3,040.5 | € 3,040.8        | € (0.3)        | 0.0%    |

- (a) Consumer fixed revenue is classified as either subscription revenue or non-subscription revenue. Consumer fixed subscription revenue includes revenue from subscribers for ongoing broadband internet, video, and voice services offered to residential customers and the amortization of installation fee. Consumer fixed non-subscription revenue includes, among other items, interconnect, channel carriage fees, late fees and revenue from the sale of equipment. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the stand-alone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the stand-alone pricing of our fixed and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.
- (b) Consumer mobile revenue is classified as either service revenue or non-service revenue. Consumer mobile service revenue includes revenue from ongoing mobile and data services offered under postpaid and prepaid arrangements to residential customers. Consumer mobile non-service revenue includes, among other items, interconnect revenue, mobile handset and accessories sales, and late fees.
- (c) B2B fixed revenue is classified as either subscription revenue or non-subscription revenue. B2B fixed subscription revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, video, voice, and data services offered to SOHO, small and medium to large enterprises. B2B fixed non-subscription revenue includes, among other items, revenue from hosting services, installation fees, carriage fees and interconnect.
- (d) B2B mobile revenue is classified as either service revenue or non-service revenue. B2B mobile service revenue includes revenue from ongoing mobile and data services offered to SOHO, small and medium to large enterprise customers as well as wholesale customers. B2B mobile non-service revenue includes, among other items, interconnect revenue, mobile handset and accessories sales, and late fees.

(e) Other revenue includes, among other items, programming, advertising and site sharing revenue.

The details of the increases and decreases in our revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the corresponding period in 2021, are set forth below:

|  | Th                                  | ree-month period                                | i        | Nine                                | e-month period                                  |          |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|--|
|  | Subscription<br>/Service<br>revenue | Non-<br>subscription<br>/Non-service<br>revenue | Total    | Subscription<br>/Service<br>revenue | Non-<br>subscription<br>/Non-service<br>revenue | Total    |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in consumer fixed subscription revenue due to change in: |                                     |   | in mi    | illions                             |   |          |  |  |  |
| Average number of RGUs (a)   | € (26.8                             | 3) € —  | € (26.8) | € (77.2)                            | € —   | € (77.2) |  |  |  |
| ARPU (b)   | 16.4                                | <u> </u>  | 16.4     | 41.5                                | _   | 41.5     |  |  |  |
| Decrease in consumer fixed non-subscription revenue (c)                      | _                                   | - (2.5)   | (2.5)    | _                                   | (10.8)  | (10.8)   |  |  |  |
| Total decrease in consumer fixed revenue                                     | (10.4                               | (2.5)   | (12.9)   | (35.7)                              | (10.8)  | (46.5)   |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in consumer mobile revenue (d)                           | 9.1                                 | 3.3   | 12.4     | 21.9                                | (4.2)   | 17.7     |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in B2B fixed revenue (e)                                 | 1.4                                 | (0.4)   | 1.0      | 7.5                                 | (1.8)   | 5.7      |  |  |  |
| Increase in B2B mobile revenue (f)   | 9.4                                 | 5.8   | 15.2     | 18.8                                | 12.2  | 31.0     |  |  |  |
| Decrease in other revenue (g)  |                                     | (5.7)   | (5.7)    |                                     | (8.2)   | (8.2)    |  |  |  |
| Total  | € 9.5                               | 6 € 0.5   | € 10.0   | € 12.5                              | € (12.8)  | € (0.3)  |  |  |  |

- (a) The decreases in consumer fixed subscription revenue related to a change in the average number of RGUs are mainly attributable to decreases in the average number of fixed-line telephony, video and internet RGUs.
- (b) The increases in consumer fixed subscription revenue related to a change in ARPU are primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) the annual price increase implemented on July 1, 2022 and (ii) lower national out of bundle usage.
- (c) The decreases in consumer fixed non-subscription revenue are primarily attributable to lower customer premise equipment (CPE) sales.
- (d) The increases in consumer mobile service revenue are primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) strong customer base growth, (ii) price indexation, (iii) increases in roaming revenue and (iv) decreases in national out-of-bundle revenue. The decreases in consumer mobile non-service revenue are largely attributable to decreases in mobile handset sales.
- (e) The increases in B2B fixed subscription revenue are primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) higher average numbers of SOHO, Small Business and Unified Communication RGUs and (ii) lower volumes of national calls.
- (f) The increases in B2B mobile service revenue are primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) increases in roaming out-of-bundle revenue, (ii) increases in Internet of Things (IoT) revenue, (iii) increases in average number of customers, (iv) lower out-of-bundle usage due to communication alternatives via WIFI and (v) lower ARPU following pricing pressure in the large corporate segment. The increases in B2B mobile non-service revenue are primarily attributable to (a) increases in visitor revenue and (b) an increase in sales volumes of other equipment.
- (g) The decreases in other revenue are primarily attributable to (i) decreases in revenue from our sports content channel Ziggo Sport following the loss of Formula 1 rights and (ii) decreases in related advertising revenue.

