

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements September 30, 2015

> VIRGIN MEDIA INC. 12300 Liberty Boulevard Englewood, Colorado 80112

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Page Number

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (unaudited)	1
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Loss) for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	4
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Owners' Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 (unaudited)	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	8
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	58

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

	Sep	tember 30, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (a)
		2015 2014 (a in millions in millions E 131.2 £ 2 460.9 42 982.2 74 982.2 74 1,32 5,888.1 6,07 5,927.2 5,92 1,680.3 1,92 1,551.1 1,55 2,566.4 2,32		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	£	131.2	£	36.6
Trade receivables, net		460.9		436.6
Related-party note and other receivables (note 10)		982.2		745.3
Other current assets (notes 4 and 10)		139.9		135.7
Total current assets		1,714.2		1,354.2
Property and equipment, net (note 6)		5,888.1		6,074.8
Goodwill (note 6)		5,927.2		5,933.7
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net (note 6)		1,680.3		1,953.6
Deferred income taxes		1,551.1		1,506.2
Related-party notes receivable (note 10)		2,566.4		2,322.3
Other assets, net (note 4)		383.3		281.8
Total assets	£	19,710.6	£	19,426.6

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS — (Continued) (unaudited)

	September 30, 2015	2014 (a)
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY	in mi	llions
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable (note 10)	£ 322.9	£ 269.4
Deferred revenue and advanced payments from subscribers and others	2 322.9 377.4	2 209.1 360.7
Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations (notes 7 and 10)	501.8	335.2
Derivative instruments (note 4)	112.0	139.8
Accrued interest.	183.5	141.7
Value-added taxes (VAT) payable	109.8	105.4
Other current liabilities (note 10)		500.8
Total current liabilities	2,128.8	1,853.0
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7):	2,120.0	1,000.0
Third-party	9,338.2	8,349.1
Related-party (note 10)		439.0
Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10)	231.7	351.5
Total liabilities		10,992.6
Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11)	11,070.7	10,772.0
Owners' equity:		
Parent's equity:		
Additional paid-in capital	8,669.6	9,140.3
Accumulated deficit	(689.2)	(705.9)
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes	× ,	49.0
Total parent's equity		8,483.4
Noncontrolling interest	(49.6)	(49.4)
Total owners' equity	8,011.9	8,434.0
Total liabilities and owners' equity		
Total Internates and owners' equity	~ 17,710.0	~ 17,120.0

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Three more Septem	ths ended ber 30,		
Revenue (notes 10 and 12) \pounds 1,151.3 \pounds 1,116.1 \pounds 3,428.8 \pounds 3,358.2 Operating costs and expenses: Operating costs and expenses: 496.8 464.8 1,447.3 1,440.9 Selling, general and administrative (SC&A) (including share-based compensation) (notes 9 and 10) 165.0 172.9 479.8 486.7 Related-party fees and allocations, net (note 10) 29.0 4.4 63.0 24.2 Depreciation and amortization 389.6 381.2 1,164.0 1,221.7 Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net 5.2 1.2 8.0 12.1 Jost 6 1,024.5 3,162.1 3,185.6 0 12.1 Operating income 65.7 91.6 266.7 172.6 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: 1 1,085.6 1,024.5 3,162.1 3,185.6 Operating income - related-party (note 10) - (128.7) (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) - 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unealized gains (losses) on derivative instrume		2015	2014 (a)	2015	2014 (a)
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			in mil	lions	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Revenue (notes 10 and 12)	£ 1,151.3	£ 1,116.1	£ 3,428.8	£ 3,358.2
(note 10) 496.8 464.8 1,447.3 1,440.9 Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) (including share-based compensation) (notes 9 and 10) 165.0 172.9 479.8 486.7 Related-party fees and allocations, net (note 10) 29.0 4.4 63.0 24.2 Depreciation and amortization 389.6 381.2 1,164.0 1,221.7 Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net 5.2 1.2 8.0 12.1 Jone-operating income 65.7 91.6 266.7 172.6 Non-operating income (expense): 1 1085.6 1,024.5 3,162.1 3,185.6 Operating income (expense): 1 1 10.85.6 1,024.5 3,162.1 3,185.6 Non-operating income (expense): 1 1 11.0 172.9 (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) - - (128.7) (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.	Operating costs and expenses:				
share-based compensation) (notes 9 and 10)	(note 10)	496.8	464.8	1,447.3	1,440.9
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) (including share-based compensation) (notes 9 and 10)	165.0	172.9	479.8	486.7
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net 5.2 1.2 8.0 12.1 Inpairment, restructuring and other operating items, net $1,085.6$ $1,024.5$ $3,162.1$ $3,185.6$ Operating income 65.7 91.6 266.7 172.6 Non-operating income (expense): 111.5 (379.3) (341.3) Interest expense: (128.7) (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) $ (12.8)$ (5.6) (39.4) Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ (29.4)$ (0.2) Other income (expense), net (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) $(note 8)$ 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) $(note 8)$ 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Related-party fees and allocations, net (note 10)	29.0	4.4	63.0	24.2
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Depreciation and amortization	389.6	381.2	1,164.0	1,221.7
Operating income. 65.7 91.6 266.7 172.6 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) $-$ (12.8) (5.6) (39.4) Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ (29.4)$ (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) $(16 es)$ 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest. 1.6 <	Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net	5.2	1.2	8.0	12.1
Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: Third-party		1,085.6	1,024.5	3,162.1	3,185.6
Interest expense: (128.7) (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) $-$ (12.8) (5.6) (39.4) Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ -$ (29.4) (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 (82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (note 8) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Operating income	65.7	91.6	266.7	172.6
Third-party (128.7) (111.5) (379.3) (341.3) Related-party (note 10) $-$ (12.8) (5.6) (39.4) Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ -$ (29.4) (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 (82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (1016) 4.9 (0.2) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Non-operating income (expense):				
Related-party (note 10) $-$ (12.8) (5.6) (39.4) Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ -$ (29.4) (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) $(note 8)$ 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Interest expense:				
Interest income – related-party (note 10) 64.4 58.4 181.6 167.2 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ (29.4)$ (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 (82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2) <td>Third-party</td> <td>(128.7)</td> <td>(111.5)</td> <td>(379.3)</td> <td>(341.3)</td>	Third-party	(128.7)	(111.5)	(379.3)	(341.3)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10)171.2133.0130.0(13.6)Foreign currency transaction losses, net(189.0)(127.9)(151.4)(58.4)Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ -$ (29.4)(0.2)Other income (expense), net(0.1)0.4(0.5)1.2Earnings (loss) before income taxes(16.5)31.212.1(111.9)Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8)7.9(12.7)(0.3)1.9Net earnings (loss)(note 8)(8.6)18.511.8(110.0)Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest1.6(1.6)4.9(0.2)	Related-party (note 10)		(12.8)	(5.6)	(39.4)
instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 171.2 133.0 130.0 (13.6) Foreign currency transaction losses, net (189.0) (127.9) (151.4) (58.4) Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7) $ (29.4)$ (0.2) Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 (82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Interest income – related-party (note 10)	64.4	58.4	181.6	167.2
Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7)	Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10)	171.2	133.0	130.0	(13.6)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Foreign currency transaction losses, net	(189.0)	(127.9)	(151.4)	(58.4)
Other income (expense), net (0.1) 0.4 (0.5) 1.2 (82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)		_	_	(29.4)	(0.2)
(82.2) (60.4) (254.6) (284.5) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)			0.4	× /	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes (16.5) 31.2 12.1 (111.9) Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)					(284.5)
Income tax benefit (expense) (note 8) 7.9 (12.7) (0.3) 1.9 Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)	Earnings (loss) before income taxes				
Net earnings (loss) (8.6) 18.5 11.8 (110.0) Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)		· · · ·		(0.3)	· · · · ·
Net loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest 1.6 (1.6) 4.9 (0.2)					(110.0)
		· · · ·		4.9	
			£ 16.9	£ 16.7	

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS) (unaudited)

	2015		2014 (a)		2015	1	2014 (a)
			in mi	llion	5		
£	(8.6)	£	18.5	£	11.8	£	(110.0)
	25.8		(54.3)		33.9		(11.1)
	0.3				0.7		
	26.1		(54.3)		34.6		(11.1)
	17.5		(35.8)		46.4		(121.1)
	3.5		(3.0)		2.4		(3.7)
£	21.0	£	(38.8)	£	48.8	£	(124.8)
	£	Septem 2015 £ (8.6) 25.8 0.3 26.1 17.5 3.5 3.5	September 2015 £ (8.6) 25.8 0.3 26.1 17.5 3.5	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	September 30, 2015 2014 (a) in million: £ (8.6) £ 18.5 £ 25.8 (54.3)	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	September 30, September 3 2015 2014 (a) 2015 2 \pounds (8.6) \pounds 18.5 \pounds 11.8 \pounds 25.8 (54.3) 33.9 0.3 0.7 26.1 (54.3) 34.6 0.7 26.1 (54.3) 34.6

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OWNERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

		Pare	nt's equ	ity			
	Additional paid-in capital	Accumulate deficit	com 1 e	cumulated other prehensive arnings, et of taxes	Total parent's equity	Non- controlling interest	Total owners' equity
				in millions	8		
Balance at January 1, 2015 (a)	£ 9,140.3	£ (705.	9) £	49.0	£8,483.4	£ (49.4)	£ 8,434.0
Net earnings		16.	7		16.7	(4.9)	11.8
Other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes	_	_	_	32.1	32.1	2.5	34.6
Consideration issued in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition (notes 1 and 3)	(993.8)	_	_	_	(993.8)	_	(993.8)
Deemed contribution in connection with elimination of the VM Ireland Note (note 3)	470.0	_	_	_	470.0	_	470.0
Contribution of tax assets (note 8)		_	-		49.1		49.1
Share-based compensation (note 9)	18.5	-	_		18.5	0.4	18.9
Capital charge in connection with the exercise of share-based incentive awards (note 10) Deemed contribution of technology-	(18.2)	_	_	_	(18.2)	(0.2)	(18.4)
related services (note 10)	3.7		-		3.7	2.0	5.7
Balance at September 30, 2015	£ 8,669.6	£ (689.	2) £	81.1	£8,061.5	£ (49.6)	£ 8,011.9

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

		nths ended nber 30,
	2015	2014 (a)
	in m	illions
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings (loss)	£ 11.8	£ (110.0)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Share-based compensation expense	29.2	27.5
Related-party fees and allocations, net		24.2
Depreciation and amortization	1,164.0	1,221.7
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net	8.0	12.1
Amortization of deferred financing costs and non-cash interest accretion	8.6	12.7
Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net	29.4	0.2
Realized and unrealized losses (gains) on derivative instruments, net	(130.0)	13.6
Foreign currency transaction losses, net	151.4	58.4
Deferred income tax benefit	(2.1)	(2.4)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(60.0)	(29.2)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,273.3	1,228.8
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash paid in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition	(993.8)	
Capital expenditures	(424.1)	(497.0)
Advances to related parties, net	(430.0)	(747.9)
Other investing activities, net	5.6	(6.5)
Net cash used by investing activities	£ (1,842.3)	£ (1,251.4)

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued) (unaudited)

		Nine mon Septem		
		2015		2014 (a)
		in mi	llior	15
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings of third-party debt	£	2,834.6	£	1,535.5
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations		(2,122.5)		(1,694.5)
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums		(27.9)		(58.8)
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments		(18.1)		(28.5)
Other financing activities, net		(4.7)		(37.2)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		661.4		(283.5)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2.2		(2.4)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		94.6		(308.5)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of period		36.6		344.0
End of period	£	131.2	£	35.5
Cash paid for interest	£	332.4	£	256.3
Net cash paid for taxes	£	3.0	£	0.5

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

(1) **Basis of Presentation**

General

Virgin Media Inc. (Virgin Media) is a provider of video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile services in the United Kingdom (U.K.) and Ireland. Virgin Media is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Liberty Global plc (Liberty Global). In these notes, the terms "we," "our," "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to Virgin Media or collectively to Virgin Media and its subsidiaries.

During the first quarter of 2015, Liberty Global undertook various financing transactions in connection with certain internal reorganizations of its broadband and wireless communications businesses in Europe. As part of these reorganizations, on February 12, 2015, we acquired a 65.0% controlling interest in Virgin Media Ireland Ltd. (VM Ireland), formerly known as UPC Broadband Ireland Ltd., and its subsidiaries from a subsidiary of Liberty Global outside of the Virgin Media borrowing group (the VM Ireland Acquisition). The remaining 35.0% noncontrolling interest in VM Ireland was acquired by another subsidiary of Liberty Global outside of the Virgin Media borrowing group. We have accounted for the VM Ireland Acquisition as a common control transfer at carryover basis and, accordingly, our condensed consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively revised to give effect to this transaction for all periods presented. For additional information regarding the common control transaction, see note 3.

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (**U.S. GAAP**). Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the information required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2014 annual report.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are used in accounting for, among other things, the valuation of acquisition-related assets and liabilities, allowances for uncollectible accounts, programming expenses, deferred income taxes and related valuation allowances, loss contingencies, fair value measurements, impairment assessments, capitalization of internal costs associated with construction and installation activities, useful lives of long-lived assets, share-based compensation and actuarial liabilities associated with certain benefit plans. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into pound sterling are calculated as of September 30, 2015.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

These condensed consolidated financial statements reflect our consideration of the accounting and disclosure implications of subsequent events through November 19, 2015, the date of issuance.

Alignment of accounting policies

Our accounting policy is to generally defer upfront installation fees on our business-to-business (**B2B**) contracts and recognize the associated revenue over the contractual term of the arrangement. Prior to becoming a subsidiary of Liberty Global in 2013, we generally treated installation fees received from customers with B2B contracts as a separate deliverable and recognized revenue upon completion of the installation activity in an amount that was based on the relative standalone selling price methodology.

The following table provides a rollforward of our deferred revenue for installation services provided to customers with B2B contracts during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (in millions):

Balance at January 1, 2015	£	70.7
Amounts deferred for completed installation services (a)		9.7
Amortization of deferred revenue over contract life		(6.9)
Balance at March 31, 2015		73.5
Amounts deferred for completed installation services (a)		10.1
Amortization of deferred revenue over contract life		(7.7)
Balance at June 30, 2015		75.9
Amounts deferred for completed installation services (a)		10.3
Amortization of deferred revenue over contract life		(8.7)
Balance at September 30, 2015	£	77.5

(a) Represents amounts that would have been recognized upfront as installation revenue under our policy prior to becoming a subsidiary of Liberty Global.

(2) <u>Recent Accounting Pronouncements</u>

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (**ASU**) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (**ASU 2014-09**), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09, as amended by ASU No. 2015-14, will replace existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted for annual and interim reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2016. This new standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We will adopt ASU 2014-09 effective January 1, 2018 and we are currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

(3) Acquisition and Common Control Transfer

Pending Acquisition

During the third quarter of 2015, we entered into an agreement to acquire Tullamore Beta Limited, the parent of TV3, a commercial broadcaster in Ireland, for a purchase price of \in 80 million (£59 million) with additional contingent consideration of up to \in 7 million (£5 million) payable dependent on the outcome of a regulatory matter. The purchase price is expected to be substantially funded through existing liquidity. This acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2015.

Common Control Transfer

As further described in note 1, we completed the VM Ireland Acquisition in February 2015. We have accounted for this common control transfer at carryover basis and the applicable prior period information has been retrospectively revised to give effect to this transaction for all periods presented.

In connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition, we (i) paid aggregate cash consideration of \in 1,341.3 million (£993.8 million at the transaction date) to acquire (a) the controlling interest in VM Ireland, as described in note 1, and (b) another Liberty Global's subsidiary's right to receive \in 634.3 million (£470.0 million at the transaction date) from a VM Ireland subsidiary pursuant to a promissory note (the **VM Ireland Note**) and (ii) received a \in 165.6 million (£122.7 million at the transaction date) cash payment from Liberty Global Europe 2 Limited (**LG Europe 2**), our immediate parent, formerly known as Lynx Europe 2 Limited, on the 2023 8.5% LG Europe 2 Notes Receivable (as defined and described in note 10). The \in 1,341.3 million (£993.8 million at the transaction date) of consideration issued in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition was recorded as a capital transaction

during the first quarter of 2015. Following our February 2015 acquisition of the right to receive \notin 634.3 million (£470.0 million at the transaction date) pursuant to the VM Ireland Note, the amounts receivable and payable pursuant to the VM Ireland Note eliminate in consolidation. The impact of the elimination of the amount payable under the VM Ireland Note has been reflected as a deemed contribution in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

The following table sets forth the retrospective effects of this common control transfer on our December 31, 2014 condensed consolidated balance sheet:

		previously reported		common control justments	reti	As cospectively revised
			in	millions		
Current assets	£	1,330.4	£	23.8	£	1,354.2
Property and equipment, net	£	5,796.2	£	278.6	£	6,074.8
Goodwill	£	5,793.7	£	140.0	£	5,933.7
Total assets	£	18,981.7	£	444.9	£	19,426.6
Current liabilities	£	1,778.8	£	74.2	£	1,853.0
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	£	8,348.9	£	0.2	£	8,349.1
Total liabilities	£	10,406.6	£	586.0	£	10,992.6
Total parent's equity	£	8,575.1	£	(91.7)	£	8,483.4
Total owners' equity	£	8,575.1	£	(141.1)	£	8,434.0
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£	18,981.7	£	444.9	£	19,426.6

The following table sets forth the retrospective effects of this common control transfer on our operating results:

		Three mont	hs en	ded Septem	ber a	30, 2014	Nine months ended September 30, 2014						
		previously reported	c	ommon control ustments		As rospectively revised		previously reported	-	ommon control ustments	As retrospectively revised		
						in mi	llion	s					
Revenue	£	1,046.8	£	69.3	£	1,116.1	£	3,145.0	£	213.2	£	3,358.2	
Operating expenses	£	437.9	£	26.9	£	464.8	£	1,355.7	£	85.2	£	1,440.9	
SG&A expenses	£	164.1	£	8.8	£	172.9	£	459.6	£	27.1	£	486.7	
Depreciation and amortization expense	£	368.8	£	12.4	£	381.2	£	1,182.9	£	38.8	£	1,221.7	
Non-operating expense, net	£	(47.7)	£	(12.7)	£	(60.4)	£	(245.1)	£	(39.4)	£	(284.5)	
Income tax benefit (expense)	£	(12.7)	£		£	(12.7)	£	1.9	£		£	1.9	
Net earnings (loss)	£	14.0	£	4.5	£	18.5	£	(110.7)	£	0.7	£	(110.0)	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	14.0	£	2.9	£	16.9	£	(110.7)	£	0.5	£	(110.2)	

(4) **Derivative Instruments**

In general, we seek to enter into derivative instruments to protect against (i) increases in the interest rates on our variable-rate debt, (ii) foreign currency movements, particularly with respect to borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the borrowing entity and (iii) equity exposure with respect to the dilutive effects of the 6.50% convertible senior notes (the **VM Convertible Notes**). In this regard, we have entered into various derivative instruments to manage interest rate exposure and foreign currency exposure with respect to the United States (**U.S.**) dollar (**\$**) and the euro (€). We do not apply hedge accounting to our derivative instruments. Accordingly, changes in the fair values of our derivative instruments are recorded in realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