#### Programming and other direct costs of services

Programming and other direct costs of services include programming and copyright costs, mobile access and interconnect costs, costs of mobile handsets and other devices and other direct costs related to our operations. Programming and copyright costs represent a significant portion of our operating costs and are subject to increase in future periods as a result of (i) higher

costs associated with the expansion of our digital video content, including rights associated with ancillary product offerings and rights that provide for the broadcast of live sporting events, and (ii) rate increases. In addition we are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to our labor and other costs. Any cost increases that we are not able to pass on to our subscribers through rate increases would result in increased pressure on our operating margins.

Our programming and other direct costs of service increased (decreased) by  $\in 3.1$  million or 1.4% and ( $\in 10.0$  million) or (1.6%) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021. These increases (decreases) include the net effect of the following factors:

- Decreases in programming costs of €5.5 million or 7.1% and €9.8 million or 4.1%, respectively, primarily attributable to the net impact of contract renewals and expirations in 2021 and 2022, which resulted in (i) lower costs for certain premium sport content, (ii) higher costs for video on demand services and (iii) higher costs for basic content;
- Increases in other direct costs of €3.9 million or 9.8% and €3.4 million or 2.8%, respectively, primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) higher B2B fixed programming costs due to an increase in customer base, (ii) higher material and sales costs and (iii) a decrease in costs for customer premise equipment;
- Increases (decreases) in equipment costs of €2.2 million or 4.0% and (€3.8 million) or (2.4%), respectively, primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) higher average costs per mobile handset sold, (ii) a decrease in sales volumes of mobile handsets and other equipment for the nine-month comparison and (iii) a higher obsolete stock provision;
- For the three-month comparison, an increase in interconnect costs of €2.5 million or 5.5%, primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) increases in mobile roaming costs and (ii) lower freephone usage of the corona number.

#### Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses include network operations, customer operations, customer care and other costs related to our operations.

Our other operating expenses decreased by  $\in$ 2.5 million or 2.2% and  $\in$ 4.6 million or 1.3% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021. These decreases includes the net effect of the following factors:

- Decreases in personnel costs of €4.3 million or 8.8% and €15.6 million or 9.6%, respectively, primarily driven by the net effect of (i) lower staffing levels, (ii) decreases in external staff, (iii) lower holiday accruals and (iv) an increase in capitalization of labor costs for the three-month comparison;
- Decreases in customer service costs of €4.5 million or 24.7% and €13.2 million or 22.3%, respectively, primarily driven by (i) less inbound traffic and (ii) lower refurbishment and logistic cost;
- Decreases in access costs of €1.7 million or 29.9% and €2.2 million or 13.1%, respectively, as a result of lower contracted labor costs;
- Increases in business service costs of €7.6 million or 64.2% and €19.9 million or 57.7%, respectively, primarily due to (i) increases in energy costs due to higher energy prices and (ii) higher consultancy costs;
- Increases in service delivery platform expenses of €1.2 million or 11% and €3.7 million or 11.2%, respectively, mainly driven by higher site rental costs in 2022;
- An increase in core network and IT costs of €1.6 million or 4.9% for the nine-month comparison, primarily driven by increases in IT projects spend;
- An increase (decrease) in other indirect costs of (€0.8 million) or (14.9%) and €1.2 million or 8.2%, respectively, primarily due to (i) a decrease in the bad debt expenses for the three-month comparison and (ii) an increase in real estate expenses for the nine-month comparison.

#### SG&A expenses

SG&A expenses include human resources, information technology, general services, management, finance, legal, external sales and marketing costs, share-based compensation and other general expenses.