September 30, 2015						December 31, 2014						
Cu	urrent (a) Long-to		g-term (a)	a) Total		Current (a)		Long-term (a)			Total	
					in mi	llion	s					
. £	33.4	£	182.8	£	216.2	£	28.0	£	102.0	£	130.0	
			22.3		22.3				21.7		21.7	
•	0.7		_		0.7	_			_		_	
. £	34.1	£	205.1	£	239.2	£	28.0	£	123.7	£	151.7	
. £	41.2	£	62.2	£	103.4	£	61.8	£	101.5	£	163.3	
	70.8				70.8		78.0				78.0	
. £	112.0	£	62.2	£	174.2	£	139.8	£	101.5	£	241.3	
-	<u>Cu</u> £ £ £	Current (a) £ 33.4 0.7 0.7 1.1 £ 34.1 £ 41.2 70.8	Current (a) Lon £ 33.4 £ 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 70.8	Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 22.3 0.7 £ 34.1 £ 205.1 £ 41.2 £ 62.2 70.8	Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 22.3 22.3 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 £ 34.1 £ 205.1 £ £ 41.2 £ 62.2 £ 70.8	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in mi in mi £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 - 22.3 22.3 22.3 0.7 - 0.7 \pounds 34.1 £ 205.1 £ 239.2 £ 41.2 £ 62.2 £ 103.4 70.8 - 70.8 - 70.8	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total Current (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 22.3 22.3 22.3 0.7 0.7 0.7 $\frac{0.7}{\pounds}$ $\frac{205.1}{\pounds}$ $\frac{\pounds}{239.2}$ $\frac{\pounds}{\pounds}$ £ 41.2 £ 62.2 £ 103.4 £ 70.8 70.8 70.8	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in millions Current (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 22.3 22.3 0.7 0.7	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total Current (a) Long-term (a) in millions in millions in millions Long-term (a) Long-term (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 £ - 22.3 22.3 0.7 - 0.7 <td>Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in millions Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 £ 102.0 - 22.3 22.3 - 21.7 0.7 - 0.7 - - $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ £ 34.1 $1.205.1$ $1.239.2$ $1.28.0$ $1.23.7$ £ 41.2 $1.23.7$ $1.03.4$ $1.03.4$ $1.01.5$ $1.28.$ 103.4 $1.03.4$ $1.01.5$</td> <td>Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in millions Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 £ 102.0 £ 22.3 22.3 21.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 14.1 £ 205.1 £ 239.2 £ 28.0 £ 123.7 £ £ 34.1 £ 205.1 £ 239.2 £ 28.0 £ 123.7 £ £ 41.2 £ 62.2 £ 103.4 £ 61.8 £ 101.5 £ 70.8 78.0 <t< td=""></t<></td>	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in millions Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 £ 102.0 - 22.3 22.3 - 21.7 0.7 - 0.7 - - $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ $1.23.7$ £ 34.1 $1.205.1$ $1.239.2$ $1.28.0$ $1.23.7$ £ 41.2 $1.23.7$ $1.03.4$ $1.03.4$ $1.01.5$ $1.28.$ $ 103.4$ $1.03.4$ $1.01.5$	Current (a) Long-term (a) Total in millions Current (a) Long-term (a) £ 33.4 £ 182.8 £ 216.2 £ 28.0 £ 102.0 £ 22.3 22.3 21.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 14.1 £ 205.1 £ 239.2 £ 28.0 £ 123.7 £ £ 34.1 £ 205.1 £ 239.2 £ 28.0 £ 123.7 £ £ 41.2 £ 62.2 £ 103.4 £ 61.8 £ 101.5 £ 70.8 78.0 <t< td=""></t<>	

The following table provides details of the fair values of our derivative instrument assets and liabilities:

- (a) Our current derivative assets are included in other current assets and our long-term derivative assets and liabilities are included in other assets, net, and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- We consider credit risk in our fair value assessments. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, (i) the fair values (b) of our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts that represented assets have been reduced by credit risk valuation adjustments aggregating £6.3 million and £1.8 million, respectively, and (ii) the fair values of our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts that represented liabilities have been reduced by credit risk valuation adjustments aggregating £4.4 million and £6.2 million, respectively. The adjustments to our derivative assets relate to the credit risk associated with counterparty nonperformance and the adjustments to our derivative liabilities relate to credit risk associated with our own nonperformance. In all cases, the adjustments take into account offsetting liability or asset positions within a given contract. Our determination of credit risk valuation adjustments generally is based on our and our counterparties' credit risks, as observed in the credit default swap market and market quotations for certain of our debt instruments, as applicable. The changes in the credit risk valuation adjustments associated with our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts resulted in net losses of $\pounds 16.2$ million and $\pounds 8.3$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and net losses of £6.3 million and £13.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These amounts are included in realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. For further information regarding our fair value measurements, see note 5.
- (c) The fair value of our (i) equity-related derivative assets relates to the Virgin Media Capped Calls, as defined and described below, and (ii) equity-related derivative liabilities relates to the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes.

The details of our realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2015		2014		2015	2014	
			in mi	illions	5		
£	158.0	£	129.8	£	127.7	£	(17.5)
	12.5		2.6		9.1		3.4
	0.7		0.6		(6.8)		0.5
£	171.2	£	133.0	£	130.0	£	(13.6)
	£	Septen 2015 £ 158.0 12.5 0.7	September : 2015 £ 158.0 £ 12.5 0.7	September 30, 2015 2014 in mi £ 158.0 £ 129.8 12.5 2.6 0.7 0.6	September 30, 2015 2014 in millions £ 158.0 £ 129.8 £ 12.5 2.6 0.7 0.6	September 30, Septem 2015 2014 2015 in millions 129.8 £ 127.7 12.5 2.6 9.1 0.7 0.6 (6.8)	September 30, September 3 2015 2014 2015 in millions 129.8 £ 127.7 £ 12.5 2.6 9.1 0.7 0.6 (6.8)

(a) Represents activity related to the Virgin Media Capped Calls, as defined and described below, and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes.

(b) Amounts include gains or losses associated with related-party derivative instruments with Liberty Global Europe Financing BV (LGE Financing), a subsidiary of Liberty Global.

The net cash received or paid related to our derivative instruments is classified as an operating, investing or financing activity in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows based on the objective of the derivative instrument and the classification of the applicable underlying cash flows. For derivative contracts that are terminated prior to maturity, the cash paid or received upon termination that relates to future periods is classified as a financing activity. The classification of these net cash outflows is as follows:

		Nine mon Septem		
	2015			2014
		in millions		
Operating activities	£	(17.4)	£	(23.9)
Financing activities		(18.1)		(28.5)
Total	£	(35.5)	£	(52.4)

Counterparty Credit Risk

We are exposed to the risk that the counterparties to our derivative instruments will default on their obligations to us. We manage these credit risks through the evaluation and monitoring of the creditworthiness of, and concentration of risk with, the respective counterparties. In this regard, credit risk associated with our derivative instruments is spread across a relatively broad counterparty base of banks and financial institutions. Collateral is generally not posted by either party under our derivative instruments. At September 30, 2015, our exposure to counterparty credit risk included derivative assets with an aggregate fair value of £236.1 million.

Details of our Derivative Instruments

In the following tables, we present the details of the various categories of our subsidiaries' derivative instruments. The notional amounts of multiple derivative instruments that mature within the same calendar month are shown in the aggregate and interest rates are presented on a weighted average basis. In addition, for derivative instruments that were in effect as of September 30, 2015, we present a single date that represents the applicable final maturity date. For derivative instruments that become effective subsequent to September 30, 2015, we present a range of dates that represents the period covered by the applicable derivative instruments.

Cross-currency and Interest Rate Derivative Contracts

Cross-currency Swaps:

The terms of our outstanding cross-currency swap contracts at September 30, 2015, which are held by our subsidiary, Virgin Media Investment Holdings Limited (VMIH), are as follows:

Final maturity date		Notional amount lue from interparty		Notional amount due to 1nterparty_	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty
		in mi	llions	5		
January 2023	\$	400.0	€	339.6	5.75%	4.33%
June 2023	\$	1,855.0	£	1,198.3	6 mo. U.S. LIBOR + 2.75%	6 mo. LIBOR + 3.18%
February 2022	\$	1,400.0	£	873.6	5.01%	5.49%
January 2023	\$	1,000.0	£	648.6	5.25%	5.32%
January 2021	\$	500.0	£	308.9	5.25%	6 mo. LIBOR + 2.06%
October 2022	\$	450.0	£	272.0	6.00%	6.43%
January 2022	\$	425.0	£	255.8	5.50%	5.82%
April 2019	\$	191.5	£	122.3	5.38%	5.49%
November 2016 (a)	\$	55.0	£	27.7	6.50%	7.03%
October 2019	\$	50.0	£	30.3	8.38%	8.98%
October 2019 - October 2022	\$	50.0	£	30.7	6.00%	5.75%

(a) Unlike the other cross-currency swaps presented in this table, the identified cross-currency swap does not involve the exchange of notional amounts at the inception and maturity of the instrument. Accordingly, the only cash flows associated with this instrument are interest payments and receipts.

Interest Rate Swaps:

The terms of our outstanding interest rate swap contracts at September 30, 2015, which are held by VMIH, are as follows:

Final maturity date		otional amount	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty
		in millions		
October 2018	£	2,155.0	6 mo. LIBOR	1.52%
October 2018 - June 2023	£	1,200.0	6 mo. LIBOR	2.49%
January 2021	£	650.0	5.50%	6 mo. LIBOR + 1.84%
January 2021	£	650.0	6 mo. LIBOR + 1.84%	3.87%
December 2015	£	600.0	6 mo. LIBOR	2.90%
April 2018	£	300.0	6 mo. LIBOR	1.37%

Equity-related Derivative Instruments

Virgin Media Capped Calls. During 2010, we entered into conversion hedges (the **Virgin Media Capped Calls**) with respect to the VM Convertible Notes in order to offset a portion of the dilutive effects associated with conversion of the VM Convertible Notes. We account for the Virgin Media Capped Calls at fair value using a binomial pricing model and changes in fair value are reported in realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of the Virgin Media Capped Calls as of September 30, 2015 was an asset of £22.3 million. The Virgin Media Capped Calls as 0, 2016 to November 10, 2016.

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts – Related-Party

The following table summarizes the foreign currency forward contracts between VMIH and LGE Financing at September 30, 2015:

Maturity date	pu	irrency rchased orward		Currency sold forward
		in m	illion	IS
October 2015	\$	29.5	£	18.9
January 2016	\$	2.0	£	1.3
February 2016	\$	13.5	£	8.9
March 2016	\$	0.3	£	0.2
April 2016	\$	0.8	£	0.5
May 2016	\$	14.1	£	9.3

(5) Fair Value Measurements

We use the fair value method to account for our derivative instruments. The reported fair values of these derivative instruments as of September 30, 2015 likely will not represent the value that will be paid or received upon the ultimate settlement or disposition of these assets and liabilities. We expect that the values realized generally will be based on market conditions at the time of settlement, which may occur at the maturity of the derivative instrument or at the time of the repayment or refinancing of the underlying debt instrument.

U.S. GAAP provides for a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. We record transfers of assets or liabilities in or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 at the beginning of the quarter during which the transfer occurred. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, no such transfers were made.

All of our Level 2 inputs (interest rate futures, swap rates and certain of the inputs for our weighted average cost of capital calculations) and certain of our Level 3 inputs (forecasted volatilities and credit spreads) are obtained from pricing services. These inputs, or interpolations or extrapolations thereof, are used in our internal models to calculate, among other items, yield curves, forward interest and currency rates and weighted average cost of capital rates. In the normal course of business, we receive market value assessments from the counterparties to our derivative contracts. Although we compare these assessments to our internal valuations and investigate unexpected differences, we do not otherwise rely on counterparty quotes to determine the fair values of our derivative instruments. The midpoints of applicable bid and ask ranges generally are used as inputs for our internal valuations.

The recurring fair value measurement of our equity-related derivative instruments are based on binomial option pricing models, which require the input of observable and unobservable variables such as exchange traded equity prices, risk-free interest rates, dividend yields and forecasted volatilities of the underlying equity securities. The valuations of our equity-related derivative instruments are based on a combination of Level 1 inputs (exchange traded equity prices), Level 2 inputs (interest rate futures and swap rates) and Level 3 inputs (forecasted volatilities). As changes in volatilities could have a significant impact on the overall valuations, we have determined that these valuations fall under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. At September 30, 2015 the valuations of the Virgin Media Capped Calls and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes were not significantly impacted by forecasted volatilities.

As further described in note 4, we have entered into various derivative instruments to manage our interest rate and foreign currency exchange risk. The recurring fair value measurements of these derivative instruments are determined using discounted cash flow models. Most of the inputs to these discounted cash flow models consist of, or are derived from, observable Level 2 data for substantially the full term of these derivative instruments. This observable data includes applicable interest rate futures

and swap rates, which are retrieved or derived from available market data. Although we may extrapolate or interpolate this data, we do not otherwise alter this data in performing our valuations. We incorporate a credit risk valuation adjustment in our fair value measurements to estimate the impact of both our own nonperformance risk and the nonperformance risk of our counterparties. Our and our counterparties' credit spreads are Level 3 inputs that are used to derive the credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to our various interest rate and foreign currency derivative valuations. As we would not expect changes in our or our counterparties' credit spreads to have a significant impact on the valuations of these derivative instruments, we have determined that these valuations fall under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Our credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to our cross-currency and interest rate swaps are quantified and further explained in note 4.

Fair value measurements are also used in connection with nonrecurring valuations performed in connection with impairment assessments and acquisition accounting. These nonrecurring valuations include the valuation of customer relationship intangible assets, property and equipment and the implied value of goodwill. The valuation of customer relationships is primarily based on an excess earnings methodology, which is a form of a discounted cash flow analysis. The excess earnings methodology requires us to estimate the specific cash flows expected from the customer relationship, considering such factors as estimated customer life, the revenue expected to be generated over the life of the customer, contributory asset charges, and other factors. Tangible assets are typically valued using a replacement or reproduction cost approach, considering factors such as current prices of the same or similar equipment, the age of the equipment and economic obsolescence. The implied value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of a reporting unit to all of the assets and liabilities of that unit as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination, with the residual amount allocated to goodwill. All of our nonrecurring valuations use significant unobservable inputs and therefore fall under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we did not perform any significant nonrecurring fair value measurements.

A summary of our derivative instrument assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

				ents at using:					
Description		September 30, 2015 Quoted price in active markets for identical asset (Level 1)				Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)		
				in mi	llior	18			
Assets:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	216.2	£	—	£	216.2	£	_	
Equity-related derivative instruments		22.3						22.3	
Foreign currency forward contracts — related-party		0.7				0.7			
Total assets	£	239.2	£		£	216.9	£	22.3	
Liabilities:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	103.4	£		£	103.4	£		
Equity-related derivative instruments		70.8						70.8	
Total liabilities	£	174.2	£		£	103.4	£	70.8	
	_		-		_				

			Fair value measurements at December 31, 2014 using:							
Description		cember 31, 2014	in active markets for ob- identical assets i			ignificant other bservable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			
				in mi	llion	5				
Assets:										
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	130.0	£		£	130.0	£	_		
Equity-related derivative instruments		21.7				—		21.7		
Total assets	£	151.7	£		£	130.0	£	21.7		
Liabilities:										
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	163.3	£		£	163.3	£			
Equity-related derivative instruments		78.0				_		78.0		
Total liabilities	£	241.3	£		£	163.3	£	78.0		

(6) Long-lived Assets

Property and Equipment, Net

The details of our property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation are set forth below:

	Sep	tember 30, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (a)
		in mi	llions	5
Distribution systems	£	6,268.1	£	5,935.4
Customer premises equipment		1,465.6		1,295.2
Support equipment, buildings and land		982.0		827.2
		8,715.7		8,057.8
Accumulated depreciation		(2,827.6)		(1,983.0)
Total property and equipment, net	£	5,888.1	£	6,074.8

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we recorded non-cash increases related to vendor financing arrangements of £270.0 million and £133.7 million, respectively, which exclude related VAT of £38.7 million and £15.9 million, respectively, that were also financed by our vendors under these arrangements. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we recorded non-cash increases to our property and equipment related to assets acquired under capital leases of £13.9 million and £27.9 million, respectively.

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of our goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are set forth below (in millions):

Balance at January 1, 2015 (a)	£	5,933.7
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(6.8)
Acquisitions and related adjustments		0.3
Balance at September 30, 2015	£	5,927.2

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization, Net

The details of our intangible assets subject to amortization are set forth below:

	Sep	tember 30, 2015	December 31, 2014 (a)	
		in mi	;	
Customer relationships	£	2,522.3	£	2,522.4
Accumulated amortization		(842.0)		(568.8)
Total	£	1,680.3	£	1,953.6

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

(7) <u>Debt and Capital Lease Obligations</u>

The pound sterling equivalents of the components of our consolidated debt and capital lease obligations are as follows:

	September	30, 201	5									
	Weighted		used		Estimated fa		. ,			g value (c)		
	average interest rate (a)		owing acity	Sep	tember 30, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (d)	Sep	tember 30, 2015	December 31 2014 (d)		
						i	in millions					
Third-party debt:												
Parent:												
VM Convertible Notes (e)	6.50%	£		£	108.3	£	114.7	£	37.2	£	36.5	
Subsidiaries:												
VM Notes	5.61 %		—		6,926.2		5,430.4		7,105.0		5,173.4	
VM Credit Facility	3.76%	(f)		2,257.1		3,038.9		2,275.2		3,083.3	
Vendor financing (g)	3.61 %				302.0		227.0		302.0		227.0	
Total third-party debt	5.12%			£	9,593.6	£	8,811.0		9,719.4		8,520.2	
Related-party debt (note 10):												
VM Ireland Note (h)							(h)				439.0	
Total debt	5.12%	£							9,719.4		8,959.2	
Capital lease obligations:												
Third-party					•••••				120.6		163.8	
Related-party					•••••						0.3	
Total capital lease obligations	5								120.6		164.1	
Total debt and capital lease oblig									9,840.0		9,123.3	
Current maturities									(501.8)		(335.2)	
Long-term debt and capital lease	obligations							£	9,338.2	£	8,788.1	

⁽a) Represents the weighted average interest rate in effect at September 30, 2015 for all borrowings outstanding pursuant to each debt instrument including any applicable margin. The interest rates presented represent stated rates and do not include the impact of derivative instruments, deferred financing costs, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, all of which affect our overall cost of borrowing. Including the effects of derivative instruments, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, but excluding the impact of financing costs, our weighted average interest rate on our aggregate third-party variable- and fixed-rate indebtedness was 5.5% at September 30, 2015. For information regarding our derivative instruments, see note 4.

- (b) The estimated fair values of our debt instruments are determined using the average of applicable bid and ask prices (mostly Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy) or, when quoted market prices are unavailable or not considered indicative of fair value, discounted cash flow models (mostly Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). The discount rates used in the cash flow models are based on the market interest rates and estimated credit spreads of the applicable entity, to the extent available, and other relevant factors. For additional information regarding fair value hierarchies, see note 5.
- (c) Amounts include the impact of premiums and discounts, where applicable.
- (d) As retrospectively revised see note 3.
- (e) Effective with the July 1, 2015 completion of the LiLAC Transaction (as defined in note 9), the VM Convertible Notes are exchangeable under certain conditions for 14.0791 Class A Liberty Global Shares (as defined in note 9), 35.1665 Class C

Liberty Global Shares and \$910.51 (£601.76) in cash (without interest) for each \$1,000 (£660.9) in principal amount of VM Convertible Notes exchanged.

- (f) Unused borrowing capacity represents the maximum availability under our senior secured credit facility, as amended, (the VM Credit Facility) at September 30, 2015 without regard to covenant compliance calculations or other conditions precedent to borrowing. The VM Revolving Facility (as defined below) is a multi-currency revolving facility with maximum borrowing capacity equivalent to £675.0 million. The £110.8 million outstanding balance at September 30, 2015 was borrowed in euros. At September 30, 2015, based on the applicable leverage and other financial covenants, the full £564.2 million of unused borrowing capacity was available to be borrowed. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed, and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 borrowing levels, we anticipate that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available. In addition to these limitations, the debt instruments of our subsidiaries contain restricted payment tests that limit the amount that can be loaned or distributed to other Virgin Media subsidiaries and ultimately to Virgin Media. At September 30, 2015, the full amount of unused borrowing capacity by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015, the full amount of unused borrowing capacity we available to be loaned or distributed by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 compliance that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available to be loaned or distributed by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 borrowing levels, we anticipate that the full amount of unused borrowing c
- (g) Represents amounts owed pursuant to interest-bearing vendor financing arrangements that are used to finance certain of our property and equipment additions, and to a lesser extent, certain of our operating expenses. These obligations are due within one year. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the amounts owed pursuant to these arrangements include £37.3 million and £27.4 million, respectively, of VAT that was paid on our behalf by the vendor. Repayments of vendor financing obligations are included in repayments and repurchases of debt and capital lease obligations in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.
- (h) The December 31, 2014 amount represents the principal amount owed under the VM Ireland Note. Following our February 2015 acquisition of the right to receive amounts due under the VM Ireland Note in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition, the amounts payable and receivable under the VM Ireland Note eliminate in consolidation. For additional information, see note 3. The fair value of this loan is not subject to reasonable estimation due to the related-party nature of the loan.

VM Notes

The details of the outstanding senior notes of Virgin Media as of September 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

			(Outstandin amo		ncipal		
VM Notes	Maturity	Interest rate		orrowing urrency	Pound sterling equivalent		Estimated fair value	Carrying value (a)
						in mi	llions	
2022 VM Senior Notes:								
2022 VM Senior Rotes. 2022 VM 4.875% Dollar Senior Notes	February 15, 2022	4.875%	\$	118.7	£	78.4	£ 73.1	£ 79.0
2022 VM 5.25% Dollar Senior Notes	,	5.250%	\$	95.0	L	62.8	58.6	£ 79.0 63.2
2022 VM Sterling Senior Notes	2	5.125%	£	44.1		44.1	43.0	44.4
2023 VM Senior Notes:	1 coldary 15, 2022	0.12070	~	11.1		11.1	15.0	
2023 VM Dollar Senior Notes	April 15, 2023	6.375%	\$	530.0		350.3	349.2	350.3
2023 VM Sterling Senior Notes	April 15, 2023	7.000%	£	250.0		250.0	259.4	250.0
2024 VM Senior Notes:	April 10, 2020	1.00070	~	250.0		230.0	209.1	250.0
2024 VM Dollar Senior Notes	October 15, 2024	6.000%	\$	500.0		330.4	318.4	330.4
2024 VM Sterling Senior Notes	October 15, 2024	6.375%	£	300.0		300.0	300.0	300.0
2025 VM Senior Notes:	,	0107070	~	20010		200.0	200.0	200.0
2025 VM Euro Senior Notes	January 15, 2025	4.500%	€	460.0		339.9	309.6	340.0
2025 VM Dollar Senior Notes	January 15, 2025	5.750%	\$	400.0		264.3	246.7	264.3
January 2021 VM Senior Secured Notes:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
January 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2021	5.500%	£	628.4		628.4	653.1	635.8
January 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2021	5.250%	\$	447.9		296.0	308.6	303.0
April 2021 VM Senior Secured Notes:								
April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes	April 15, 2021	6.000%	£	990.0		990.0	1,006.1	990.0
April 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes	April 15, 2021	5.375%	\$	900.0		594.8	598.1	594.8
2025 VM Senior Secured Notes:								
2025 VM 5.5% Sterling Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2025	5.500%	£	387.0		387.0	374.2	387.0
2025 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2025	5.500%	\$	425.0		280.9	274.0	280.9
2025 VM 5.125% Sterling Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2025	5.125%	£	300.0		300.0	280.9	300.0
2026 VM Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2026	5.250%	\$	1,000.0		660.9	609.6	664.0
2027 VM Senior Secured Notes	January 15, 2027	4.875%	£	525.0		525.0	468.6	525.0
2029 VM Senior Secured Notes	March 28, 2029	6.250%	£	400.0	_	400.0	395.0	402.9
Total					£	7,083.2	£ 6,926.2	£ 7,105.0

⁽a) Amounts include the impact of premiums, where applicable, including amounts recorded in connection with the acquisition accounting for Virgin Media.

Refinancing Transactions. On March 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance PLC (Virgin Media Secured Finance), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Virgin Media, issued (i) \$500.0 million (£330.5 million) principal amount of 5.25% senior secured

notes due January 15, 2026 (the **Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes**) and (ii) the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes. The net proceeds from the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes were used to (a) redeem 10% of the principal amount of each of the following series of notes issued by Virgin Media Secured Finance: (1) the April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes, (2) the April 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes and (3) the 2025 VM 5.5% Sterling Senior Secured Notes, each at a redemption price equal to 103% of the applicable redeemed principal amount in accordance with the indentures governing each of the notes, and (b) prepay in full the existing £375.0 million outstanding principal amount of term loan A (VM Facility A) and \$400.0 million (£264.4 million) of the existing \$2,755.0 million (£1,820.8 million) outstanding principal amount of term loan B (VM Facility B), each under the VM Credit Facility (as described below). In connection with these transactions, we recognized a loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of £20.2 million. This loss includes (I) the write-off of £12.6 million of deferred financing costs, (II) the payment of £6.6 million of redemption premium and (III) the write-off of £1.0 million of unamortized discount.

On April 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance issued \$500.0 million (£330.5 million) principal amount of 5.25% senior secured notes due January 15, 2026 (the **Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes** and, together with the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes, the **2026 VM Senior Secured Notes**). The Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes were issued at 101% of par. The net proceeds from the Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes were used to prepay \$500.0 million (£330.5 million) of the outstanding principal amount of VM Facility B. In connection with this transaction, we recognized a loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of £6.1 million. This loss includes the write-off of (i) £4.8 million of deferred financing costs and (ii) £1.3 million of unamortized discount.

The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are senior obligations of Virgin Media Secured Finance that rank equally with all of the existing and future senior debt of Virgin Media Secured Finance and are senior to all existing and future subordinated debt of Virgin Media Secured Finance. The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media and certain subsidiaries of Virgin Media (the **VM Senior Secured Guarantors**) and are secured by liens on substantially all of the assets of Virgin Media Secured Finance and the VM Senior Secured Guarantors (except for Virgin Media).

The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes contain certain customary incurrence-based covenants. For example, the ability to raise certain additional debt and make certain distributions or loans to other subsidiaries of Liberty Global is subject to a consolidated net leverage ratio test, as specified in the indenture. In addition, the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes provide that any failure to pay principal prior to expiration of any applicable grace period, or any acceleration with respect to other indebtedness of £75.0 million or more in the aggregate of VMIH or the restricted subsidiaries (as specified in the indenture) is an event of default under the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes.

Subject to the circumstances described below, the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes are non-callable until January 15, 2020 and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are non-callable until January 15, 2021 (each, a **"Call Date"**). At any time prior to the applicable Call Date, Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem some or all of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes or the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes (as applicable) by paying a "make-whole" premium, which is the present value of all remaining scheduled interest payments to the applicable Call Date using the discount rate (as specified in the indenture) as of the redemption date plus 50 basis points.

Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem some or all of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes or the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes at the following redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) plus accrued and unpaid interest and additional amounts (as specified in the indenture), if any, to the applicable redemption date, if redeemed during the 12-month period commencing on January 15 of the years set forth below:

	Redempt	ion price
Year	2026 VM Senior Secured Notes	2027 VM Senior Secured Notes
2020	102.625%	N.A.
2021	101.313%	102.438%
2022	100.656%	101.219%
2023	100.000%	100.609%
2024 and thereafter	100.000%	100.000%

Prior to the applicable Call Date, during each 12-month period commencing on the date on which the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes were issued, Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem up to 10% of the principal amount of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes at a redemption price equal to 103% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to (but excluding) the redemption date.

If VMIH or the restricted subsidiaries (as specified in the indenture) sell certain assets or if Virgin Media Communications Limited (Virgin Media Communications) or certain of its subsidiaries experience specific changes in control, Virgin Media Secured Finance must offer to repurchase the relevant notes at a redemption price of 101%.

VM Credit Facility

The VM Credit Facility, as amended, is the senior secured credit facility of VMIH, together with certain other subsidiaries of Virgin Media. The details of our borrowings under the VM Credit Facility as of September 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

VM Facility	Maturity	Interest rate	Facility amount (in borrowing currency)		borrowing capacity		(in borrowing bor currency) ca			arrying alue (a)
					in mi	llions				
D	June 30, 2022	LIBOR + 3.25% (b)	£	100.0	£		£	99.8		
Е	June 30, 2023	LIBOR + 3.50% (b)	£	849.4		_		847.5		
F	June 30, 2023	LIBOR + 2.75% (b)	\$	1,855.0		_		1,217.1		
Revolving Facility (c)	December 31, 2021	LIBOR + 2.75%		(d)		564.2		110.8		
Total					£	564.2	£	2,275.2		

(a) The carrying values of VM Facilities D, E and F include the impact of discounts.

(b) VM Facilities D, E and F each have a LIBOR floor of 0.75%.

(c) The VM Revolving Facility has a fee on unused commitments of 1.1% per year.

(d) Unused borrowing capacity represents the maximum availability under the VM Credit Facility at September 30, 2015 without regard to covenant compliance calculations or other conditions precedent to borrowing. The VM Revolving Facility is a multi-currency revolving facility with maximum borrowing capacity equivalent to £675.0 million. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2015 was borrowed in euros. At September 30, 2015, based on the applicable leverage and other financial covenants, the full amount of unused borrowing capacity was available to be borrowed. When the relevant

September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed, and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 borrowing levels, we anticipate that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available. In addition to these limitations, the debt instruments of our subsidiaries contain restricted payment tests that limit the amount that can be loaned or distributed to other Virgin Media subsidiaries and ultimately to Virgin Media. At September 30, 2015, the full amount of unused borrowing capacity was available to be loaned or distributed by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 borrowing levels, we anticipate that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available to be loaned or distributed to determine the test state in the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available to be loaned or distributed by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility. When the relevant September 30, 2015 compliance reporting requirements have been completed and assuming no changes from September 30, 2015 borrowing levels, we anticipate that the full amount of unused borrowing capacity will continue to be available to be loaned or distributed by the borrowers of the VM Credit Facility.

Refinancing Transactions. In June 2015, (i) \$1,855.0 million (£1,226.0 million) of commitments under the existing VM Facility B were effectively rolled into a new dollar denominated term loan (**VM Facility F**) and (ii) we amended the terms of our VM Revolving Facility (the **VM Revolving Facility Amendment**) to extend the maturity to December 31, 2021, reduce the margin from 3.25% to 2.75% and increase the commitments by £15.0 million. In connection with these transactions, we recognized a loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of £3.1 million. This loss includes (a) the write-off of £2.1 million of deferred financing costs, (b) the write-off of £0.5 million of unamortized discount and (c) the payment of £0.5 million of third-party costs.

VM Facility F and the VM Revolving Facility Amendment contain certain amendments to the VM Credit Facility, including the deletion of the senior net debt to annualized EBITDA (as specified in the VM Credit Facility) maintenance covenant and amending the total net debt to annualized EBITDA (as specified in the VM Credit Facility) maintenance covenant to limit its application so that it applies only for the benefit of the revolving credit facility lenders when greater than one-third of the revolving credit facilities are drawn on the last day of the relevant ratio period. On July 30, 2015, the VM Credit Facility was amended and restated to reflect these and certain other amendments approved by the majority lenders under the VM Credit Facility.

Maturities of Debt and Capital Lease Obligations

The pound sterling equivalents of the maturities of our debt and capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2015 are presented below:

		Debt	Capital lease obligations in millions			Total
Year ending December 31:						
2015 (remainder of year)	£	151.2	£	18.9	£	170.1
2016		297.8		48.8		346.6
2017				23.1		23.1
2018				7.2		7.2
2019				3.5		3.5
2020				2.9		2.9
Thereafter		9,258.5		139.6		9,398.1
Total debt maturities		9,707.5		244.0		9,951.5
Unamortized premium, net of discount		11.9		—		11.9
Amounts representing interest		_		(123.4)		(123.4)
Total debt	£	9,719.4	£	120.6	£	9,840.0
Current portion	£	450.1	£	51.7	£	501.8
Noncurrent portion	£	9,269.3	£	68.9	£	9,338.2
					-	

Non-cash Refinancing Transactions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, certain of our refinancing transactions included non-cash borrowings and repayments of debt aggregating £1,205.3 million and £500.4 million, respectively.

(8) Income Taxes

Certain of our U.K. subsidiaries are within the same U.K. tax group as our ultimate parent company, Liberty Global, and its U.K. subsidiaries. U.K. tax law permits the surrendering without cash payment of tax losses between entities within the same tax group. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, tax losses with an aggregate tax effect of £49.1 million were surrendered by Liberty Global and its U.K. subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media to our U.K. subsidiaries. These surrendered tax assets are reflected as an increase to additional paid-in capital in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity.

Income tax benefit (expense) attributable to our earnings (loss) before income taxes differs from the amounts computed using the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%, as a result of the following factors:

		Three mor Septem				Nine mont Septeml		
		2015 2014 (a)			2015			2014 (a)
				in mil	lion	18		
Computed "expected" tax benefit (expense)	£	5.8	£	(10.9)	£	(4.2)	£	39.2
Change in valuation allowances		22.2		5.6		33.2		(18.7)
Basis and other differences in the treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries		(23.3)		(25.1)		(32.7)		(40.0)
International rate differences (b)		(0.4)		17.4		3.6		21.1
Other, net		3.6		0.3		(0.2)		0.3
Total income tax benefit (expense)	£	7.9	£	(12.7)	£	(0.3)	£	1.9

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

(b) Amounts reflect statutory rates in the U.K. and Ireland, which are lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate. In November 2015, it was announced that the U.K. corporate income tax rate will change from the current rate of 20% to 19% in 2017 and 18% in 2020. Amounts will reflect these rate changes during the fourth quarter of 2015.

(9) <u>Share-based Compensation</u>

Our share-based compensation expense represents amounts allocated to our company by Liberty Global and related employer taxes. The amounts allocated by Liberty Global to our company represent share-based compensation associated with the Liberty Global share-based incentive awards held by certain employees of our subsidiaries. Share-based compensation expense allocated to our company by Liberty Global is reflected as an increase to owners' equity. The increase to owners' equity is offset by any amounts recharged to us by Liberty Global, as further described in note 10. Share-based incentive awards are denominated in U.S. dollars.

On July 1, 2015, Liberty Global completed the approved steps of the "LiLAC Transaction" whereby Liberty Global (i) reclassified its then outstanding Class A, Class B and Class C Liberty Global ordinary shares (collectively, the Old Liberty Global Shares) into corresponding classes of new Liberty Global ordinary shares (collectively, the Liberty Global Shares) and (ii) capitalized a portion of its share premium account and distributed as a dividend (or a "bonus issue" under U.K. law) its LiLAC Class A, Class B and Class C ordinary shares (collectively, the LiLAC Shares). Pursuant to the LiLAC Transaction, each holder of Class A, Class B and Class C Old Liberty Global Shares remained a holder of the same amount and class of Liberty Global Shares held as of the record date for such distribution.

The following table summarizes our share-based compensation expense, which is included in SG&A expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations:

		Three months ended September 30,					nths ended nber 30,		
		2015		2014 (a) 2		2015	2	014 (a)	
				in mi	llions	5			
Performance-based incentive awards (a)	£	3.6	£	2.2	£	8.1	£	5.0	
Other share-based incentive awards		8.4		6.4		21.1		22.5	
Total (b)	£	12.0	£	8.6	£	29.2	£	27.5	

- (a) Includes share-based compensation expense related to (i) Liberty Global performance-based restricted share units (**PSUs**) and (ii) a challenge performance award plan for certain executive officers and key employees of Liberty Global, including certain employees of our subsidiaries (the **Challenge Performance Awards**). The Challenge Performance Awards include performance-based share appreciation rights (**PSARs**) and PSUs.
- (b) In connection with the LiLAC Transaction, the compensation committee of Liberty Global's board of directors approved modifications to Liberty Global's outstanding share-based incentive awards (the Award Modifications) in accordance with the underlying share-based incentive plans. The objective of the compensation committee was to ensure a relatively unchanged intrinsic value of outstanding equity awards before and after the bonus issuance of the LiLAC Shares. The mechanism to modify outstanding share-based incentive awards, as approved by the compensation committee, utilized the volume-weighted average price of the respective shares for the five days prior to and the five days following the bonus issuance (Modification VWAPs). In order to determine if any incremental stock-based compensation expense should be recorded as a result of the Award Modifications, we are required to measure the changes in the fair values of the then outstanding share-based incentive awards using market prices immediately before and immediately after the Award Modifications. Due to declines in the share prices of Liberty Global's Class A and Class C Liberty Global Shares following the bonus issuance, the exercise prices of options, share appreciation rights (SARs) and PSARs determined using the Modification VWAPs were lower than the exercise prices that would have resulted if the market prices immediately before and after the Award Modifications had been used. Accordingly, the Black-Scholes fair values of Liberty Global options, SARs and PSARs held by employees of our subsidiaries increased as a result of the Award Modifications, resulting in incremental stock-based compensation expense of £9.1 million. This amount includes £5.0 million of expense recognized during the third quarter of 2015 related to awards that vested on or prior to September 30, 2015 and £4.1 million of expense that will be recognized in future periods through 2019 as the related awards vest.

	C or	iberty Global dinary ares (a)	G perfo basec	berty lobal rmance- l awards ı) (b)
Total compensation expense not yet recognized (in millions)	£	30.0	£	7.8
Weighted average period remaining for expense recognition (in years)		2.8		1.3

⁽a) Amounts relate to awards granted or assumed by Liberty Global under (i) the Virgin Media Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective June 7, 2013), (ii) certain other incentive plans of our company and (iii) the Liberty Global 2014 Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective February 24, 2015) and certain other incentive plans of Liberty Global. All new awards are granted under the Liberty Global 2014 Incentive Plan.

⁽b) Amounts relate to (i) the Challenge Performance Awards and (ii) PSUs.

The following table summarizes certain information related to granted and exercised share-based incentive awards issued by Liberty Global to employees of our subsidiaries:

		Nine mor Septen		
	2	2015		2014
Assumptions used to estimate fair value of options, SARs and PSARs granted:				
Risk-free interest rate	0.96	- 1.40%	0	0.81 - 1.31%
Expected life	3.0 - 4	4.3 years	3.	1 - 3.9 years
Expected volatility	23.1	- 26.0%	2	25.5 - 26.5%
Expected dividend yield	n	none		none
Weighted average grant-date fair value per share of awards granted:				
Options	\$	14.81	\$	_
SARs	\$	9.57	\$	8.04
PSARs	\$		\$	8.15
Restricted share units (RSUs)	\$	51.91	\$	39.84
PSUs	\$	51.44	\$	40.13
Total intrinsic value of awards exercised (in millions):				
Options	£	57.9	£	25.3
SARs	£	1.6	£	0.2
PSARs	£		£	0.1
Cash received by Liberty Global from exercise of options (in millions)	£	18.9	£	16.6
Income tax benefit related to share-based compensation (in millions)	£	5.6	£	5.5

Share-based Award Activity - Awards Issued by Liberty Global

The following tables summarize the share-based award activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 with respect to Liberty Global Shares and Old Liberty Global Shares:

<u>Options — Class A ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price		average		average		average		average		average		average		average		Weighted average remaining contractual term	Aggre intrii valu	isic
				in years	in mil	lions														
Outstanding at January 1, 2015	1,197,699	\$	16.02																	
Forfeited	(7,295)	\$	25.76																	
Exercised	(758,310)	\$	12.61																	
Transfers	(15,988)	\$	19.11																	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	416,106	\$	21.95																	
Impact of Award Modifications	36,742		(2.02)																	
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	452,848	\$	19.93																	
Forfeited	(5,514)	\$	22.15																	
Exercised	(13,655)	\$	15.37																	
Transfers	(2,182)	\$	19.61																	
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (a)	431,497	\$	20.05	6.4	\$	9.9														
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	132,701	\$	15.06	4.9	\$	3.7														

<u>Options — Class C ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares		Weighted average ercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual term	Aggr intri val	insic
				in years	in mi	llions
Outstanding at January 1, 2015	2,490,859	\$	15.70			
Granted	498,777	\$	41.12			
Forfeited	(18,196)	\$	31.92			
Exercised	(1,194,810)	\$	12.99			
Transfers	(39,838)	\$	17.78			
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	1,736,792	\$	24.73			
Impact of Award Modifications	145,618		(2.28)			
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	1,882,410	\$	22.45			
Forfeited	(22,783)	\$	27.52			
Exercised	(327,417)	\$	7.93			
Transfers	(6,127)	\$	18.05			
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (a)	1,526,083	\$	25.51	7.6	\$	23.7
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	257,062	\$	13.84	4.9	\$	7.0

⁽a) The pound sterling equivalent amounts for the aggregate intrinsic value for outstanding options related to Class A and Class C Liberty Global Shares are £6.5 million and £15.7 million, respectively.