Our SG&A expenses increased by  $\epsilon$ 6.2 million or 4.1% and  $\epsilon$ 13.7 million or 3.0% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021. These increases include the net effect of the following factors:

- Increases in business service costs of €4.0 million or 24.5% and €9.2 million or 18.7%, respectively, primarily driven by (i) higher consultancy costs and (ii) increases in business events;
- An increase (decrease) in sales and marketing costs of (€3.2 million) or (6.0%) and €8.9 million or 5.8%, respectively, primarily driven by (i) a decrease for the three-month comparison and an increase for the nine-month comparison in expenditures for marketing campaigns and (ii) the impact of a write-off of deferred sales costs following a review of our capitalization process for the nine-month comparison;
- Increases in personnel costs of €2.4 million or 4.0% and €1.4 million or 0.7%, respectively, primarily driven by higher average cost per FTE;
- An increase in core network and IT costs of €2.4 million or 22.1% for the three-month comparison, primarily driven by an increase in IT projects spend;
- An increase (decrease) in other indirect costs of €0.7 million or 6.0% and (€5.7 million) or (9.0%), respectively. The increase for the three-month period is primarily driven by increased contracted labor costs, while the decrease for the nine-month comparison is primarily driven by the impact of an accrual release following expiration of our legal obligation.

#### Charges for JV Services

We recorded charges for JV Services of  $\in$ 48.0 million and  $\in$ 159.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to  $\in$ 51.4 million and  $\in$ 164.1 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. For additional information regarding charges for JV Services, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Depreciation and amortization expense

Our depreciation and amortization expenses decreased by  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{\&}}25.7$  million or 6.3% and  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{\&}}36.1$  million or 3.1% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021. These decreases are primarily attributable to lower depreciation expense associated with certain assets becoming fully depreciated.

Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net

We recognized impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, of  $\in$ 4.0 million and  $\in$ 9.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, including (i) restructuring charges of  $\in$ 4.1 million and  $\in$ 7.5 million, respectively, (ii) acquisition and disposition costs of  $\in$ 0.2 million and  $\in$ 1.6 million, respectively (iii) gains from the disposition of assets of  $\in$ 0.4 million and  $\in$ 0.6 million, respectively and (iv) impairment charges related to tangible assets of  $\in$ 0.1 million and  $\in$ 0.5 million, respectively.

We recognized impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, of  $\in 11.8$  million and  $\in 27.1$  million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, including (i) restructuring charges of  $\in 10.6$  million and  $\in 24.3$  million, respectively, (ii) acquisition and disposition costs of  $\in 1.3$  million and  $\in 3.3$  million, respectively, (iii) gains from the disposition of assets of  $\in 0.3$  million and  $\in 1.1$  million, respectively, and (iv) impairment charges related to tangible assets of  $\in 0.2$  million and  $\in 0.6$  million, respectively.

#### *Interest expense–third-party*

Our third-party interest expense increased by €18.1 million or 17.5% and €22.0 million or 7.1% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021, primarily due to (i) a higher average outstanding third-party loan balance and (ii) increased interest rates on variable interest rate debt.

For additional information regarding our third-party debt, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

It is possible that the interest rates on (i) any new borrowings could be higher than the current interest rates on our existing indebtedness and (ii) our variable-rate indebtedness could increase in future periods. As further discussed in note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use derivative instruments to manage our interest rate risks.

In July 2017, the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (the authority that regulates LIBOR) announced that it intends to stop compelling banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR after 2021. Additionally, the European Money Markets Institute (the authority that administers EURIBOR) announced that measures would need to be undertaken by the end of 2021 to reform EURIBOR to ensure compliance with E.U. Benchmarks Regulation. In November 2020, ICE Benchmark administration (the entity that administers LIBOR) announced its intention to continue publishing USD LIBOR rates until June 30, 2023, with the exception of the one-week and two-month rates which, along with all GBP LIBOR rates, it ceased to publish after December 31, 2021. While this extension allows additional runway on existing contracts using USD LIBOR rates, companies are still encouraged to transition away from using USD LIBOR as soon as practicable and should not enter into new contracts that use USD LIBOR after 2021. The methodology for EURIBOR has been reformed and EURIBOR has been granted regulatory approval to continue to be used. Currently, there is no consensus amongst loan borrowers and investors for what rate(s) should replace USD LIBOR.