<u>SARs — Class A ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average base price		average		average		average		average		average		Weighted average remaining contractual term	Aggro intri val	nsic
				in years	in mil	lions										
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	531,637	\$	36.55													
Granted	438,778	\$	53.11													
Forfeited	(2,112)	\$	40.91													
Exercised	(26,193)	\$	30.70													
Transfers	(49,872)	\$	34.72													
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	892,238	\$	44.96													
Impact of Award Modifications	74,152		(3.99)													
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	966,390	\$	40.97													
Granted	11,548	\$	52.46													
Exercised	(6,473)	\$	31.41													
Transfers	(26,232)	\$	42.71													
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (b)	945,233	\$	41.13	5.8	\$	4.3										
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	186,789	\$	\$ 29.24 4.1		\$	2.6										
		_														

<u>SARs — Class C ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average base price		average		average		average		average		average		average		average		Weighted average remaining contractual term	intr	regate insic lue
								in years	in mi	illions										
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	1,237,036	\$	33.79																	
Granted	877,556	\$	51.41																	
Forfeited	(4,224)	\$	39.09																	
Exercised	(65,649)	\$	27.68																	
Transfers	(129,280)	\$	32.29																	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	1,915,439	\$	42.16																	
Impact of Award Modifications	161,874		(3.59)																	
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	2,077,313	\$	38.57																	
Granted	23,096	\$	49.14																	
Exercised	(15,001)	\$	28.55																	
Transfers	(52,669)	\$	41.23																	
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (b)	2,032,739	\$	38.70	5.6	\$	10.4														
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	468,985	\$	26.72	3.9	\$	6.7														
		_																		

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

⁽b) The pound sterling equivalent amounts for the aggregate intrinsic value for outstanding SARs related to Class A and Class C Liberty Global Shares are £2.8 million and £6.9 million, respectively.

<u>PSARs — Class A ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average base price		average		average		average		average		average		average		average		Weighted average remaining contractual term	Aggro intri val	nsic
				in years	in mi	llions														
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	274,583	\$	35.56																	
Transfers	(38,750)	\$	35.03																	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	235,833	\$	35.65																	
Impact of Award Modifications	15,122		(3.22)																	
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	250,955	\$	32.43																	
Transfers	(10,998)	\$	31.87																	
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (b)	239,957	\$	32.45	4.7	\$	2.5														
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	3,665	\$	31.87	1.1	\$	_														

<u>PSARs — Class C ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average base price		average		average		average		average		average		Weighted average remaining contractual term	Aggregate intrinsic value
				in years	in millions										
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	823,749	\$	33.99												
Transfers	(116,250)	\$	33.41												
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	707,499	\$	34.08												
Impact of Award Modifications	42,493		(2.98)												
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	749,992	\$	31.10												
Transfers	(32,923)	\$	31.48												
Outstanding at September 30, 2015 (b)	717,069	\$	31.09	4.7	\$ 7.1										
Exercisable at September 30, 2015	10,973	\$	30.46	1.1	\$ 0.1										

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

(b) The pound sterling equivalent amounts for the aggregate intrinsic value for outstanding PSARs related to Class A and Class C Liberty Global Shares are £1.7 million and £4.7 million, respectively.

<u>RSUs — Class A ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share		Weighted average remaining contractual term
				in years
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	264,930	\$	39.50	
Granted	76,718	\$	53.11	
Forfeited	(3,493)	\$	40.23	
Released from restrictions	(113,863)	\$	39.86	
Transfers	(16,305)	\$	38.87	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	207,987	\$	44.36	
Impact of Award Modifications	10,350		(2.10)	
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	218,337	\$	42.26	
Granted	2,697	\$	52.46	
Forfeited	(918)	\$	36.75	
Released from restrictions	(8,530)	\$	37.28	
Transfers	(6,582)	\$	43.32	
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	205,004	\$	42.59	4.6

<u>RSUs — Class C ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	gi fa	Veighted average rant-date air value ver share	Weighted average remaining contractual term
				in years
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	641,714	\$	36.48	
Granted	153,436	\$	51.41	
Forfeited	(7,487)	\$	38.06	
Released from restrictions	(315,487)	\$	36.05	
Transfers	(40,227)	\$	37.46	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	431,949	\$	41.98	
Impact of Award Modifications	21,461		(2.02)	
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	453,410	\$	39.96	
Granted	5,394	\$	49.14	
Forfeited	(2,288)	\$	34.33	
Released from restrictions	(34,944)	\$	34.56	
Transfers	(17,618)	\$	38.74	
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	403,954	\$	40.63	4.6

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

<u>PSUs — Class A ordinary shares</u>	Number of shares	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share		average grant-date of fair value o		Weighted average remaining contractual term
				in years		
Outstanding at January 1, 2015 (a)	160,354	\$	37.90			
Granted	40,182	\$	53.11			
Performance adjustment (b)	9,128	\$	36.38			
Released from restrictions	(38,005)	\$	36.34			
Transfers	(20,520)	\$	37.65			
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	151,139	\$	42.27			
Impact of Award Modifications	1,185		(2.06)			
Outstanding at July 1, 2015	152,324	\$	40.21			
Granted	13,264	\$	52.46			
Released from restrictions	(35,530)	\$	34.70			
Transfers	(4,501)	\$	34.06			
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	125,557	\$	43.29	1.4		

Number of shares	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share		Weighted average remaining contractual term
			in years
403,562	\$	35.38	
80,364	\$	51.41	
24,349	\$	34.07	
(101,404)	\$	34.07	
(53,222)	\$	35.04	
353,649	\$	39.42	
3,124		(1.88)	
356,773	\$	37.54	
26,528	\$	49.14	
(95,235)	\$	32.50	
(11,815)	\$	33.28	
276,251	\$	40.58	1.3
	shares 403,562 80,364 24,349 (101,404) (53,222) 353,649 3,124 356,773 26,528 (95,235) (11,815)	Augs agram Number of shares agram 403,562 \$ 80,364 \$ 24,349 \$ (101,404) \$ 353,649 \$ 3,124 \$	Number of sharesaverage grant-date fair value per share403,562\$ 35.3880,364\$ 51.4124,349\$ 34.07(101,404)\$ 34.07(53,222)\$ 35.04353,649\$ 39.423,124(1.88)356,773\$ 37.5426,528\$ 49.14(95,235)\$ 32.50(11,815)\$ 33.28

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

⁽b) Represents the increase in PSUs associated with the first quarter 2015 determination that 113.6% of the PSUs that were granted in 2013 (the **2013 PSUs**) had been earned. As of September 30, 2015, all of the earned 2013 PSUs have been released from restrictions.

(10) <u>Related-party Transactions</u>

Our related-party transactions consist of the following:

		Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,			
	20	2015 2014 (a)		2015		2014 (a)		
		in millions						
Operating expenses	£	1.4	£	0.8	£	3.3	£	0.9
SG&A expenses		(1.5)		(1.2)		(6.2)		(4.0)
Allocated share-based compensation expense		(10.1)		(7.5)		(18.9)		(23.2)
Fees and allocations, net:								
Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation)		(6.2)		(2.4)		(18.7)		(9.2)
Depreciation and share-based compensation		(8.5)		(1.6)		(21.6)		(5.9)
Management fee		(14.3)		(0.4)		(22.7)		(9.1)
Total fees and allocations, net		(29.0)		(4.4)		(63.0)		(24.2)
Included in operating income		(39.2)		(12.3)		(84.8)		(50.5)
Interest income		64.4		58.4		181.6		167.2
Realized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net		0.7		0.6		(6.8)		(2.2)
Interest expense				(12.8)		(5.6)		(39.4)
Included in net earnings (loss)	£	25.9	£	33.9	£	84.4	£	75.1

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

General. Virgin Media charges fees and allocates costs and expenses to certain other Liberty Global subsidiaries and certain Liberty Global subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media charge fees and allocate costs and expenses to Virgin Media. Depending on the nature of these related-party transactions, the amount of the charges or allocations may be based on (i) our estimated share of the underlying costs plus a mark-up or (iii) commercially-negotiated rates. Although we believe that the related-party charges and allocations described below are reasonable, no assurance can be given that the related-party costs and expenses reflected in our condensed consolidated statements of operations are reflective of the costs that we would incur on a standalone basis. Our related-party transactions are cash settled unless otherwise noted below.

During the first quarter of 2015, Liberty Global transferred certain entities that incur central and other administrative costs (the **Corporate Entities Transfer**) from one subsidiary to certain other Liberty Global subsidiaries that are outside of Liberty Global's borrowing groups. In connection with the Corporate Entities Transfer, Liberty Global changed the processes it uses to charge fees and allocate costs and expenses from one subsidiary to another. This new methodology, which is intended to ensure that Liberty Global continues to allocate its central and administrative costs to its borrowing groups on a fair and rational basis, impacts the calculation of the "EBITDA" metric specified by our debt agreements (**Covenant EBITDA**). In this regard, the components of related-party fees and allocations that are deducted to arrive at our Covenant EBITDA are based on (i) the amount and nature of costs incurred by the allocating Liberty Global subsidiaries during the period, (ii) the allocation methodologies in effect during the period and (iii) the size of the overall pool of entities that are charged fees and allocated costs, such that changes in any of these factors would likely result in changes to the amount of related-party fees and allocations that will be deducted to arrive at our Covenant EBITDA in future periods. For example, to the extent that a Liberty Global subsidiary borrowing group was to acquire (sell) an operating entity, and assuming no change in the total costs incurred by the allocating entities, the fees charged and the costs allocated to our company would decrease (increase).

Operating expenses. Amounts consist of the net effect of (i) recharges of £1.8 million and £1.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £5.8 million and £4.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for network design and other services provided by our company to other Liberty Global subsidiaries and (ii) charges of £0.4 million and £0.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and

£2.5 million and £4.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for network-related and other services provided to our company by another Liberty Global subsidiary.

SG&A expenses. Amounts primarily consist of the net effect of (i) charges of £1.0 million and £0.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £3.2 million and £4.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for information technology-related services provided to our company by another Liberty Global subsidiary, (ii) charges of £1.0 million and £2.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £2.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £2.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for insurance-related services provided to our company by another Liberty Global subsidiary, and (iii) recharges of £0.6 million and £0.7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £1.4 million and £2.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £0.7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £1.4 million and £2.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for network design and other services provided by our company to other Liberty Global subsidiaries.

Allocated share-based compensation expense. As further described in note 9, Liberty Global allocates share-based compensation expense to our company.

Fees and allocations, net. These amounts, which are based on our company's estimated share of the applicable costs (including personnel-related and other costs associated with the services provided) incurred by other Liberty Global subsidiaries, represent the aggregate net effect of charges between subsidiaries of Virgin Media and various Liberty Global subsidiaries that are outside of Virgin Media. These charges generally relate to management, finance, legal, technology and other services that support our company's operations. The categories of our fees and allocations, net, are as follows:

- Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation). The amounts included in this category, which are generally cash settled, represent our estimated share of certain centralized technology, management, marketing, finance and other operating and SG&A expenses of Liberty Global's European operations, whose activities benefit multiple operations, including operations within and outside of our company. The amounts allocated represent our estimated share of the actual costs incurred by Liberty Global's European operations, without a mark-up. Amounts in this category are generally deducted to arrive at our Covenant EBITDA.
- Depreciation and share-based compensation. The amounts included in this category, which are generally loan settled, represent our estimated share of (i) depreciation of assets not owned by our company and (ii) share-based compensation associated with Liberty Global employees who are not employees of our company. The amounts allocated represent our estimated share of the actual costs incurred by Liberty Global's European operations, without a mark-up.
- *Management fee.* The amounts included in this category, which are generally loan settled, represent our estimated allocable share of (i) operating and SG&A expenses related to stewardship services provided by certain Liberty Global subsidiaries and (ii) the mark-up, if any, applicable to each category of the related-party fees and allocations charged to our company.

During the first three quarters of 2014, a subsidiary of Liberty Global allocated technology-based costs to our company and other Liberty Global subsidiaries based on each subsidiaries' estimated proportionate share of these costs. During the fourth quarter of 2014, the approach used to charge technology-based fees was changed to a royalty-based method. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our £15.4 million proportional share of the technology-based costs was £5.7 million more than the royalty-based technology fee charged under the new approach. Accordingly, the £5.7 million excess has been reflected as a deemed contribution of technology-related services in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity. The charges under the new royalty-based fee are expected to escalate in future periods. Any excess of these charges over our estimated proportionate share of the underlying technology-based costs will be classified as a management fee and added back to arrive at Covenant EBITDA.

Beginning in the third quarter of 2015, costs associated with a subsidiary of Liberty Global that incurs costs related to a comprehensive transformation project are allocated to our company. This project focuses on opportunities to accelerate new sources of revenue growth coupled with driving greater efficiencies in our business by leveraging Liberty Global's scale more effectively. The £5.6 million allocation during the third quarter of 2015 includes £2.3 million of costs incurred during the third quarter of 2015, and is included in the management fee category of fees and allocations, net.

Interest income. Amounts represent interest income on related-party notes, as further described below.

Realized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net. As further described in note 4, these amounts relate to related-party derivative instruments with LGE Financing.

Interest expense. Amounts represent interest expense on a related-party note, as further described below.

The following table provides details of our related-party balances:

	Sep	tember 30, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (a)
		in mi	llions	
Current note receivable (b)	£	844.0	£	688.0
Current receivables (c)		138.2		57.3
Other current assets (d)		1.7		1.3
Long-term notes receivable (e)		2,566.4		2,322.3
Total	£	3,550.3	£	3,068.9
Accounts payable (f)	£	12.3	£	7.9
Current portion of capital lease obligations				0.3
Other current liabilities (g)		78.5		28.8
Related-party debt (h)				439.0
Other long-term liabilities (i)				50.1
Total	£	90.8	£	526.1

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

- (b) Amounts represent a note receivable from LG Europe 2 that is owed to our subsidiary, Virgin Media Finco Limited. Pursuant to the loan agreement, the maturity date is July 16, 2023, however Virgin Media Finco Limited may agree to advance additional amounts to LG Europe 2 at any time and LG Europe 2 may, with agreement from Virgin Media Finco Limited, repay all or part of the outstanding principal at any time prior to the maturity date. The note receivable is subject to further borrowings and repayments. The interest rate on this loan, which is subject to adjustment, was 5.705% as of September 30, 2015. The net increase during 2015 includes (i) an increase resulting from £1,916.5 million of cash advanced, (ii) a decrease related to £1,735.7 million of cash repaid and (iii) a £24.8 million non-cash decrease related to the settlement of related-party fees and allocations.
- (c) Amounts represent (i) accrued interest on notes receivable from LG Europe 2, including £84.9 million (equivalent) and £42.2 million (equivalent), respectively, owed to our subsidiary, Virgin Media Finco Limited, and £3.2 million (equivalent) and £0.4 million (equivalent), respectively, owed to Virgin Media, (ii) employee withholding taxes collected by Liberty Global on our behalf of £43.1 million (equivalent) and £8.5 million (equivalent), respectively, and (iii) certain receivables from other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business. The accrued interest on the long-term notes receivable from LG Europe 2 is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 and may be cash settled or, if mutually agreed, loan settled. The accrued interest on the current note receivable is payable on various dates as noted in the agreement and may be loan settled. The withholding taxes and other receivables are settled periodically.
- (d) Amounts represent certain receivables from other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business and, as further described in note 4, related-party derivative instruments with LGE Financing.

- (e) Amounts represent:
 - notes receivable from LG Europe 2 that are owed to Virgin Media Finco Limited (the 2023 8.5% LG Europe 2 Notes Receivable). These notes mature on April 15, 2023 and bear interest at a rate of 8.5%. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the principal amount outstanding under these notes was £2,174.6 million and £2,297.3 million, respectively. As further described in note 3, the decrease during 2015 relates to the £122.7 million cash repayment from LG Europe 2;
 - (ii) a note receivable from LG Europe 2 that is owed to us. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, this note, which matures on April 15, 2023, had a principal balance of \$573.5 million (£379.0 million) and \$19.9 million (£13.2 million), respectively. This note bears interest at a rate of 7.875%. The increase during 2015 primarily relates to (i) £357.9 million of cash borrowings, (ii) an increase of £7.6 million due to the cumulative translation adjustment during the period and (iii) £0.7 million (equivalent at the transaction date) in capitalized interest. Subsequent to September 30, 2015, our equity was reduced as a result of the conversion of this note to equity; and
 - (iii) a note receivable from Liberty Global that is owed to us. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, this note, which matures on June 4, 2018, had a principal balance of \$19.2 million (£12.8 million) and \$18.8 million (£12.4 million), respectively. This note bears interest at a rate of 1.74%. The increase during 2015 primarily relates to (i) an increase of £0.4 million due to the cumulative translation adjustment during the period and (ii) £0.2 million (equivalent at the transaction date) in capitalized interest. The accrued interest on this note receivable is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 and may be cash settled or, if mutually agreed, loan settled, and is included in other long-term assets, net in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (f) Amounts represent certain payables to other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business.
- (g) Amounts represent (i) £32.3 million (equivalent) and £13.7 million (equivalent), respectively, arising from cumulative and unpaid capital charges from Liberty Global, as described below, and (ii) certain payables to other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business, including amounts associated with fees and allocations as described above. The payables related to the capital charges are settled periodically. None of these payables are currently interest bearing.
- (h) For information regarding our related-party debt, see note 7.
- (i) The December 31, 2014 amount represents accrued interest on the VM Ireland Note.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we recorded capital charges of \$27.9 million (£18.4 million at the applicable rate) and \$38.8 million (£23.2 million at the applicable rate), respectively, in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity in connection with the exercise of Liberty Global SARs and options and the vesting of Liberty Global restricted share awards and PSUs held by employees of our subsidiaries. We and Liberty Global have agreed that these capital charges will be based on the fair value of the underlying Liberty Global shares associated with share-based incentive awards that vest or are exercised during the period, subject to any reduction that is necessary to ensure that the cumulative capital charge does not exceed the cumulative amount of share-based compensation expense recorded by our company with respect to Liberty Global share-based incentive awards.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, tax losses with an aggregate tax effect of £49.1 million were surrendered by Liberty Global and its U.K. subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media to our U.K. subsidiaries. For additional information, see note 8.

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

In the normal course of business, we have entered into agreements that commit our company to make cash payments in future periods with respect to programming contracts, network and connectivity commitments, non-cancelable operating leases, purchases of customer premises and other equipment and other items. The pound sterling equivalents of such commitments as of September 30, 2015 are presented below:

	Payments due during:														
		mainder f 2015		2016		2017		2018 in mi		2019 1s		2020	Th	ereafter	Total
Programming commitments	£	116.4	£	454.4	£	454.6	£	392.7	£	151.6	£	1.0	£	_	£ 1,570.7
Network and connectivity commitments		107.5		134.3		78.3		22.0		4.8		3.6		5.2	355.7
Operating leases		10.7		39.0		33.6		28.2		22.7		12.7		67.1	214.0
Purchase commitments		70.0		1.8											71.8
Other commitments		104.6		50.0		29.5		12.1		2.8		2.8			201.8
Total (a)	£	409.2	£	679.5	£	596.0	£	455.0	£	181.9	£	20.1	£	72.3	£ 2,414.0

(a) The commitments included in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our September 30, 2015 condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Programming commitments consist of obligations associated with certain of our programming contracts that are enforceable and legally binding on us as we have agreed to pay minimum fees without regard to (i) the actual number of subscribers to the programming services or (ii) whether we terminate service to a portion of our subscribers or dispose of a portion of our distribution systems. In addition, programming commitments do not include increases in future periods associated with contractual inflation or other price adjustments that are not fixed. Accordingly, the amounts reflected in the above table with respect to these contracts are significantly less than the amounts we expect to pay in these periods under these contracts. Historically, payments to programming vendors have represented a significant portion of our operating costs, and we expect that this will continue to be the case in future periods. In this regard, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the programming costs incurred aggregated £510.0 million and £460.9 million, respectively.

Network and connectivity commitments include, among other items, the fixed minimum commitments associated with our mobile virtual network operator (**MVNO**) agreements and service commitments associated with our network extension project in the U.K. As such, the commitments shown in the above table may be significantly less than the actual amounts we ultimately pay in these periods.

Purchase commitments include unconditional and legally-binding obligations related to the purchase of customer premises and other equipment.

Commitments arising from acquisition agreements are not reflected in the above table.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have significant commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) defined benefit plans and similar agreements, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, see note 4.

Guarantees and Other Credit Enhancements

In the ordinary course of business, we may provide (i) indemnifications to our lenders, our vendors and certain other parties and (ii) performance and/or financial guarantees to local municipalities, our customers and vendors. Historically, these arrangements have not resulted in our company making any material payments and we do not believe that they will result in material payments in the future.

Legal and Regulatory Proceedings and Other Contingencies

VAT Matters. Our application of the VAT with respect to certain revenue generating activities has been challenged by the U.K. tax authorities. We have estimated our maximum exposure in the event of an unfavorable outcome to be £44.2 million as of September 30, 2015. No portion of this exposure has been accrued by our company as the likelihood of loss is not considered to be probable. A court hearing was held at the end of September 2014 in relation to the U.K. tax authorities' challenge and the court's decision is expected prior to December 31, 2015.

On March 19, 2014, the U.K. government announced a change in legislation with respect to the charging of VAT in connection with prompt payment discounts such as those that we offer to our fixed-line telephony customers. This change, which took effect on May 1, 2014, resulted in a £14.4 million decrease to our revenue during the first half of 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. The U.K. government has indicated that it will likely seek to challenge our application of the prompt payment discount rules prior to the May 1, 2014 change in legislation in the near term. If such a challenge were to be issued by the U.K. government, we could be required to make a payment of the challenged amount in order to make an appeal. We currently estimate that the challenged amount could be up to approximately £65 million before any penalties or interest. Any challenge and subsequent appeal would likely be subject to court proceedings that could delay the ultimate resolution of this matter for an extended period of time. No portion of this potential exposure has been accrued by our company as no claim has been asserted or assessed and the likelihood of loss is not considered to be probable.

Other Regulatory Issues. Broadband communications and mobile businesses are subject to significant regulation and supervision by various regulatory bodies in the jurisdictions in which we operate, and other U.K. and European Union (EU) authorities. Adverse regulatory developments could subject our businesses to a number of risks. Regulation could limit growth, revenue and the number and types of services offered and could lead to increased operating costs and property and equipment additions. In addition, regulation may restrict our operations and subject them to further competitive pressure, including pricing restrictions, interconnect and other access obligations, and restrictions or controls on content, including content provided by third parties. Failure to comply with current or future regulation could expose our businesses to various penalties.

We have security accreditations across a range of B2B products and services in order to increase our offerings to public sector organizations in the U.K. These accreditations are granted subject to periodic reviews of our policies and procedures by U.K. governmental authorities. If we were to fail to maintain these accreditations or obtain new accreditations when required, it could impact our ability to provide certain offerings to the public sector.

In addition to the foregoing items, we have contingent liabilities related to matters arising in the ordinary course of business including (i) legal proceedings, (ii) issues involving VAT and wage, property and other tax issues and (iii) disputes over interconnection, programming, copyright and carriage fees. While we generally expect that the amounts required to satisfy these contingencies will not materially differ from any estimated amounts we have accrued, no assurance can be given that the resolution of one or more of these contingencies will not result in a material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial position in any given period. Due, in general, to the complexity of the issues involved and, in certain cases, the lack of a clear basis for predicting outcomes, we cannot provide a meaningful range of potential losses or cash outflows that might result from any unfavorable outcomes.

(12) Segment Reporting

We have one reportable segment that provides video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile services in the U.K. and Ireland.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

	Three months ended September 30, 2015 2014 (c)					Nine mon Septem		
		2015	2	2014 (a)		2015	2	2014 (a)
				in mi	illion	s		
Subscription revenue:								
Video	£	261.0	£	266.4	£	797.4	£	816.7
Broadband internet		310.9		283.7		920.5		828.9
Fixed-line telephony		238.8		242.9		723.3		753.9
Cable subscription revenue (b)		810.7		793.0		2,441.2		2,399.5
Mobile subscription revenue (c)		118.2		122.6		352.2		355.7
Total subscription revenue		928.9		915.6		2,793.4		2,755.2
B2B revenue (d)		162.4		154.8		476.3		457.5
Other revenue (c) (e)		60.0		45.7		159.1		145.5
Total	£	1,151.3	£	1,116.1	£	3,428.8	£	3,358.2

- (b) Cable subscription revenue includes amounts received from subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees, mobile services revenue and late fees. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the standalone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the standalone pricing of our cable and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.
- (c) Mobile subscription revenue excludes mobile interconnect revenue of £16.8 million and £19.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £51.5 million and £60.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Mobile interconnect revenue and revenue from mobile handset sales are included in other revenue.
- (d) B2B revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, voice, mobile and data services offered to medium to large enterprises and, on a wholesale basis, to other operators. We also provide services to certain small office and home office (SOHO) subscribers. SOHO subscribers pay a premium price to receive expanded service levels along with video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony or mobile services that are the same or similar to the mass marketed products offered to our residential subscribers. Revenue from SOHO subscribers, which is included in cable subscription revenue, aggregated £5.6 million and £4.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £15.6 million and £12.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- (e) Other revenue includes, among other items, mobile handset sales, interconnect and late fee revenue.

Geographic Segments

The revenue of our geographic segments is set forth below:

	Three months ended September 30,						nths ended nber 30,		
	2015		2	2014 (a)	2015			2014 (a)	
				in mi	llio	18			
U.K	£	1,088.5	£	1,046.7	£	3,237.0	£	3,144.8	
Ireland		62.8		69.4		191.8		213.4	
Total	£	1,151.3	£	1,116.1	£	3,428.8	£	3,358.2	

(13) <u>Condensed Consolidating Financial Information — Senior Notes</u>

We present the following condensed consolidating financial information as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, as required by the applicable underlying indentures.

As of September 30, 2015, Virgin Media Finance PLC (Virgin Media Finance) is the issuer of the following senior notes:

- \$118.7 million (£78.4 million) aggregate principal amount of 2022 VM 4.875% Dollar Senior Notes;
- \$95.0 million (£62.8 million) aggregate principal amount of 2022 VM 5.25% Dollar Senior Notes;
- £44.1 million aggregate principal amount of 2022 VM Sterling Senior Notes;
- \$530.0 million (£350.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 2023 VM Dollar Senior Notes;
- £250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2023 VM Sterling Senior Notes;
- \$500.0 million (£330.4 million) aggregate principal amount of 2024 VM Dollar Senior Notes;
- £300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2024 VM Sterling Senior Notes;
- €460.0 million (£339.9 million) aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM Euro Senior Notes; and
- \$400.0 million (£264.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM Dollar Senior Notes.

Our senior notes are issued by Virgin Media Finance and are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media and certain of its subsidiaries, namely Virgin Media Group LLC (Virgin Media Group), Virgin Media (UK) Group LLC (Virgin Media (UK) Group) and Virgin Media Communications. Each of VMIH and Virgin Media Investments Limited (VMIL) are conditional guarantors and have guaranteed the senior notes on a senior subordinated basis.

				Septem	ıber 30, 2015			
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL millions	All other subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS				111	mmons			
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	£ —	£ 0.3	£ —	£ 111.0	£ —	£ 19.9	£ —	£ 131.2
Related-party note and other receivables		_	_		_	979.0	_	982.2
Other current assets:								
Third-party	—	_	_	33.4	—	565.7	_	599.1
Intercompany and related- party	_	1.9	_	0.7	_	5.3	(6.2)	1.7
Total current assets	3.2	2.2		145.1		1,569.9	(6.2)	1,714.2
Property and equipment, net	_	_		_		5,888.1	_	5,888.1
Goodwill	_	_	—	—		5,927.2	_	5,927.2
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	_	_	_	_	_	1,680.3	_	1,680.3
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	7,787.9	9,779.2	8,323.1	12,062.7	12,333.0	(7,068.1)	(43,217.8)	_
Deferred income taxes	_	_			_	1,551.1	—	1,551.1
Related-party notes receivable	391.8	—			—	2,174.6	—	2,566.4
Other assets, net:								
Third-party	22.3	22.0	_	189.0		150.0	_	383.3
Intercompany		12.8				42.7	(55.5)	
Total assets	£ 8,205.2	£9,816.2	£ 8,323.1	£12,396.8	£12,333.0	£ 11,915.8	£ (43,279.5)	£19,710.6
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY								
Current liabilities:								
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ 0.9	£ 78.5	£ 2.5	£ 126.0	£ —	£ 475.7	£ (671.3)	£ 12.3
Other current liabilities:								
Third-party	110.5	43.7	—	451.2	—	1,432.6	—	2,038.0
Intercompany and related- party	32.3	0.3		6.2		45.9	(6.2)	78.5
Total current liabilities	143.7	122.5	2.5	583.4	—	1,954.2	(677.5)	2,128.8
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	—	2,021.6	_	_	_	7,316.6	_	9,338.2
Other long-term liabilities:								
Third-party	—	—	—	62.2	—	169.5	—	231.7
Intercompany				55.5			(55.5)	
Total liabilities	143.7	2,144.1	2.5	701.1	—	9,440.3	(733.0)	11,698.7
Total parent's equity		7,672.1	8,320.6	11,695.7	12,333.0	2,525.1	(42,546.5)	8,061.5
Noncontrolling interest						(49.6)		(49.6)
Total owners' equity	8,061.5	7,672.1	8,320.6	11,695.7	12,333.0	2,475.5	(42,546.5)	8,011.9
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 8,205.2	£9,816.2	£ 8,323.1	£12,396.8	£12,333.0	£ 11,915.8	£ (43,279.5)	£ 19,710.6

	December 31, 2014 (a)													
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH .	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total						
ASSETS				in	millions									
Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 0.5	£ —	£ —	£ —	£ —	£ 36.1	f. —	£ 36.6						
Related-party note and other receivables	0.4	~ 	_	~ 		744.9	_	745.3						
Other current assets:														
Third-party				28.0	_	543.0		571.0						
Intercompany and related- party		1.4				3.9	(4.0)	1.3						
Total current assets	0.9	1.4	_	28.0	_	1,327.9	(4.0)	1,354.2						
Property and equipment, net	_	_	—	_	—	6,074.8	_	6,074.8						
Goodwill	—		_	_	—	5,933.7	_	5,933.7						
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	_	_	_	_	_	1,953.6	_	1,953.6						
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	8,529.2	9,582.7	8,761.4	12,267.1	12,436.2	(7,081.7)	(44,494.9)	_						
Deferred income taxes			_	_	—	1,506.2	_	1,506.2						
Related-party notes receivable	25.0		_	_	—	2,297.3	_	2,322.3						
Other assets, net:														
Third-party	58.3	16.6		102.0		104.9		281.8						
Intercompany				21.0		4.2	(25.2)							
Total assets	£ 8,613.4	£9,600.7	£ 8,761.4	£12,418.1	£12,436.2	£ 12,120.9	£ (44,524.1)	£ 19,426.6						
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY														
Current liabilities:														
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ —	£ 59.6	£ 5.1	£ 115.6	£ —	£ 615.3	£ (787.7)	£ 7.9						
Other current liabilities:	11(0	20.0		200 5		1 200 1		1.01(.0						
Third-party Intercompany and related-	116.3 13.7	20.9	_	290.7 4.0	—	1,388.1 15.4	(4.0)	1,816.0 29.1						
party Total current liabilities	130.0	80.5	5.1	410.3		2,018.8	(791.7)	1,853.0						
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations:	150.0	80.5	5.1	410.5		2,016.6	(791.7)	1,055.0						
Third-party		1,393.8	_			6,955.3	_	8,349.1						
Related-party		_	_			439.0	_	439.0						
Other long-term liabilities:														
Third-party				101.6	_	199.8		301.4						
Intercompany and related-party		7.3	_	4.2		63.8	(25.2)	50.1						
Total liabilities	130.0	1,481.6	5.1	516.1		9,676.7	(816.9)	10,992.6						
Total parent's equity		8,119.1	8,756.3	11,902.0	12,436.2	2,493.6	(43,707.2)	8,483.4						
Noncontrolling interest						(49.4)		(49.4)						
Total owners' equity	8,483.4	8,119.1	8,756.3	11,902.0	12,436.2	2,444.2	(43,707.2)	8,434.0						
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 8,613.4	£9,600.7	£ 8,761.4	£12,418.1	£12,436.2	£ 12,120.9								
~ *														

					Thr	ee m	onths end	led S	September	r 30,	2015				
Statements of operations	Virgin Media		Virgin Media Finance		Other rantors		MIH in	v milli	/MIL ons		ll other bsidiaries	Eliı	minations	Т	`otal
Revenue	£ –	_	£ —	£		£		£		£	1,151.3	£		f 1	,151.3
Operating costs and expenses:	~	_	~	2		2		<u>~</u>		2	1,151.5	2		2 1	,151.5
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)	_	_	_		_		_		_		496.8		_		496.8
SG&A (including share-based compensation)	1.	.0	_		_		_				164.0		_		165.0
Related party fees and allocations, net	_		_		_		_				29.0		_		29.0
Depreciation and amortization	-	_	_		_		_		_		389.6		_		389.6
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net	-	_	_		_		_				5.2		_		5.2
	1.	.0			_				_		1,084.6		_	1	,085.6
Operating income (loss)	(1.	.0)			_		_		_		66.7		_		65.7
Non-operating income (expense):															
Interest expense:															
Third-party	(0.	4)	(29.8)		—		(4.6)		_		(93.9)		_		(128.7)
Intercompany	(1.	.0)	(54.7)		(2.4)		(109.9)		_		(304.0)		472.0		—
Interest income – related-party and intercompany	3.	.1	13.7		4.3		56.6		_		458.7		(472.0)		64.4
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: Third-party	12.	.5	(1.2)		_		160.6				(1.4)		_		170.5
Related-party	-	_	20.1		_		(70.1)		_		50.7		_		0.7
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	-	-	(150.1)		(18.9)		(77.0)		—		57.0		—		(189.0)
Other income (expense), net	(0.	· ·			(17.0)		(0.1)				0.1				(0.1)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	14.	_	(202.0)		(17.0)		(44.5)				<u>167.2</u> 233.9				(82.2) (16.5)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(1.		()		(17.0)		(9.0				7.9
Earnings (loss) after income taxes	12.		(202.0)		(17.0)		(44.5)				242.9				(8.6)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	(19.	.0)	191.5		(7.7)		235.7		138.8				(539.3)		_
Net earnings (loss)	(7.	.0)	(10.5)		(24.7)		191.2		138.8		242.9		(539.3)		(8.6)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_		_		_				1.6		_		1.6
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£ (7.	.0)	£ (10.5)	£	(24.7)	£	191.2	£	138.8	£	244.5	£	(539.3)	£	(7.0)
Total comprehensive earnings (loss) Comprehensive loss attributable to	£ 16.	.6	£ (11.5)	£	2.2	£	190.2	£	137.8	£	244.6	£	(562.4)	£	17.5
noncontrolling interest		_									3.5				3.5
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£ 16.	.6	£ (11.5)	£	2.2	£	190.2	£	137.8	£	248.1	£	(562.4)	£	21.0

						Three	e mo	nths ende	d Sep	ptember 3	30, 2	014 (a)				
Statements of operations		irgin Iedia	N	'irgin Iedia nance		Other rantors		VMIH in	V millio	/MIL ons		ll other osidiaries	Eliı	minations	7	Fotal
Revenue	£		£		£		£		£		£	1,116.1	£		f. 1	,116.1
Operating costs and expenses:	~		~		~		~		~		~	1,110.1				,110.1
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)				_		_		_		_		464.8		_		464.8
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		0.9		_		_		_		_		172.0		_		172.9
Related party fees and allocations, net		_		_		_		_		_		4.4				4.4
Depreciation and amortization		_		_								381.2		—		381.2
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net		_		_		_		_				1.2				1.2
		0.9		_								1,023.6		_	1	,024.5
Operating income (loss)		(0.9)		_								92.5				91.6
Non-operating income (expense):																
Interest expense:																
Third-party		(2.4)		(21.4)				(3.0)				(84.7)		_		(111.5)
Related-party and intercompany		(48.0)		(1.4)		(2.8)		(93.4)		_		(280.0)		412.8		(12.8)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		8.3		15.4		3.5		68.1		_		375.9		(412.8)		58.4
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: Third-party		2.6		_		_		129.8		_		_		_		132.4
Related-party		_		10.3				(37.8)				28.1		_		0.6
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net		(21.9)		(15.8)		(2.8)		(44.5)		_		7.1		(50.0)		(127.9)
Other income, net		0.1		_								0.3		_		0.4
		(61.3)		(12.9)		(2.1)		19.2				46.7		(50.0)		(60.4)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(62.2)		(12.9)		(2.1)		19.2				139.2		(50.0)		31.2
Income tax expense		(0.1)		_				_				(12.6)		_		(12.7)
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		(62.3)		(12.9)		(2.1)		19.2		_		126.6		(50.0)		18.5
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries		76.7		91.0		78.9		121.6		58.6		_		(426.8)		_
Net earnings		14.4		78.1		76.8		140.8		58.6		126.6		(476.8)		18.5
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest												(1.6)		(1,010)		(1.6)
Net earnings attributable to parent	£	14.4	£	78.1	£	76.8	£	140.8	£	58.6	£	125.0	£	(476.8)	£	16.9
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	£	(37.3)	£	94.5	£	89.8	£	157.2	£	75.0	£	140.4	£	(555.4)	£	(35.8)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest		_										(3.0)				(3.0)
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(37.3)	£	94.5	£	89.8	£	157.2	£	75.0	£	137.4	£	(555.4)	£	(38.8)

						Nin	e m	onths end	ed S	eptember	30,	2015				
Statements of operations		irgin ledia	N	/irgin /ledia inance)ther rantors		VMIH in	v milli	VMIL ions		ll other osidiaries	El	iminations		Fotal
Revenue	£		£		£		£		£		£	3,428.8	£		f	3,428.8
Operating costs and expenses:	2		2		2		2		2		2	5,420.0	2		2.	5,420.0
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)												1,447.3			1	1,447.3
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		2.8				_		_				477.0				479.8
Related party fees and allocations, net				_		_						63.0		_		63.0
Depreciation and amortization		_										1,164.0			1	1,164.0
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net		_		_				_				8.0		_		8.0
1 0 9		2.8										3,159.3				3,162.1
Operating income (loss)		(2.8)										269.5				266.7
Non-operating income (expense):																
Interest expense:																
Third-party		(4.0)		(87.6)				(11.4)				(276.3)				(379.3)
Related-party and intercompany		(1.0)		(163.0)		(7.6)		(323.1)				(905.4)		1,394.5		(5.6)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		3.7		41.0		12.0		165.4		_		1,354.0		(1,394.5)		181.6
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net:																
Third-party		9.1						127.7		_		_		_		136.8
Related-party		_		21.9				(76.3)				47.6				(6.8)
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net		(0.1)		(52.9)		(24.9)		(99.3)				25.8		_		(151.4)
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net		_		_				_		_		(29.4)		_		(29.4)
Other expense, net		(0.1)						(0.2)				(0.2)				(0.5)
		7.6		(240.6)		(20.5)		(217.2)		_		216.1		_		(254.6)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		4.8		(240.6)		(20.5)		(217.2)		_		485.6		_		12.1
Income tax benefit (expense)		(1.7)		_								1.4				(0.3)
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		3.1		(240.6)		(20.5)		(217.2)				487.0		_		11.8
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries		13.6		254.2		22.8		471.3		357.3				(1,119.2)		
Net earnings		16.7		13.6		2.3		254.1		357.3		487.0		(1,119.2)		11.8
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest				_								4.9				4.9
Net earnings attributable to parent	£	16.7	£	13.6	£	2.3	£	254.1	£	357.3	£	491.9	£	(1,119.2)	£	16.7
Total comprehensive earnings	£	48.8	£	24.2	£	35.4	£	264.7	£	367.9	£	500.2	£	(1,194.8)	£	46.4
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest						_				_		2.4				2.4
Comprehensive earnings attributable to parent	£	48.8	£	24.2	£	35.4	£	264.7	£	367.9	£	502.6	£	(1,194.8)	£	48.8

					Nine	mon	ths endeo	l Sep	tember 3	0, 20	014 (a)				
Statements of operations	Virgin Media	Virg Med Fina	ĺia	Otl guara			/MIH in	v millio	MIL		ll other bsidiaries	Eliı	minations	То	otal
2	0	0		0		0		0		0	2 2 5 0 2	0			250.2
Revenue	£ —	£	_	£		£		£		£	3,358.2	£		± 3,.	358.2
Operating costs and expenses:															
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)	—		—				—		—		1,440.9			1,4	440.9
SG&A (including share-based compensation)	2.9		—		_		_				483.8		_	4	486.7
Related party fees and allocations, net	—		—				_				24.2				24.2
Depreciation and amortization					—						1,221.7		—	1,2	221.7
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net			_								12.1				12.1
	2.9		_								3,182.7			_	185.6
Operating income (loss)	(2.9)		—		_						175.5				172.6
Non-operating income (expense):															
Interest expense:															
Third-party	(8.3)	(6	64.3)		—		(8.0)				(260.7)		_	(.	341.3)
Related-party and intercompany	(138.9)		(3.9)		(8.3)		(265.7)		_		(838.4)		1,215.8		(39.4)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany	19.5	4	46.3		10.5		209.9		_		1,096.8		(1,215.8)		167.2
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net:															
Third-party	3.4				—		(14.8)				—		—		(11.4)
Related-party	(2.8)		2.9		_		(7.9)				5.6		—		(2.2)
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	(20.4)	((6.5)		(8.4)		(9.2)		_		12.1		(26.0)		(58.4)
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net	_		_				_		_		(0.2)		_		(0.2)
Other income, net	0.1		_		0.5						0.6				1.2
	(147.4)	(2	25.5)		(5.7)		(95.7)		_		15.8		(26.0)	(.	284.5)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(150.3)	(2	25.5)		(5.7)		(95.7)		_		191.3		(26.0)	(111.9)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(0.1)		—		(0.1)						2.1		—		1.9
Earnings (loss) after income taxes	(150.4)	(2	25.5)		(5.8)		(95.7)		_		193.4		(26.0)	(110.0)
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	40.2	e	64.2		46.1		242.7		83.9		_		(477.1)		_
Net earnings (loss)	(110.2)	3	38.7		40.3		147.0		83.9		193.4		(503.1)	(110.0)
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest	_		_								(0.2)				(0.2)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£ (110.2)	£ 3	38.7	£	40.3	£	147.0	£	83.9	£	193.2	£	(503.1)	£ (110.2)
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	£ (124.8)	£ 4	19.4	£	49.6	£	157.7	£	94.6	£	207.6	£	(555.2)	£ (121.1)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest			_								(3.7)				(3.7)
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£ (124.8)	£ 4	19.4	£	49.6	£	157.7	£	94.6	£	203.9	£	(555.2)	£ (124.8)