In October 2020, the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (the ISDA) launched a new supplement (the Fallback Supplement), which, as of January 25, 2021, amended the standard definitions for interest rate derivatives to incorporate fallbacks for derivatives linked to certain key interbank offered rates (IBORs). The ISDA also launched the Fallback Protocol, a protocol that enables market participants to incorporate these revisions into their legacy non-cleared derivatives with other counterparties that choose to adhere to the protocol. The fallbacks for a particular currency apply following a permanent cessation of the IBOR in that currency, or in the case of a LIBOR setting, that LIBOR setting becoming permanently unrepresentative, and are adjusted versions of the risk-free rates identified in each currency. Our credit agreements contain provisions that contemplate alternative calculations of the base rate applicable to our LIBOR-indexed and EURIBORindexed debt to the extent LIBOR or EURIBOR (as applicable) are not available. We do not anticipate the alternative calculations to be materially different from what would have been calculated under LIBOR or EURIBOR (as applicable). Additionally, no mandatory prepayment or redemption provisions would be triggered under our credit agreements in the event that either the LIBOR rate or the EURIBOR rate is not available. It is possible, however, that any new reference rate that applies to our LIBOR-indexed or EURIBOR-indexed debt could be different than any new reference rate that applies to our LIBOR-indexed or EURIBOR-indexed derivative instruments. For discontinued tenors, we expect to continue taking steps to mitigate the changes in these benchmark rates, including by amending existing credit agreements and adhering to the Fallback Protocol, where appropriate. We plan to continue to manage this difference and any resulting increased variable-rate exposure through modifications to our debt and/or derivative instruments, however future market conditions may not allow immediate implementation of desired modifications and our subsidiaries may incur significant associated costs.

#### Interest expense-related-party

Our related-party interest expense increased by 0.8 million or 3.2% and 0.8 million or 9.5% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively as compared to the corresponding periods in 2021. These increases are primarily due to a higher average outstanding related-party loan balance. For additional information regarding our related-party debt, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net

Our realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments include (i) unrealized changes in the fair values of our derivative instruments that are non-cash in nature until such time as the derivative contracts are fully or partially settled and (ii) realized gains upon the full or partial settlement of the derivative contracts.

The details of our realized and unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

|   |   | Three months ended September 30, |   |       |       | - 1     | ths ended<br>aber 30, |       |  |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---|-------|-------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--|
|   |   | 2022 2021                        |   |       |       | 2022    |                       | 2021  |  |
|   |   |                                  |   | in mi | llion | S       |                       |       |  |
| Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts (a) | € | 683.4                            | € | 156.8 | €     | 1,635.3 | €                     | 391.9 |  |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                        |   | 0.5                              |   | 0.3   |       | 1.2     |                       | 0.5   |  |
| Total   | € | 683.9                            | € | 157.1 | €     | 1,636.5 | €                     | 392.4 |  |

(a) The gains for 2022 and 2021 periods are primarily attributable to (i) net gains associated with changes in the relative value of the euro to the U.S. dollar and (ii) net gains associated with changes in certain market interest rates. In addition, the results include net losses of €51.0 million and €19.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and net losses of €58.3 million and €50.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively resulting from changes in credit risk valuation adjustments.

For additional information regarding our derivative instruments, see notes 4 and 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currency transaction losses, net

Our foreign currency transaction gains or losses primarily result from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than our functional currency. Unrealized foreign currency transaction gains or losses are computed based on period-end exchange rates and are non-cash in nature until such time as the amounts are settled. The details of our foreign currency transaction losses, net, are as follows:

|                              |   | Three mon | ıths | ended     | Nine mon      | ended |         |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|-----------|------|-----------|---------------|-------|---------|--|--|
|                              |   | Septem    | ber  | 30,       | September 30, |       |         |  |  |
|                              |   | 2022      |      | 2021      | 2022          |       | 2021    |  |  |
|                              |   |           |      | in mill   | ions          |       |         |  |  |
|                              |   |           |      |           |               |       |         |  |  |
| U.S. dollar-denominated debt | € | (420.9)   | €    | (127.6) € | € (892.4)     | €     | (291.2) |  |  |
| Other                        |   | (0.3)     |      | (0.3)     | (0.3)         |       | (0.5)   |  |  |
| Total                        | € | (421.2)   | €    | (127.9)   | € (892.7)     | €     | (291.7) |  |  |

Losses on debt extinguishment, net

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, we recognized a net loss on debt extinguishment of nil and  $\in$ 71.1 million, respectively, attributable to (i) the payment of  $\in$ 52.0 million of redemption premiums and (ii) the write-off of  $\in$ 19.1 million of fair value adjustments and unamortized deferred financing costs.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recognized a net loss on debt extinguishment of €7.6 million, respectively, attributable to (i) the payment of €5.0 million of redemption premiums and (ii) the write-off of €2.6 million of fair value adjustments and unamortized deferred financing costs.