		Γ	Nine months e	nded Septer	nber 30, 2	2015	
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH in millions	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				In millions			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (1.1)	£ (173.4)	£ —	£ (175.7)	£ —	£ 1,623.5	£1,273.3
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Cash paid in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition			_		_	(993.8)	(993.8)
Capital expenditures		_	_			(424.1)	(424.1)
Advances to related parties, net	(357.9)	—	—	—		(72.1)	(430.0)
Other investing activities, net				_		5.6	5.6
Net cash used by investing activities	(357.9)					(1,484.4)	(1,842.3)
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Borrowings of third-party debt		607.7		735.7		1,491.2	2,834.6
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations			_	(860.7)		(1,261.8)	(2,122.5)
Contributions (distributions)	356.3	(426.5)	_	424.8		(354.6)	
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums	_	(7.5)	_	(3.4)	_	(17.0)	(27.9)
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments	_		_	(9.7)	_	(8.4)	(18.1)
Other financing activities, net						(4.7)	(4.7)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	356.3	173.7		286.7		(155.3)	661.4
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	2.2						2.2
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.5)	0.3	_	111.0		(16.2)	94.6
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning of period	0.5		—	—		36.1	36.6
End of period	£	£ 0.3	£ —	£ 111.0	£ —	£ 19.9	£ 131.2

	Nine months ended September 30, 2014 (a)											
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Total					
Cash flows from operating activities:			11	n millions								
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (121.1)	£ (20.0)	£ 2.5	£ (53.7)	£ —	£ 1,421.1	£1,228.8					
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Capital expenditures		—				(497.0)	(497.0)					
Advances to related parties, net	(484.3)	—				(263.6)	(747.9)					
Other investing activities, net						(6.5)	(6.5)					
Net cash used by investing activities	(484.3)					(767.1)	(1,251.4)					
Cash flows from financing activities:												
Borrowings of third-party debt			_			1,535.5	1,535.5					
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_			(58.1)	_	(1,636.4)	(1,694.5)					
Contributions (distributions)	295.2	19.9	(2.7)	140.3		(452.7)	_					
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums			_	_		(58.8)	(58.8)					
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments	_	_		(28.5)	_		(28.5)					
Other financing activities, net	(0.1)					(37.1)	(37.2)					
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	295.1	19.9	(2.7)	53.7		(649.5)	(283.5)					
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(2.4)						(2.4)					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(312.7)	(0.1)	(0.2)	_		4.5	(308.5)					
Cash and cash equivalents:												
Beginning of period	313.3	0.1	0.2	0.3		30.1	344.0					
End of period	£ 0.6	£ —	£ —	£ 0.3	£ —	£ 34.6	£ 35.5					

(14) <u>Condensed Consolidating Financial Information — Senior Secured Notes</u>

We present the following condensed consolidating financial information as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, as required by the applicable underlying indentures.

As of September 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance is the issuer of the following senior secured notes:

- £628.4 million aggregate principal amount of January 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$447.9 million (£296.0 million) aggregate principal amount of January 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes;
- £990.0 million aggregate principal amount of April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$900.0 million (£594.8 million) aggregate principal amount of April 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes;
- £387.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM 5.5% Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$425.0 million (£280.9 million) aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes;
- £300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM 5.125% Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$1.0 billion (£660.9 million) aggregate principal amount of 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes;
- £525.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes; and
- £400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2029 VM Senior Secured Notes.

Our senior secured notes are issued by Virgin Media Secured Finance and are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media, Virgin Media Group, Virgin Media (UK) Group and Virgin Media Communications and on a senior subordinated basis by VMIH and VMIL. They also rank pari passu with and, subject to certain exceptions, share in the same guarantees and security, which has been granted in favor of our VM Credit Facility.

					Septembe	r 30	, 2015		
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	5	gin Media Secured Finance	G	uarantors		Non- uarantors	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS					in mi	liion	18		
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	£ —	£	0.8	£	123.0	£	7.4	£ —	£ 131.2
Related-party note and other receivables					50.0		929.0	_	982.2
Other current assets:									
Third-party	_				535.7		63.4	—	599.1
Intercompany and related-party	_		4.2		3.7			(6.2)	1.7
Total current assets	3.2		5.0		712.4		999.8	(6.2)	1,714.2
Property and equipment, net					4,591.6		1,296.5	—	5,888.1
Goodwill	—				5,793.7		133.5	—	5,927.2
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	_		_		1,526.7		153.6		1,680.3
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	7,787.9		5,260.1		(4,332.7)		6,239.3	(14,954.6)	_
Deferred income taxes					1,551.1			_	1,551.1
Related-party notes receivable	391.8						2,174.6	_	2,566.4
Other assets, net:									
Third-party	22.3		33.9		297.7		29.4	_	383.3
Intercompany			42.7		12.8			(55.5)	
Total assets	£ 8,205.2	£	5,341.7	£	10,153.3	£	11,026.7	£ (15,016.3)	£19,710.6
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY									
Current liabilities:									
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ 0.9	£	_	£	332.7	£	350.1	£ (671.4)	£ 12.3
Other current liabilities:									
Third-party			98.8		1,770.6		58.1	—	2,038.0
Intercompany and related-party	32.3		0.6		40.8		11.0	(6.2)	78.5
Total current liabilities	143.7		99.4		2,144.1		419.2	(677.6)	2,128.8
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	_		5,083.4		4,254.8		—	_	9,338.2
Other long-term liabilities:									
Third-party					202.0		29.7	—	231.7
Intercompany					55.5			(55.5)	
Total liabilities			5,182.8		6,656.4		448.9	(733.1)	11,698.7
Total parent's equity	8,061.5		158.9		3,496.9		10,627.4	(14,283.2)	8,061.5
Noncontrolling interest							(49.6)		(49.6)
Total owners' equity			158.9		3,496.9		10,577.8	(14,283.2)	8,011.9
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 8,205.2	£	5,341.7	£	10,153.3	£	11,026.7	£ (15,016.3)	£19,710.6

]	December 3	31,	2014 (a)				
Balance sheets	N N	∕irgin ∕Iedia	1	gin Media Secured Finance	G	uarantors	(Non- Guarantors	Elimi	nations	,	Total
						in mi	llic	ons				
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	£	0.5	£	5.4	£	7.5	£	23.2	£		£	36.6
Related-party note and other receivables		0.4		_		14.4		730.5		_		745.3
Other current assets:												
Third-party		—				544.1		26.9		—		571.0
Intercompany and related-party				2.6		2.7				(4.0)		1.3
Total current assets		0.9		8.0		568.7		780.6		(4.0)		1,354.2
Property and equipment, net		—				4,816.0		1,258.8		—		6,074.8
Goodwill		—				5,793.7		140.0		—		5,933.7
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net				_		1,837.4		116.2				1,953.6
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies		8,529.2		3,950.4		(4,141.4)		7,532.8	(1:	5,871.0)		
Deferred income taxes						1,506.2		—		—		1,506.2
Related-party notes receivable		25.0						2,297.3				2,322.3
Other assets, net:												
Third-party		58.3		33.0		184.4		6.1				281.8
Intercompany				4.2		21.0				(25.2)		_
Total assets	£	8,613.4	£	3,995.6	£	10,586.0	f	2 12,131.8	£ (1:	5,900.2)	£1	9,426.6
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY					_							
Current liabilities:												
Intercompany and related-party payables	£	_	£		£	264.0	£	531.6	£	(787.7)	£	7.9
Other current liabilities:												
Third-party		116.3		91.9		1,540.1		67.7				1,816.0
Intercompany and related-party		13.7		0.2		12.1		7.1		(4.0)		29.1
Total current liabilities		130.0		92.1		1,816.2	_	606.4		(791.7)		1,853.0
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations:												
Third-party				3,779.7		4,569.1		0.3			:	8,349.1
Related-party								439.0				439.0
Other long-term liabilities:												
Third-party						267.9		33.5				301.4
Intercompany and related-party				13.8		11.4		50.1		(25.2)		50.1
Total liabilities		130.0		3,885.6		6,664.6		1,129.3		(816.9)	1	0,992.6
Total parent's equity		8,483.4		110.0		3,921.4		11,051.9	(1:	5,083.3)		8,483.4
Noncontrolling interest								(49.4)	((49.4)
Total owners' equity		8,483.4		110.0		3,921.4		11,002.5	(1:	5,083.3)		8,434.0
Total liabilities and owners' equity		-	£	3,995.6	£	10,586.0	f	12,131.8	`	5,900.2)		·
rotur nuomites und owners equity	~	5,015.1	~	5,775.0	~	10,000.0	_	. 12,131.0	~ (1.	.,,,,,,,,	~ 1	,.20.0

		Thre	e months ende	d September 30,	, 2015	
Statements of operations	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Secured Finance	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors illions	Eliminations	Total
			111 111			
Revenue	£ —	£ —	£ 975.1	£ 176.2	£ —	£ 1,151.3
Operating costs and expenses:						
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)	_		431.8	65.0	—	496.8
SG&A (including share-based compensation)	1.0	_	140.9	23.1	_	165.0
Related party fees and allocations, net			20.2	8.8	_	29.0
Depreciation and amortization	_		324.8	64.8	_	389.6
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net			2.6	2.6		5.2
	1.0		920.3	164.3		1,085.6
Operating income (loss)	(1.0)		54.8	11.9		65.7
Non-operating income (expense):						
Interest expense:						
Third-party	(0.4)	(69.7)	(58.6)			(128.7)
Intercompany	(1.0)		(248.5)	(229.8)	479.3	
Interest income – related-party and intercompany	3.1	82.5	224.4	233.7	(479.3)	64.4
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net:						
Third-party	12.5	(1.4)	159.4			170.5
Related-party		50.7	(50.0)			0.7
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	_	(36.4)	(185.4)	32.8	—	(189.0)
Other income (expense), net	(0.1)		0.4	(0.4)		(0.1)
	14.1	25.7	(158.3)	36.3		(82.2)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	13.1	25.7	(103.5)	48.2	_	(16.5)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(1.1)		9.0			7.9
Earnings (loss) after income taxes	12.0	25.7	(94.5)	48.2		(8.6)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	(19.0)	_	84.1	(69.0)	3.9	
Net earnings (loss)	(7.0)	25.7	(10.4)	(20.8)	3.9	(8.6)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_		1.6	_	1.6
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£ (7.0)	£ 25.7	£ (10.4)	£ (19.2)	£ 3.9	£ (7.0)
Total comprehensive earnings	£ 16.6	£ 25.7	£ 19.1	£ 16.6	£ (60.5)	£ 17.5
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_	_	3.5		3.5
Comprehensive earnings	£ 16.6	£ 25.7	£ 19.1	£ 20.1	£ (60.5)	£ 21.0

			Three I	nonths ended S	September 30, 2	014 (a)	
Revenue $\underline{\ell}$ $\underline{\ell}$ $\underline{\ell}$ $\underline{\ell}$ $\underline{\ell}$ 133.2 $\underline{\ell}$ $\underline{\ell}$ $1,116.1$ Operating costs and expenses: Operating (other than depreciation and amortization) - - 413.6 51.2 - $\underline{\ell}$ 1,116.1 SG&A (including share-based compensation) 0.9 - 154.2 17.8 - 172.9 Related party fees and allocations, net. - - 0.6 3.8 - 44.4 Depreciation and amortization - - 0.8 0.4 - 1.2 Operating items, net. - - 0.8 0.4 - 1.2 Non-operating income (loss) (0.9) - 81.8 10.7 - 91.6 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: - 2.6 - 129.8 - - 1.024.5 Interest income - related-party and intercompany (2.6 - 129.8 - - 132.4 Related-party and intercompany (2.6 - 129.8 - - 132.4 R	Statements of operations		Secured	Guarantors		Eliminations	Total
Operating costs and expenses: - - 413.6 51.2 - 464.8 SG&A (including share-based compensation) 0.9 - 154.2 17.8 - 172.9 Related party fees and allocations, net. - - 0.6 3.8 - 44.4 Depreciation and amortization - - 331.9 49.3 - 381.2 Impairment, restructuring and other operating income (loss) 0.9 - 901.1 122.5 - 1,024.5 Operating income (loss) 0.9 - 81.8 10.7 - 91.6 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - 1,024.5 - - 1,024.5 - - 1,024.5 - - 1,024.5 - - 1,024.5 - -				in mi	llions		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Revenue	£ —	£ —	£ 982.9	£ 133.2	£ —	£ 1,116.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Operating costs and expenses:						
compensation) 0.9 - 154.2 17.8 - 172.9 Related party fees and allocations, net. - - 0.6 3.8 - 4.4 Depreciation and amortization - - 331.9 49.3 - 381.2 Impairment, restructuring and other - - 0.8 0.4 - 1.2 Operating income (loss) 0(9) - 901.1 122.5 - 1,024.5 Operating income (expense): 0(9) - 81.8 10.7 - 91.6 Non-operating income (expense): 0(9) - (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany (48.0) - (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Related-party - 2.6 - 129.8 - - 132.4 Related-party - 2.6 129.8 - - 0.6 - 122.4	and amortization)	_	—	413.6	51.2	—	464.8
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	compensation)	0.9	—	154.2	17.8	—	172.9
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		_		0.6			
operating items, net $ 0.8$ 0.4 $ 1.2$ Operating income (loss) (0.9) $ 901.1$ 122.5 $ 1,024.5$ Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: 91.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 Interest expense: Third-party (2.4) (52.9) (56.1) (0.1) $ (111.5)$ Related-party and intercompany (48.0) $ (179.6)$ (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: $ 28.0$ (27.4) $ 0.6$ Foreign currency transaction gains (losses, net. (21.9) (46.4) 17.4 (27.0) (50.0) (127.9) Other income, net. 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	Depreciation and amortization			331.9	49.3		381.2
Operating income (loss) (0.9) 81.8 10.7 91.6 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: 10.7 91.6 Interest expense: Third-party (2.4) (52.9) (56.1) (0.1) - (111.5) Related-party and intercompany (48.0) - (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: - 28.0 (27.4) - - 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (losse), net. (21.9) (46.4) 17.4 (27.0) (50.0) (127.9) Other income, net. 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.4 Kease (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 12.2 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equi							
Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: Third-party (2.4) (52.9) (56.1) (0.1) - (111.5) Related-party and intercompany (48.0) - (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Related-party 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Related-party - 2.6 - 129.8 - - 132.4 Related-party - 2.6 - 129.8 - - 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (0sss), net 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.4 (61.3) 6.6 62.3 (18.0) (50.0) (12.7) Barnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 13.2 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Interest expense: Third-party (2.4) (52.9) (56.1) (0.1) — (111.5) Related-party and intercompany (48.0) — (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income – related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Related and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: — 2.6 — 129.8 — — 132.4 Related-party — — 2.6 — 129.8 — — 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net … 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 — 0.4 Metared-party … 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 — 0.4 Moses), net … 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 — 0.4 Larnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 131.2 Income tax expense … … … … … … … … … … … … </td <td></td> <td>(0.9)</td> <td></td> <td>81.8</td> <td>10.7</td> <td></td> <td>91.6</td>		(0.9)		81.8	10.7		91.6
Third-party (2.4) (52.9) (56.1) (0.1) - (111.5) Related-party and intercompany (48.0) - (179.6) (180.1) 394.9 (12.8) Interest income - related-party and intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: - 28.0 (27.4) - - 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (losse), net 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.4 (losses), net 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.4 Earnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 12.7 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subidiaries - - - (12.7) E (106.8) 18.5 Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - <	1 0 1 1						
Related-party and intercompany	-		((- ()			(
Interest income - related-party and intercompany. 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: 2.6 129.8 - 132.4 Related-party - 28.0 (27.4) - - 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net (21.9) (46.4) 17.4 (27.0) (50.0) (127.9) Other income, net 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.4 (61.3) 6.6 62.3 (18.0) (50.0) (60.4) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 31.2 Income tax expense. (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries 14.4 6.6 23.5 80.8 (106.8) 18.5 Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (1.6) - (1.6)		. ,	(52.9)	. ,	× /		()
intercompany 8.3 77.8 178.1 189.1 (394.9) 58.4 Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: 2.6 129.8 - 132.4 Related-party 2.6 28.0 (27.4) - 0.6 Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net 0.1 <td></td> <td>(48.0)</td> <td></td> <td>(179.6)</td> <td>(180.1)</td> <td>394.9</td> <td>(12.8)</td>		(48.0)		(179.6)	(180.1)	394.9	(12.8)
net:	intercompany Realized and unrealized gains	8.3	77.8	178.1	189.1	(394.9)	58.4
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	net: Third-party		—		—	—	
(losses), net.(21.9)(46.4)17.4(27.0)(50.0)(127.9)Other income, net.0.10.10.10.1-0.4(61.3)6.662.3(18.0)(50.0)(60.4)Earnings (loss) before income taxes(62.2)6.6144.1(7.3)(50.0)31.2Income tax expense(0.1)-(12.6)(12.7)Earnings (loss) after income taxes.(62.3)6.6131.5(7.3)(50.0)18.5Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries76.7-(108.0)88.1(56.8)-Net earnings attributable to parent.14.46.623.580.8(106.8)18.5Net earnings attributable to parent. $-$ (1.6)-(1.6)Net earnings attributable to parent. \pounds 14.4 \pounds 6.6 \pounds 23.5 \pounds 79.2 \pounds (106.8) \pounds 16.9Total comprehensive earnings (loss). \pounds (37.3) \pounds (48.8) \pounds 87.1 \pounds 85.9 \pounds (122.7) \pounds (35.8)Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest(3.0)-(3.0)Comprehensive earnings (loss)(3.0)-(3.0)	Related-party	—	28.0	(27.4)			0.6
Image: loss before income taxes (61.3) 6.6 62.3 (18.0) (50.0) (60.4) Earnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 31.2 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries 76.7 - (108.0) 88.1 (56.8) - Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (1.6) - (1.6) Net earnings attributable to parent £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (106.8) £ 16.9 Total comprehensive earnings (loss) £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (106.8) £ 16.9 Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (3.0) - (3.0) Comprehensive earnings (loss) ± (137.3) £<	(losses), net	. ,			· ,	(50.0)	· /
Earnings (loss) before income taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 31.2 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries 76.7 - (108.0) 88.1 (56.8) - Net earnings 14.4 6.6 23.5 80.8 (106.8) 18.5 Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (1.6) - (1.6) Total comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ (122.7) £ (136.8) £ 16.9 Total comprehensive earnings (loss) £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (136.8) £ 16.9 Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (3.0) - (3.0) Comprehensive earnings (loss) - <t< td=""><td>Other income, net</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Other income, net						
taxes (62.2) 6.6 144.1 (7.3) (50.0) 31.2 Income tax expense (0.1) - (12.6) - - (12.7) Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries 76.7 - (108.0) 88.1 (56.8) - Net earnings 14.4 6.6 23.5 80.8 (106.8) 18.5 Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (1.6) - (1.6) Net earnings attributable to parent £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (106.8) £ 16.9 Total comprehensive earnings (loss) £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (106.8) £ 16.9 Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest - - - (3.0) - (3.0) Comprehensive earnings (loss) - - - - -		(61.3)	6.6	62.3	(18.0)	(50.0)	(60.4)
Earnings (loss) after income taxes (62.3) 6.6 131.5 (7.3) (50.0) 18.5 Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries 76.7 — (108.0) 88.1 (56.8) — Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest 14.4 6.6 23.5 80.8 (106.8) 18.5 Net earnings attributable to parent — — — (1.6) — (1.6) Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest — — — (1.6) — (1.6) Net earnings attributable to parent £ 14.4 £ 6.6 £ 23.5 £ 79.2 £ (106.8) £ 16.9 Total comprehensive earnings (loss) £ (37.3) £ (48.8) £ 87.1 £ 85.9 £ (122.7) £ (35.8) Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest — — — — (3.0) — (3.0) Comprehensive earnings (loss) — — — — — — (3.0)	taxes		6.6		· · · ·	(50.0)	
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	-	()					
subsidiaries76.7-(108.0)88.1(56.8)-Net earnings14.46.623.580.8(106.8)18.5Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest(1.6)-(1.6)Net earnings attributable to parent \pounds 14.4 \pounds 6.6 \pounds 23.5 \pounds 79.2 \pounds (106.8) \pounds 18.5Total comprehensive earnings (loss) \pounds 14.4 \pounds 6.6 \pounds 23.5 \pounds 79.2 \pounds (106.8) \pounds 16.9Total comprehensive earnings (loss) \pounds (37.3) \pounds (48.8) \pounds 87.1 \pounds 85.9 \pounds (122.7) \pounds (35.8)Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest(3.0)-(3.0)Comprehensive earnings (loss)(3.0)-(3.0)		(62.3)	6.6	131.5	(7.3)	(50.0)	18.5
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest————(1.6)—(1.6)Net earnings attributable to parent£14.4 £6.6 £23.5 £79.2 £(106.8) £16.9Total comprehensive earnings (loss)£(37.3) £(48.8) £87.1 £85.9 £(122.7) £(35.8)Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest———(3.0)—(3.0)Comprehensive earnings (loss)		76.7		(108.0)	88.1	(56.8)	
noncontrolling interest $ (1.6)$ $ (1.6)$ Net earnings attributable to parent \pounds 14.4 £6.6 £23.5 £79.2 £ (106.8) £16.9Total comprehensive earnings (loss) \pounds (37.3) £ (48.8) £87.1 £85.9 £ (122.7) £ (35.8) Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest $ (3.0)$ $ (3.0)$ Comprehensive earnings (loss)	Net earnings	14.4	6.6	23.5	80.8	(106.8)	18.5
parent \pounds 14.4 \pounds 6.6 \pounds 23.5 \pounds 79.2 \pounds (106.8) \pounds 16.9Total comprehensive earnings (loss) $(loss)$ \pounds (37.3) \pounds (48.8) \pounds 87.1 \pounds 85.9 \pounds (122.7) \pounds (35.8)Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest $ -$ (3.0) $-$ (3.0)Comprehensive earnings (loss)					(1.6)		(1.6)
(loss) \pounds (37.3) \pounds (48.8) \pounds 87.1 \pounds 85.9 \pounds (122.7) \pounds (35.8) Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest — — — (3.0) — (3.0) Comprehensive earnings (loss)		£ 14.4	£ 6.6	£ 23.5	£ 79.2	£ (106.8)	£ 16.9
noncontrolling interest	(loss)	£ (37.3)	£ (48.8)	£ 87.1	£ 85.9	£ (122.7)	£ (35.8)
	noncontrolling interest				(3.0)		(3.0)
		£ (37.3)	£ (48.8)	£ 87.1	£ 82.9	£ (122.7)	£ (38.8)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2015												
Statements of operations	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Secured Finance	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Total							
			in mi	illions									
Revenue	£ —	£ —	£ 2,895.1	£ 533.7	£ —	£ 3,428.8							
Operating costs and expenses:													
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)	_	_	1,249.1	198.2	_	1,447.3							
SG&A (including share-based compensation)	2.8	—	409.8	67.2	—	479.8							
Related party fees and allocations, net		_	40.3	22.7	_	63.0							
Depreciation and amortization	—		968.3	195.7		1,164.0							
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net			(4.1)	12.1		8.0							
	2.8		2,663.4	495.9		3,162.1							
Operating income (loss)	(2.8)		231.7	37.8		266.7							
Non-operating income (expense):													
Interest expense:													
Third-party	(4.0)	(195.3)	(180.0)		—	(379.3)							
Intercompany and related-party	(1.0)		(748.1)	(676.6)	1,420.1	(5.6)							
Interest income – related-party and intercompany	3.7	233.4	678.5	686.1	(1,420.1)	181.6							
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net: Third-party	9.1		127.7			136.8							
Related-party	.1	47.6	(54.4)			(6.8)							
Foreign currency transaction losses, net	(0.1)	(27.4)	(91.4)		_	(151.4)							
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net	_	(9.4)	(20.0)		_	(29.4)							
Other expense, net	(0.1)			(0.4)		(0.5)							
-	7.6	48.9	(287.7)	(23.4)		(254.6)							
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	4.8	48.9	(56.0)	14.4		12.1							
Income tax benefit (expense)	(1.7)		1.5	(0.1)		(0.3)							
Earnings (loss) after income taxes	3.1	48.9	(54.5)	14.3		11.8							
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	13.6		68.1	(5.7)	(76.0)								
Net earnings	16.7	48.9	13.6	8.6	(76.0)	11.8							
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest				4.9		4.9							
Net earnings attributable to parent	£ 16.7	£ 48.9	£ 13.6	£ 13.5	£ (76.0)	£ 16.7							
Total comprehensive earnings	£ 48.8	£ 48.9	£ 41.9	£ 39.4	£ (132.6)	£ 46.4							
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest Comprehensive earnings				2.4		2.4							
attributable to parent	£ 48.8	£ 48.9	£ 41.9	£ 41.8	£ (132.6)	£ 48.8							

				Nine n	iont	hs ended S	epten	1ber 30, 20)14 (a	ı)		
Statements of operations		Virgin Media	5	gin Media Secured Finance	G	uarantors	Gu	Non- arantors	Eli	minations		Total
						in mi	llions					
Revenue	£		£		£	2,951.9	£	406.3	£		£	3,358.2
Operating costs and expenses:												
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)		—				1,282.5		158.4		—		1,440.9
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		2.9		_		432.2		51.6		_		486.7
Related party fees and allocations, net				_		2.3		21.9		_		24.2
Depreciation and amortization						1,057.8		163.9				1,221.7
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net		_				11.0		1.1		_		12.1
		2.9		_		2,785.8		396.9				3,185.6
Operating income (loss)		(2.9)		_		166.1		9.4				172.6
Non-operating income (expense):												
Interest expense:												
Third-party		(8.3)		(170.6)		(162.4)						(341.3)
Related-party and intercompany		(138.9)				(554.2)		(575.8)		1,229.5		(39.4)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		19.5		224.2		593.3		559.7		(1,229.5)		167.2
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net:												
Third-party		3.4				(14.8)						(11.4)
Related-party		(2.8)		5.6		(5.0)						(2.2)
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net		(20.4)		(20.1)		39.4		(31.3)		(26.0)		(58.4)
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net		_				_		(0.2)		_		(0.2)
Other income (expense), net		0.1		4.4		(4.2)		0.9				1.2
		(147.4)		43.5		(107.9)		(46.7)		(26.0)		(284.5)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(150.3)		43.5		58.2		(37.3)		(26.0)		(111.9)
Income tax benefit (expense)		(0.1)		—		2.0		—		—		1.9
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		(150.4)		43.5		60.2		(37.3)		(26.0)		(110.0)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries		40.2				(14.6)		77.8		(103.4)		_
Net earnings (loss)		(110.2)		43.5		45.6		40.5		(129.4)		(110.0)
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		_		(0.2)		_		(0.2)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(110.2)	£	43.5	£	45.6	£	40.3	£	(129.4)	£	(110.2)
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	£	(124.8)	£	43.5	£	48.1	£	48.0	£	(135.9)	£	(121.1)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest								(3.7)				(3.7)
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(124.8)	£	43.5	£	48.1	£	44.3	£	(135.9)	£	(124.8)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2015												
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Secured Finance	Guarantors in millions	Non- Guarantors	Total								
Cash flows from operating activities:													
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (1.1)	£ 27.0	£ 1,150.4	£ 97.0	£ 1,273.3								
Cash flows from investing activities:													
Cash paid in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition	_	_	_	(993.8)	(993.8)								
Capital expenditures		—	(358.1)	(66.0)	(424.1)								
Advances to related parties, net	(357.9)			(72.1)	(430.0)								
Other investing activities, net		_	5.4	0.2	5.6								
Net cash used by investing activities	(357.9)		(352.7)	(1,131.7)	(1,842.3)								
Cash flows from financing activities:													
Borrowings of third-party debt		1,491.2	1,343.4	—	2,834.6								
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_	(220.4)	(1,902.1)	_	(2,122.5)								
Contributions (distributions)	356.3	(1,280.1)	(99.8)	1,023.6									
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums		(13.8)	(14.1)	_	(27.9)								
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments		(8.5)	(9.6)	_	(18.1)								
Other financing activities, net			_	(4.7)	(4.7)								
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	356.3	(31.6)	(682.2)	1,018.9	661.4								
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	2.2				2.2								
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.5)	(4.6)	115.5	(15.8)	94.6								
Cash and cash equivalents:													
Beginning of period	0.5	5.4	7.5	23.2	36.6								
End of period	£	£ 0.8	£ 123.0	£ 7.4	£ 131.2								

	Nine months ended September 30, 2014 (a)													
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media													
Cash flows from operating activities:														
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (121.1)	£ 40.4	£ 1,133.9	£ 175.6	£ 1,228.8									
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Capital expenditures			(432.2)	(64.8)	(497.0)									
Advances to related parties, net	(484.3)			(263.6)	(747.9)									
Other investing activities, net		_	(7.0)	0.5	(6.5)									
Net cash used by investing activities	(484.3)		(439.2)	(327.9)	(1,251.4)									
Cash flows from financing activities:														
Borrowings of third-party debt	—	1,088.9	446.6	_	1,535.5									
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations		(1,467.7)	(226.8)		(1,694.5)									
Contributions (distributions)	295.2	397.5	(886.0)	193.3	—									
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums	—	(55.8)	(3.0)		(58.8)									
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments	—	—	(28.5)		(28.5)									
Other financing activities, net	(0.1)			(37.1)	(37.2)									
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	295.1	(37.1)	(697.7)	156.2	(283.5)									
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(2.4)				(2.4)									
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(312.7)	3.3	(3.0)	3.9	(308.5)									
Cash and cash equivalents:														
Beginning of period	313.3	0.1	21.4	9.2	344.0									
End of period	£ 0.6	£ 3.4	£ 18.4	£ 13.1	£ 35.5									

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the discussion and analysis included in our 2014 annual report, is intended to assist in providing an understanding of our financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations and is organized as follows:

- *Forward-Looking Statements*. This section provides a description of certain factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events.
- Overview. This section provides a general description of our business and recent events.
- *Material Changes in Results of Operations*. This section provides an analysis of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.
- *Material Changes in Financial Condition*. This section provides an analysis of our corporate and subsidiary liquidity, condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and contractual commitments.

The capitalized terms used below have been defined in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. In the following text, the terms "we," "our," "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to Virgin Media or collectively to Virgin Media and its subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into pound sterling are calculated as of September 30, 2015.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this quarterly report constitute forward-looking statements. To the extent that statements in this quarterly report are not recitations of historical fact, such statements constitute forward-looking statements, which, by definition, involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. In particular, statements under *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* may contain forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our business, product, foreign currency and finance strategies, our property and equipment additions, subscriber growth and retention rates, competitive, regulatory and economic factors, the timing and impacts of proposed transactions, the maturity of our markets, the anticipated impacts of new legislation (or changes to existing rules and regulations), anticipated changes in our revenue, costs or growth rates, our liquidity, credit risks, foreign currency risks, target leverage levels, our future projected contractual commitments and cash flows and other information and statements that are not historical fact. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. In addition to the risk factors described in our 2014 annual report, the following are some but not all of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events:

- economic and business conditions and industry trends in the markets in which we operate;
- the competitive environment in the cable television, broadband and telecommunications industries in the U.K. and Ireland, including competitor responses to our products and services;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- instability in global financial markets, including sovereign debt issues and related fiscal reforms;
- consumer disposable income and spending levels, including the availability and amount of individual consumer debt;
- changes in consumer television viewing preferences and habits;
- consumer acceptance of our existing service offerings, including our digital video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony, mobile and business service offerings, and of new technology, programming alternatives and other products and services that we may offer in the future;

- our ability to manage rapid technological changes;
- our ability to maintain or increase the number of subscriptions to our digital video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile service offerings and our average revenue per household;
- our ability to provide satisfactory customer service, including support for new and evolving products and services;
- our ability to maintain or increase rates to our subscribers or to pass through increased costs to our subscribers;
- the impact of our future financial performance, or market conditions generally, on the availability, terms and deployment of capital;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, government regulations in the markets in which we operate and adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- government intervention that impairs our competitive position, including any intervention that would open our broadband distribution networks to competitors and any adverse change in our accreditations or licenses;
- our ability to obtain regulatory approval and satisfy other conditions necessary to close acquisitions and dispositions, and the impact of conditions imposed by competition and other regulatory authorities in connection with acquisitions;
- our ability to successfully integrate and realize anticipated efficiencies from the VM Ireland Acquisition and from other businesses we may acquire and to implement our business plan with respect to the businesses we have acquired or may acquire;
- changes in laws or treaties relating to taxation, or the interpretation thereof, in the markets in which we operate;
- changes in laws and government regulations that may impact the availability and cost of capital and the derivative instruments that hedge certain of our financial risks;
- the ability of suppliers and vendors (including our third-party wireless network providers under our MVNO arrangements) to timely deliver quality products, equipment, software, services and access;
- the availability of attractive programming for our digital video services and the costs associated with such programming;
- uncertainties inherent in the development and integration of new business lines and business strategies;
- our ability to adequately forecast and plan future network requirements, including the costs and benefits associated with our network extension project in the U.K.;
- the availability of capital for the acquisition and/or development of telecommunications networks and services;
- problems we may discover post-closing with the operations, including the internal controls and financial reporting process, of businesses we acquire;
- the leakage of sensitive customer data;
- the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation;
- the loss of key employees and the availability of qualified personnel;
- changes in the nature of key strategic relationships with partners and joint venturers;
- adverse changes in public perception of the "Virgin" brand, which we and others license from Virgin Group Limited, and any resulting impacts on the goodwill of customers toward us; and

 events that are outside of our control, such as political unrest in international markets, terrorist attacks, malicious human acts, natural disasters, pandemics and other similar events.

The broadband distribution and mobile service industries are changing rapidly and, therefore, the forward-looking statements of expectations, plans and intent in this quarterly report are subject to a significant degree of risk. These forward-looking statements and the above-described risks, uncertainties and other factors speak only as of the date of this quarterly report, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement.

Overview

We are a subsidiary of Liberty Global that provides video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile services in the U.K. and Ireland. We are one of the U.K.'s and Ireland's largest providers of residential video, broadband internet and fixed-line telephony services in terms of the number of customers. We believe our advanced, deep-fiber cable access network enables us to offer faster and higher quality broadband services than our digital subscriber line competitors. As a result, we provide our customers with a leading next generation broadband service and one of the most advanced interactive TV services available in the U.K. and Irish markets.

As further described in notes 1 and 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we completed the VM Ireland Acquisition in February 2015 and have accounted for it as a common control transfer. As a result, all financial and operating information has been retrospectively revised to give effect to the VM Ireland Acquisition for all periods presented.

We completed two small acquisitions during 2014 and the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal, as defined and described below, in 2015. These transactions impact the comparability of our 2015 and 2014 results of operations.

At September 30, 2015, our network passed 13,599,500 homes and served 13,710,800 revenue generating units (**RGUs**), consisting of 4,997,100 broadband internet subscribers, 4,612,000 fixed-line telephony subscribers and 4,101,700 video subscribers. In addition, at September 30, 2015, we served 3,028,400 mobile subscribers.

During the first quarter of 2015, we modified certain video subscriber definitions to better align these definitions with the underlying services received by our subscribers and have replaced our "analog cable" and "digital cable" subscriber definitions with "basic video" and "enhanced video," respectively. A basic video subscriber receives our video service via an analog video signal or a digital video signal without subscribing to any recurring monthly service that requires the use of encryption-enabling technology. An enhanced video subscriber receives our video service via a digital video signal while subscribing to any recurring monthly service that requires the use of encryption-enabling technology.

We added 73,300 RGUs on an organic basis during the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to 83,400 RGUs that we added on an organic basis during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic RGU growth during the three months ended September 30, 2015 is attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase of 59,500 broadband internet RGUs, (ii) an increase of 28,200 fixed-line telephony RGUs, (iii) a decrease of 11,200 enhanced video RGUs, (iv) a decrease of 1,700 multi-channel multi-point (microwave) distribution system (**MMDS**) video RGUs and (v) a decrease of 1,500 basic video RGUs.

We added 86,100 RGUs on an organic basis during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to 133,200 RGUs that we added on an organic basis during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic RGU growth during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase of 97,100 broadband internet RGUs, (ii) an increase of 51,100 fixed-line telephony RGUs, (iii) a decrease of 49,000 enhanced video RGUs, (iv) a decrease of 6,800 basic video RGUs and (v) a decrease of 6,300 MMDS video RGUs.

We added 14,000 mobile subscribers during the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to 18,300 mobile subscribers that we added during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic growth during the three months ended September 30, 2015 is attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase of 56,100 postpaid mobile subscribers and (ii) a decrease of 42,100 prepaid mobile services.

We lost 24,600 mobile subscribers during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to growth of 69,400 mobile subscribers during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic loss during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is attributable to the net effect of (i) a decrease of 135,200 prepaid mobile services and (ii) an increase of 110,600 postpaid mobile subscribers.

Material Changes in Results of Operations

As noted under *Overview* above, the comparability of our operating results during 2015 and 2014 is affected by acquisitions and the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal, as defined and described below. In the following discussion, we quantify the estimated impact of acquisitions and the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal on our operating results. The acquisition impact represents our estimate of the difference between the operating results of the periods under comparison that is attributable to an acquisition. In general, we base our estimate of the acquisition impact on an acquired entity's operating results during the first three months following the acquisition date such that changes from those operating results in subsequent periods are considered to be organic changes. Accordingly, in the following discussion, variances attributed to an acquired entity during the first 12 months following the acquisition date represent differences between the estimated acquisition impact and the actual results.

Discussion and Analysis

Revenue

Revenue includes amounts received from residential subscribers for ongoing services as well as revenue earned from B2B services, interconnect fees, mobile handset sales, installation fees and other categories of non-subscription revenue. We use the term "subscription revenue" in the following discussion to refer to amounts received from cable and mobile residential subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees and late fees. In the following tables, mobile subscription revenue excludes the related interconnect revenue.

Most of our revenue is subject to VAT or similar revenue-based taxes. Any increases in these taxes could have an adverse impact on our ability to maintain or increase our revenue to the extent that we are unable to pass such tax increases on to our customers. In the case of revenue-based taxes for which we are the ultimate taxpayer, we will also experience increases in our operating expenses and corresponding declines in our Adjusted Segment OIBDA and Adjusted Segment OIBDA margins to the extent of any such tax increases. As we use the term, Adjusted Segment OIBDA is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation, related-party fees and allocations, provisions and provision releases related to significant litigation and impairment, restructuring and other operating items.