For additional information concerning our losses on debt extinguishment, net, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Income tax benefit (expense)

We recognized an income tax benefit (expense) of ( $\in$ 60.5 million) and  $\in$ 6.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and income tax benefit (expense) of ( $\in$ 182.8 million) and  $\in$ 14.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 differs from the expected income tax expense of €58.6 million and €141.8 million, respectively (based on the Dutch income tax rate of 25.8%), primarily due to interest deduction limitations.

The income tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 differs from the expected income tax benefit of  $\in$ 7.0 million and  $\in$ 15.5 million, respectively (based on the Dutch income tax rate of 25.0%), primarily due to non-deductible expenses.

For additional information regarding our income taxes, see note 9 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net earnings (loss)

During the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we reported net earnings (loss) of  $\in$ 166.6 million and ( $\in$ 20.9 million), respectively, including (i) operating income of  $\in$ 111.6 million and  $\in$ 71.5 million, respectively, (ii) net non-operating income (expense) of  $\in$ 115.5 million and ( $\in$ 99.3 million), respectively, and (iii) income tax benefit (expense) of ( $\in$ 60.5 million) and  $\in$ 6.9 million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we reported net earnings (loss) of  $\epsilon$ 366.8 million and ( $\epsilon$ 47.1 million), respectively, including (i) operating income of  $\epsilon$ 286.3 million and  $\epsilon$ 226.4 million, respectively, (ii) net non-operating income (expense) of  $\epsilon$ 263.3 million and ( $\epsilon$ 288.2 million), respectively, and (iii) income tax benefit (expense) of ( $\epsilon$ 182.8 million) and  $\epsilon$ 14.7 million, respectively.

Gains or losses associated with (i) changes in the fair values of derivative instruments, (ii) movements in foreign currency exchange rates and (iii) the disposition of assets are subject to a high degree of volatility and, as such, any gains from these sources do not represent a reliable source of income. In the absence of significant gains in the future from these sources or from other non-operating items, our ability to achieve earnings from operations is largely dependent on our ability to increase our Adjusted EBITDA to a level that more than offsets the aggregate amount of our (a) depreciation and amortization, (b) impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, (c) interest expense, (d) other income and (e) income tax expenses.

Subject to the limitations included in our various debt instruments, we expect to maintain our debt at current levels relative to our Covenant EBITDA. As a result, we expect that we will continue to report significant levels of interest expense for the foreseeable future. For information concerning our expectations with respect to trends that may affect our operating results in future periods, see the discussion under *Overview* above.

#### **Material Changes in Financial Condition**

#### Sources and Uses of Cash

As a holding company, VodafoneZiggo's primary assets are its investments in consolidated subsidiaries. As further described in note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, the terms of the instruments governing the indebtedness of certain of these subsidiaries may restrict our ability to access the assets of these subsidiaries. The ability to access the liquidity of our subsidiaries may also be limited by tax and legal considerations and other factors. At September 30, 2022, most of our  $\in$ 85.4 million of consolidated cash was held by our subsidiaries.

#### Liquidity of VodafoneZiggo

Our sources of liquidity at the parent level include, subject to the restrictions noted above, proceeds in the form of distributions or loans from our subsidiaries. It is the intention of the Shareholders of the VodafoneZiggo JV, that VodafoneZiggo will be a self-funding company capable of financing its activities on a stand-alone basis without recourse to either Shareholder. No assurance can be given that funding from our subsidiaries or external sources would be available on favorable terms, or at all.

VodafoneZiggo's corporate liquidity requirements include corporate general and administrative expenses and fees associated with the JV Service Agreements. From time to time, VodafoneZiggo may also require cash in connection with (i) the repayment of its related-party debt and interest, (ii) the funding of dividends or distributions pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement, which requires VodafoneZiggo to distribute all unrestricted cash (as defined in the Shareholders Agreement) to the Shareholders every three months (subject to VodafoneZiggo maintaining a minimum amount of cash and complying with the terms of its financing arrangements), (iii) the satisfaction of contingent liabilities, (iv) acquisitions and other investment opportunities or (v) income tax payments.

#### Liquidity of our Subsidiaries

In addition to cash, the primary sources of liquidity of our operating subsidiaries are cash provided by operations and, in the case of Ziggo B.V. and certain of its subsidiaries, any borrowing availability under the Revolving Facilities.

The liquidity of our operating subsidiaries generally is used to fund property and equipment additions, debt service requirements and other liquidity requirements that may arise from time to time. For additional information regarding our condensed consolidated cash flows, see the discussion under *Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows* below. Our subsidiaries may also require funding in connection with (i) the repayment of amounts due under the third-party and related-party debt instruments of our subsidiaries, (ii) acquisitions and other investment opportunities, including the acquisition of spectrum licenses, (iii) distributions or loans to VodafoneZiggo (and ultimately to the Shareholders of the VodafoneZiggo JV) or (iv) the satisfaction of contingencies. No assurance can be given that any external funding would be available to our subsidiaries on favorable terms, or at all.

#### Capitalization

At September 30, 2022, the outstanding principal amount of our third-party debt and finance lease obligations aggregated  $\in$ 11.9 billion, including  $\in$ 1.1 billion that is classified as current in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and  $\in$ 10.1 billion that is not due until 2028 or thereafter. For additional information regarding our debt and finance lease maturities, see notes 7 and 8, respectively, to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

As further discussed in note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use derivative instruments to mitigate foreign currency and interest rate risk associated with our debt instruments.

Our ability to service or refinance our debt and to maintain compliance with the leverage covenants in our credit agreements and indentures is dependent primarily on our ability to maintain or increase our Covenant EBITDA and to achieve adequate returns on our property and equipment additions and acquisitions. Pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement, we expect to maintain a leverage ratio between 4.5 and 5.0 times Covenant EBITDA. In addition, our ability to obtain additional debt financing is limited by the leverage covenants contained in the various debt instruments of our subsidiaries. In this regard, if our Covenant EBITDA were to decline, we could be required to repay or limit our borrowings under the Credit Facility in order to maintain compliance with applicable covenants. No assurance can be given that we would have sufficient sources of liquidity, or that any external funding would be available on favorable terms, or at all, to fund any such required repayment. We do not anticipate any instances of non-compliance with respect to any of our subsidiaries' debt covenants that would have a material adverse impact on our liquidity during the next 12 months.

Notwithstanding our negative working capital position at September 30, 2022, we believe that we have sufficient resources to repay or refinance the current portion of our debt and finance lease obligations and to fund our foreseeable liquidity requirements during the next 12 months. However, as our maturing debt grows in later years, we anticipate that we will seek to refinance or otherwise extend our debt maturities. No assurance can be given that we will be able to complete these refinancing transactions or otherwise extend our debt maturities. In this regard, it is not possible to predict how political and economic conditions (including with respect to the ongoing invasion of Ukraine), sovereign debt concerns or any adverse regulatory developments could impact the credit markets we access and, accordingly, our future liquidity and financial position. Our ability to access debt financing at favorable terms, or at all, could be adversely impacted by (i) the financial failure of any of our counterparties, which could (a) reduce amounts available under committed credit facilities and (b) adversely impact our ability to access cash deposited with any failed financial institution and (ii) tightening of the credit markets. In addition, sustained or increased competition, particularly in combination with adverse economic or regulatory developments, could have an unfavorable impact on our cash flows and liquidity.

All of our third-party debt and finance lease obligations at September 30, 2022, have been borrowed or incurred by our subsidiaries.

For additional information regarding our debt and finance lease obligations, see notes 7 and 8, respectively, to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

|  | Nine months ended |         |   |         |   |        |  |
|--|-------------------|---------|---|---------|---|--------|--|
|  |                   | Septen  |   |         |   |        |  |
|  |                   | 2022    |   | Change  |   |        |  |
|  |                   |         |   |         |   |        |  |
|  |                   |         |   |         |   |        |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | €                 | 952.3   | € | 1,035.0 | € | (82.7) |  |
| Net cash used by investing activities  |                   | (391.5) |   | (439.7) |   | 48.2   |  |
| Net cash used by financing activities  |                   | (717.5) |   | (720.7) |   | 3.2    |  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash |                   | 1.5     |   | 0.2     |   | 1.3    |  |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash                    | €                 | (155.2) | € | (125.2) | € | (30.0) |  |

*Operating Activities*. The decrease in net cash provided by our operating activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) higher cash paid for corporate income taxes and (ii) other working capital changes.

Investing Activities. The decrease in net cash used by our investing activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) a decrease in cash paid for spectrum licenses of  $\in$ 207.9 million, partially offset by (ii) higher cash out regarding current liabilities related to capital expenditures of  $\in$ 60.6 million, (iii) an increase in property and equipment additions of  $\in$ 52.8 million and (iv) a decrease in assets acquired under capital-related vendor financing arrangements of  $\in$ 43.5 million.

The capital expenditures that we report in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows do not include amounts that our company has financed under vendor financing or finance lease arrangements. Instead, these expenditures are reflected as non-cash additions to our property and equipment when the underlying assets are delivered, and as repayments of debt when the principal is repaid. In this discussion, we refer to (i) our capital expenditures as reported in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, which exclude amounts financed under vendor financing or finance lease arrangements, and (ii) our total property and equipment additions, which include our capital expenditures on an accrual basis and amounts financed under capital-related vendor financing or finance lease arrangements. For further details regarding our property and equipment additions and our debt, see notes 6 and 7, respectively, to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

A reconciliation of our property and equipment additions to our capital expenditures as reported in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows is set forth below:

|   |   | Nine months ended September 30, |   |         |  |  |  |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---|---------|--|--|--|
|   |   | 2022 2021                       |   |         |  |  |  |
|   |   | in mi                           |   |         |  |  |  |
| Property and equipment additions                                    | € | 642.1                           | € | 589.3   |  |  |  |
| Assets acquired under capital-related vendor financing arrangements |   | (320.6)                         |   | (364.1) |  |  |  |
| Assets acquired under related-party finance leases                  |   | (2.2)                           |   | (5.2)   |  |  |  |
| Changes in current liabilities related to capital expenditures      |   | 72.6                            |   | 12.0    |  |  |  |
| Capital expenditures  | € | 391.9                           | € | 232.0   |  |  |  |

The increase in our property and equipment additions is primarily attributable to an increase in our customer premises equipment expenditures, product and enablers expenditures and baseline expenditures, partially offset by a decrease in new build and upgrade expenditures.

Financing Activities. The decrease in net cash used by our financing activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) lower net borrowings of third-party and related-party debt of  $\in$ 48.8 million, (ii) higher payments of financing costs and debt premiums of  $\in$ 64.3 million, (iii) a decrease in distributions to VodafoneZiggo Group Holding of  $\in$ 55.0 million and (iv) a decrease in cash used of  $\in$ 60.9 million due to lower net repayments of vendor financing.

#### **Contractual Commitments**

The following table sets forth the euro equivalents of our commitments as of September 30, 2022:

|   | Payments due during: |                |   |           |   |       |      |       |      |       |      |       |            |         |   |          |
|---|----------------------|----------------|---|-----------|---|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------------|---------|---|----------|
|   |                      | ainder<br>2022 |   | 2023 2024 |   | 2024  | 2025 |       | 2026 |       | 2027 |       | Thereafter |         |   | Total    |
|   |                      |                |   |           |   |       |      | in n  | ons  |       |      |       |            |         |   |          |
| Debt (excluding interest):                                |                      |                |   |           |   |       |      |       |      |       |      |       |            |         |   |          |
| Third-party   | €                    | 403.9          | € | 678.9     | € | 64.7  | €    | 35.5  | €    | _     | €    | 638.4 | €10        | 0,064.7 | € | 11,886.1 |
| Related-party   |                      |                |   |           |   |       |      |       |      |       |      | _     | 1          | ,815.8  |   | 1,815.8  |
| Finance leases (including interest)                       |                      | 2.1            |   | 6.7       |   | 4.9   |      | 2.6   |      | 0.8   |      | 0.2   |            |         |   | 17.3     |
| Operating leases  |                      | 19.0           |   | 77.1      |   | 73.1  |      | 54.3  |      | 45.4  |      | 37.2  |            | 106.1   |   | 412.2    |
| Programming commitments                                   |                      | 32.1           |   | 120.6     |   | 96.2  |      | 49.5  |      | 9.0   |      | 10.0  |            | 12.0    |   | 329.4    |
| Purchase commitments                                      |                      | 223.3          |   | 42.5      |   | 12.9  |      | 10.5  |      | 0.8   |      | _     |            |         |   | 290.0    |
| JV Service Agreements (a)                                 |                      | 40.2           |   | 47.3      |   | 36.6  |      | 32.3  |      | 31.9  |      | 30.5  |            | 30.0    |   | 248.8    |
| Network and connectivity commitments                      |                      | 0.4            |   | 0.2       |   |       |      | _     |      | _     |      | _     |            |         |   | 0.6      |
| Other commitments   |                      | 2.7            |   | 25.3      |   | 23.7  |      | 15.6  |      | 7.6   |      | 7.2   |            | 32.2    |   | 114.3    |
| Total (b)   | €                    | 723.7          | € | 998.6     | € | 312.1 | €    | 200.3 | €    | 95.5  | €    | 723.5 | €12        | 2,060.8 | € | 15,114.5 |
| Projected cash interest payments on debt obligations (c): |                      |                |   |           |   |       |      |       |      |       | _    |       |            |         |   |          |
| Third-party   | €                    | 42.0           | € | 441.8     | € | 442.5 | €    | 441.4 | €    | 433.8 | €    | 413.2 | €          | 902.6   | € | 3,117.3  |
| Related-party   |                      | 25.8           |   | 102.2     |   | 102.2 |      | 102.4 |      | 102.2 |      | 102.2 |            | 306.4   |   | 843.4    |
| Total   | €                    | 67.8           | € | 544.0     | € | 544.7 | €    | 543.8 | €    | 536.0 | €    | 515.4 | € 1        | ,209.0  | € | 3,960.7  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Amounts represent fixed minimum charges from Liberty Global and Vodafone pursuant to the JV Service Agreements. In addition to the fixed minimum charges, the JV Service Agreements provide for certain JV Services to be charged to us based upon usage of the services received. The fixed minimum charges set forth in the table above exclude fees for the usage-based services as these fees will vary from period to period. Accordingly, we expect to incur charges in addition to those set forth in the table above for usage-based services. For additional information concerning the JV Service Agreements, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

For information concerning our debt obligations, finance and operating lease liabilities, the Liberty Global Notes and the Vodafone Notes, and commitments, see notes 7, 8, 10 and 11, respectively, to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) multiemployer benefit plans, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For information regarding

<sup>(</sup>b) The commitments included in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our September 30, 2022, condensed consolidated balance sheet other than debt and finance and operating lease obligations.

<sup>(</sup>c) Amounts include interest payments on third-party debt obligations, as well as interest payments on the Liberty Global Notes and the Vodafone Notes. Amounts related to third-party debt are based on interest rates, interest payment dates, commitment fees and contractual maturities in effect as of September 30, 2022. These amounts are presented for illustrative purposes only and will likely differ from the actual cash payments required in future periods. In addition, the amounts presented do not include the impact of our interest rate derivative contracts, deferred financing costs or original issue premiums or discounts.

projected cash flows associated with these derivative instruments, see *Projected Cash Flows Associated with Derivative Instruments* below. For information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, and 2021, see note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Projected Cash Flows Associated with Derivative Instruments

The following table provides information regarding the projected cash flows associated with our derivative instruments. The euro equivalents presented below are based on interest rates and exchange rates that were in effect as of September 30, 2022. These amounts are presented for illustrative purposes only and will likely differ from the actual cash receipts in future periods. For additional information regarding our derivative instruments, including our counterparty credit risk, see note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

|   | Receipts (payments) due during: |      |     |      |   |       |   |      |   |      |   |            |   |         |
|---|---------------------------------|------|-----|------|---|-------|---|------|---|------|---|------------|---|---------|
|   | Remainder of 2022               | 2023 |     | 2024 |   | 2025  |   | 2026 |   | 2027 |   | Thereafter |   | Total   |
|   | in millions                     |      |     |      |   |       |   |      |   |      |   |            |   |         |
| Projected derivative cash receipts (payments), net: |                                 |      |     |      |   |       |   |      |   |      |   |            |   |         |
| Interest-related (a)                                | € (17.0)                        | € 81 | 4 € | 81.3 | € | 75.6  | € | 69.1 | € | 69.2 | € | 73.8       | € | 433.4   |
| Principal-related (b)                               |                                 |      |     |      |   | 69.8  |   |      |   |      |   | 1,003.9    |   | 1,073.7 |
| Total   | € (17.0)                        | € 81 | 4 € | 81.3 | € | 145.4 | € | 69.1 | € | 69.2 | € | 1,077.7    | € | 1,507.1 |

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes (i) the cash flows of our interest rate cap and floor contracts and (ii) the interest-related cash flows of our cross-currency and interest rate swap contracts.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes the principal-related cash flows of our cross-currency swap contracts.