We pay interconnection fees to other telephony providers when calls or text messages from our subscribers terminate on another network, and we receive similar fees from such providers when calls or text messages from their customers terminate on our networks or networks that we access through MVNO or other arrangements. The amounts we charge and incur with respect to fixed-line telephony and mobile interconnection fees are subject to regulatory oversight. To the extent that regulatory authorities introduce fixed-line or mobile termination rate changes, we would experience prospective changes in our interconnect revenue and costs. The ultimate impact of any such changes in termination rates on our Adjusted Segment OIBDA would be dependent on the call or text messaging patterns that are subject to the changed termination rates.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

		nths ended iber 30,	Iı	ncrease (d	lecrease)	Organic increase (decrease)
	2015	2014		£	%	%
Subscription revenue:		in millions				
Video	£ 261.0	£ 266.4	£	(5.4)	(2.0)	(1.0)
Broadband internet		283.7	r	(3.4)	9.6	(1.0)
		242.9				
Fixed-line telephony		793.0		$\frac{(4.1)}{17.7}$	(1.7)	$\frac{(1.1)}{3.0}$
Cable subscription revenue (a)		122.6				
Mobile subscription revenue (b)				$\frac{(4.4)}{12.2}$	(3.6)	(3.6)
Total subscription revenue		915.6		13.3	1.5	2.1
B2B revenue (c)		154.8		7.6	4.9	4.8
Other revenue (b) (d)		45.7		14.3	31.3	46.7
Total	£1,151.3	£1,116.1	£	35.2	3.2	4.3
		ths ended iber 30,	Iı	ncrease (c	lecrease)	Organic increase (decrease)
		1ber 30, 2014	_Iı	ncrease (d	lecrease) %	increase
	Septen	ıber 30,	_h	<u> </u>	,	increase (decrease)
Subscription revenue:	Septem 2015	ber 30, 2014 in millions		£	0/0	increase (decrease) %
Video	Septem 2015 £ 797.4	ther 30, 2014 in millions £ 816.7	 £	£ (19.3)	• <u>%</u> (2.4)	(decrease) ////////////////////////////////////
Video Broadband internet	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5	ther 30, 2014 in millions £ 816.7 828.9		£ (19.3) 91.6	% (2.4) 11.1	(1.2) (1.2) (1.2)
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3	2014 in millions £ 816.7 828.9 753.9		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6)	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1)	increase (decrease) % (1.2) 11.9 (3.6)
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony Cable subscription revenue (a)	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3 2,441.2	ther 30, 2014 in millions £ 816.7 828.9		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6) 41.7	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1) 1.7	(1.2) (1.2) (1.2)
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3 2,441.2 352.2	£ 816.7 828.9 753.9 2,399.5 355.7		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6) 41.7 (3.5)	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1) 1.7 (1.0)	increase (decrease) % (1.2) 11.9 (3.6) 2.6 (1.0)
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony Cable subscription revenue (a)	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3 2,441.2 352.2	£ 816.7 828.9 753.9 2,399.5 2,399.5		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6) 41.7	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1) 1.7	increase (decrease) % (1.2) 11.9 (3.6) 2.6
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony Cable subscription revenue (a) Mobile subscription revenue (b)	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3 2,441.2 352.2 2,793.4	£ 816.7 828.9 753.9 2,399.5 355.7		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6) 41.7 (3.5)	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1) 1.7 (1.0)	increase (decrease) % (1.2) 11.9 (3.6) 2.6 (1.0)
Video Broadband internet Fixed-line telephony Cable subscription revenue (a) Mobile subscription revenue (b) Total subscription revenue.	Septem 2015 £ 797.4 920.5 723.3 2,441.2 352.2 2,793.4 476.3	£ 816.7 828.9 753.9 2,399.5 355.7 2,755.2 2,755.2		£ (19.3) 91.6 (30.6) 41.7 (3.5) 38.2	% (2.4) 11.1 (4.1) 1.7 (1.0) 1.4	increase (decrease) % (1.2) 11.9 (3.6) 2.6 (1.0) 2.1

⁽a) Cable subscription revenue includes amounts received from subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees, mobile services revenue and late fees. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the standalone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the standalone pricing of our cable and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.

- (b) Mobile subscription revenue excludes mobile interconnect revenue of £16.8 million and £19.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £51.5 million and £60.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Mobile interconnect revenue and revenue from mobile handset sales are included in other revenue.
- (c) B2B revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, voice, mobile and data services offered to medium to large enterprises and, on a wholesale basis, to other operators. We also provide services to certain SOHO subscribers. SOHO subscribers pay a premium price to receive expanded service levels along with video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony or mobile services that are the same or similar to the mass marketed products offered to our residential subscribers. Revenue from SOHO subscribers, which is included in cable subscription revenue, aggregated £5.6 million and £4.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and £15.6 million and £12.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- (d) Other revenue includes, among other items, mobile handset sales, interconnect and late fee revenue.

The increases in our revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014, include (i) organic increases of £48.4 million or 4.3% and £113.1 million or 3.4%, respectively, (ii) the impact of acquisitions, (iii) the impact of a disposal and (iv) the impact of foreign currency translation effects (**FX**), as set forth below:

	Thr	ee-month perio	d	Nine-month period							
	Subscription revenue	Non- subscription revenue	Total	Subscription revenue	Non- subscription revenue	Total					
			in n	nillions							
Increase in cable subscription revenue due to change in:											
Average number of RGUs (a)	£ 12.6	£ —	£ 12.6	£ 39.2	£ —	£ 39.2					
Average monthly subscription revenue per RGU (ARPU) (b)	11.4	_	11.4	23.1	_	23.1					
Total increase in cable subscription revenue	24.0		24.0	62.3		62.3					
Decrease in mobile subscription revenue (c)	(4.4)		(4.4)	(3.5)		(3.5)					
Total increase in subscription revenue	19.6	_	19.6	58.8		58.8					
Increase in B2B revenue		7.4	7.4		18.2	18.2					
Increase in other non-subscription revenue (d)	_	21.4	21.4	_	36.1	36.1					
Total organic increase	19.6	28.8	48.4	58.8	54.3	113.1					
Impact of acquisitions		0.5	0.5	0.2	1.4	1.6					
Impact of a disposal (e)		(7.4)	(7.4)		(23.1)	(23.1)					
Impact of FX	(6.3)	_	(6.3)	(20.8)	(0.2)	(21.0)					
Total		£ 21.9	£ 35.2	£ 38.2	£ 32.4	£ 70.6					

(a) The increases in cable subscription revenue related to changes in the average numbers of RGUs are primarily attributable to increases in the average numbers of broadband internet and fixed-line telephony RGUs that were only partially offset by declines in (i) the average number of enhanced video RGUs and (ii) the average numbers of basic and MMDS video RGUs in Ireland.

- (b) The increases in cable subscription revenue related to changes in ARPU are due to the net effect of (i) net increases resulting from the following factors: (a) higher ARPU due to February 2015 and 2014 price increases for broadband internet, digital video and fixed-line telephony services, (b) lower ARPU due to the impact of higher discounts, (c) higher ARPU due to increases in the proportions of subscribers receiving higher-priced tiers of broadband internet services in our bundles, (d) lower ARPU due to lower fixed-line telephony call volumes, (e) lower ARPU resulting from the impact of a January 1, 2015 change in how VAT is applied to certain components of our U.K. operations, which reduced revenue by £7.7 million and £22.8 million, respectively, and (f) for the nine-month comparison, lower ARPU due to a May 1, 2014 change in legislation in the U.K. with respect to the charging of VAT in connection with prompt payment discounts, as discussed below, which reduced revenue by £14.4 million, and (ii) adverse changes in RGU mix in Ireland.
- (c) The decreases in mobile subscription revenue relate to the U.K. and are primarily due to the net effect of (i) increases in the number of customers taking postpaid mobile services, (ii) declines of £8.5 million and £15.0 million, respectively, in postpaid mobile services revenue due to the November 2014 introduction of a new mobile program in the U.K. whereby customers can elect to purchase a mobile handset pursuant to a contract that is independent of a mobile airtime services contract (the Freestyle Mobile Proposition), (iii) declines in the number of prepaid mobile customers and (iv) decreases of £1.7 million and £5.1 million, respectively, related to the above-described January 1, 2015 change in how VAT is applied. Revenue associated with handsets sold under the Freestyle Mobile Proposition is recognized upfront and included in other non-subscription revenue, as noted below. Prior to the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, this revenue, which was contingent upon delivering future airtime services, was recognized over the life of the customer contract as part of the monthly fee and included in subscription revenue.

- (d) The increases in other non-subscription revenue are primarily due to the net effect of (i) increases in mobile handset sales, primarily attributable to increases of £29.2 million and £60.2 million, respectively, associated with the November 2014 introduction of the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, (ii) decreases in interconnect revenue of £3.3 million and £10.2 million, respectively, primarily due to declines in mobile short message service termination volumes in the U.K., and (iii) decreases in installation revenue of £2.1 million and £8.3 million, respectively. Under the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, we generally recognize the full sales price for the mobile handset upon delivery, regardless of whether the sales price is received upfront or in installments.
- (e) Represents the estimated impact of the non-cable subscribers in the U.K. that we sold in the fourth quarter of 2014 (the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal). These non-cable subscribers were migrated to a third-party during the first nine months of 2015.

On March 19, 2014, the U.K. government announced a change in legislation with respect to the charging of VAT in connection with prompt payment discounts such as those that we offer to our fixed-line telephony customers. This change, which took effect on May 1, 2014, impacted our company and some of our competitors. For additional information regarding a potential challenge from the U.K. government regarding our application of the prompt payment discount rules prior to the May 1, 2014 change in legislation, see note 11 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The details of the changes in our B2B revenue categories are as follows:

	T	hree mo Septen			Iı	ncrease (decrease)	Organic increase (decrease)		
		2015		2015		15 2014		£	%	%
			in	millions						
Data (a)	£	119.8	£	114.8	£	5.0	4.4	4.2		
Voice (b)		29.1		31.8		(2.7)	(8.5)	(7.9)		
Other (c)		13.5		8.2		5.3	64.6	64.6		
Total	£	162.4	£	154.8	£	7.6	4.9	4.8		

	N	line mor Septen			Ir	ncrease (decrease)	Organic increase (decrease)
		2015		2014		£	%	%
	_		in	millions				
Data (a)	£	351.4	£	329.5	£	21.9	6.6	6.5
Voice (b)		89.9		97.0		(7.1)	(7.3)	(7.0)
Other (c)		35.0		31.0		4.0	12.9	12.9
Total	£	476.3	£	457.5	£	18.8	4.1	4.0

⁽a) The increases in data revenue are largely attributable to (i) higher volumes and (ii) increases of £2.9 million and £10.7 million, respectively, in the U.K.'s amortization of deferred upfront fees on B2B contracts.

⁽b) The decreases in voice revenue are primarily attributable to declines in usage.

⁽c) The increases in other revenue are primarily attributable to increases in low-margin equipment sales.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses include programming, network operations, mobile access and interconnect, customer operations, customer care and other costs related to our operations. Programming costs, which represent a significant portion of our operating costs, are expected to rise in future periods as a result of (i) higher costs associated with the expansion of our digital video content, including rights associated with ancillary product offerings and rights that provide for the broadcast of live sporting events, and (ii) rate increases. In addition, we are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to our labor and other costs. Any cost increases that we are not able to pass on to our subscribers through rate increases would result in increased pressure on our operating margins.

Our total operating expenses increased £32.0 million or 6.9% and £6.4 million or 0.4% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014. These increases include (i) decreases of £6.9 million and £19.4 million, respectively, attributable to the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal and (ii) increases of £0.3 million and £1.1 million, respectively, attributable to the impact of acquisitions. Excluding the effects of the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal, acquisitions, and FX, operating expenses increased £41.2 million or 8.9% and £33.4 million or 2.3%, respectively. These increases include the following factors:

- Increases in programming and related costs of £22.9 million or 14.7% and £53.2 million or 11.5%, respectively, primarily due to (i) increases related to higher costs for certain premium and basic content, including sports programming, and (ii) for the nine-month comparison, a £6.9 million increase due to the impact of a nonrecurring reduction of programming costs that resulted from the favorable resolution of an operational contingency during the second quarter of 2014. We entered into a new programming contract that became effective on August 1, 2015. The rates charged to us under this new contract are meaningfully higher than those that were charged under the previous contract. In September 2015, we implemented a rate increase that is intended to pass on a substantial portion of this cost increase to our subscribers. No assurance can be given that the rate increase will result in the recovery of a substantial portion of this cost increase;
- An increase (decrease) in network-related expenses of £19.4 million or 64.1% and (£12.7 million) or (8.6%), respectively. These changes include (i) lower outsourced labor costs associated with customer-facing activities and (ii) nonrecurring adjustments primarily associated with the reassessment of accruals or operational contingencies, including adjustments in 2015 that resulted in an increase (decrease) of £2.7 million and (£5.2 million), respectively. The changes in network expense also include the impact of reductions in local authority charges for certain elements of network infrastructure in the U.K. arising from successful appeals during the last half of 2014 and the first half of 2015. As compared to the 2014 periods, these reductions in local authority charges resulted in increases of £21.1 million and £4.8 million, respectively. Taking into account the impact of the recurring and nonrecurring benefits from lower local authority network infrastructure charges that we expect will be included in our full-year 2015 network-related expenses and holding the assessed local authority network infrastructure rates and all other factors constant, we estimate that our total local authority network infrastructure charges in the U.K. for the year ending December 31, 2016 will be approximately £12 million higher than the annual amount we expect to report for 2015. No assurance can be given that actual results will not differ from our expectations in this regard;
- Decreases in personnel costs of £8.7 million or 14.5% and £12.3 million or 7.0%, respectively, primarily due to the net effect of (i) lower incentive compensation costs, (ii) decreased costs due to higher capitalized labor costs associated with our network extension project in the U.K. and (iii) annual wage increases;
- Increases in mobile handset costs of £9.0 million or 29.0% and £12.2 million or 13.8%, respectively, primarily due to the net effect of (i) increases in the proportion of higher value handsets sold, primarily due to the Freestyle Mobile Proposition implemented in the U.K. in November 2014, and (ii) decreases in costs as a result of continued growth of subscriber identification module or "SIM"-only contracts;
- Increases in information technology-related expenses of £3.5 million and £7.6 million, respectively, primarily due to higher software and other information technology-related service and maintenance costs;
- Increases in certain other direct costs associated with B2B services of £3.6 million and £6.6 million, respectively;
- Decreases in mobile access and interconnect costs of £4.0 million or 5.1% and £6.6 million or 2.7%, respectively, primarily due to the net effect of (i) increased costs attributable to higher mobile usage, (ii) lower rates and (iii) lower fixed-line telephony call volumes;
- Decreases in bad debt and collection expense of £1.5 million or 12.4% and £5.2 million or 14.6%, respectively;

- An increase (decrease) in equipment costs of £0.8 million or 14.6% and (£3.0 million) or (18.0%), respectively, primarily due to changes in B2B low-margin equipment sales; and
- A decrease of £2.1 million for the nine-month comparison due to an accrual release recorded during the second quarter of 2015 related to the settlement of an operational contingency.

SG&A expenses

SG&A expenses include human resources, information technology, general services, management, finance, legal and sales and marketing costs, share-based compensation and other general expenses. We do not include share-based compensation in the following discussion and analysis of our SG&A expenses as share-based compensation expense is discussed separately below. As noted above, we are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to our labor and other costs.

Our total SG&A expenses (exclusive of share-based compensation) decreased £11.3 million or 6.9% and £8.6 million or 1.9% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014. These decreases include increases of nil and £0.2 million, respectively, attributable to the impact of acquisitions. Excluding the effects of acquisitions and FX, SG&A expenses decreased £10.1 million or 6.2% and £5.3 million or 1.2%, respectively. These decreases include the following factors:

- Decreases in personnel costs of £4.9 million or 8.2% and £6.4 million or 3.7%, respectively, primarily due to the net effect of (i) lower incentive compensation costs, (ii) annual wage increases and (iii) decreased costs due to higher capitalized labor costs associated with our network extension project in the U.K.;
- Decreases in sales and marketing costs of £5.3 million or 7.9% and £6.0 million or 3.3%, respectively, primarily related to lower third-party sales commissions;
- Increases in information technology-related expenses of £0.9 million or 11.0% and £3.2 million or 14.7%, respectively, primarily due to higher software and other information technology-related maintenance costs;
- Decreases in outsourced labor and professional fees of £3.6 million or 35.5% and £1.6 million or 6.8%, respectively, primarily due to (i) the positive impact of a £4.7 million increase associated with the nonrecurring consulting fee that was incurred during the third quarter of 2014 in connection with the reduction in local authority charges for certain elements of network infrastructure in the U.K., as discussed above, (ii) increased consulting and other professional services costs and (iii) decreased legal costs; and
- Net increases resulting from individually insignificant changes in other SG&A expense categories.

Share-based compensation expense (included in SG&A expenses)

Our share-based compensation expense represents amounts allocated to our company by Liberty Global and related employer taxes. The amounts allocated by Liberty Global to our company represent share-based compensation associated with the Liberty Global share-based incentive awards held by certain employees of our subsidiaries. Share-based compensation expense allocated to our company by Liberty Global is reflected as an increase to owners' equity. A summary of the share-based compensation expense that is included in our SG&A expenses is set forth below:

TI				N			
2	2015		2014		2015	1	2014
			in mi	llion	S		
£	3.6	£	2.2	£	8.1	£	5.0
	8.4		6.4		21.1		22.5
£	12.0	£	8.6	£	29.2	£	27.5
	2	Septem 2015 £ 3.6 8.4	September 2015 £ 3.6 £ 8.4	£ 3.6 £ 2.2 8.4 6.4	September 30, 2015 2014 in million £ 3.6 £ 2.2 £ 8.4 6.4	September 30, Septem 2015 2014 2015 in millions 1 1 £ 3.6 £ 2.2 £ 8.1 8.4 6.4 21.1 1 1	September 30, September 3 2015 2014 2015 2 in millions 2

⁽a) Includes share-based compensation expense related to Liberty Global PSUs and the Challenge Performance Awards.

⁽b) In connection with the LiLAC Transaction, the compensation committee of Liberty Global's board of directors approved

the Award Modifications in accordance with the underlying share-based incentive plans. The objective of the compensation committee was to ensure a relatively unchanged intrinsic value of outstanding equity awards before and after the bonus issuance of the LiLAC Shares. The mechanism to modify outstanding share-based incentive awards, as approved by the compensation committee, utilized the Modification VWAPs. In order to determine if any incremental stock-based compensation expense should be recorded as a result of the Award Modifications, we are required to measure the changes in the fair values of the then outstanding share-based incentive awards using market prices immediately before and immediately after the Award Modifications. Due to declines in the share prices of Liberty Global's Class A and Class C Liberty Global Shares following the bonus issuance, the exercise prices of options, SARs and PSARs determined using the Modification VWAPs were lower than the exercise prices that would have resulted if the market prices immediately before and after the Award Modifications had been used. Accordingly, the Black-Scholes fair values of Liberty Global options, SARs and PSARs held by employees of our subsidiaries increased as a result of the Award Modifications, resulting in incremental stock-based compensation expense of £9.1 million. This amount includes £5.0 million of expense recognized during the third quarter of 2015 related to awards that vested on or prior to September 30, 2015 and £4.1 million of expense that will be recognized in future periods through 2019 as the related awards vest.

For additional information, see note 9 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Related-party fees and allocations, net

We recorded related-party fees and allocations, net, related to corporate services performed by Liberty Global and our company of £29.0 million and £63.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to £4.4 million and £24.2 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. These charges generally relate to management, finance, legal, technology and other corporate and administrative services provided to our subsidiaries. For additional information, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Depreciation and amortization expense

Our depreciation and amortization expense increased (decreased) \pounds 8.4 million or 2.2% and (\pounds 57.7 million) or (4.7%) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014. Excluding the effects of FX, depreciation and amortization expense increased (decreased) \pounds 9.4 million or 2.5% and (\pounds 53.5 million) or (4.4%), respectively. These changes are primarily due to the net effect of (i) decreases associated with certain assets becoming fully depreciated and (ii) increases associated with property and equipment additions related to the installation of customer premises equipment, the expansion and upgrade of our networks and other capital initiatives.

Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net

We recognized impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, of £5.2 million and £8.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to £1.2 million and £12.1 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. The 2015 amounts primarily include the net effect of (i) restructuring charges of £1.7 million and £9.6 million, respectively, primarily related to employee severance and termination costs related to certain reorganization activities, (ii) gains (losses) from the disposition of assets of (£1.4 million) and £8.0 million, respectively, and (iii) impairment charges of £2.1 million and £6.1 million, respectively. The 2014 amounts are primarily related to certain organizational and staffing changes that we implemented following Liberty Global's acquisition of our company in June 2013 and include severance and other related costs of £1.4 million and £14.6 million, respectively.

Interest expense – third-party

Our third-party interest expense increased £17.2 million or 15.4% and £38.0 million or 11.1% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014. The increases during the three and nine month periods are primarily due to the net effect of (i) higher average outstanding third-party debt balances and (ii) lower weighted average interest rates related to the completion of certain financing transactions that resulted in extended maturities and net decreases to certain of our interest rates. For additional information regarding our outstanding indebtedness, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

It is possible that the interest rates on (i) any new borrowings could be higher than the current interest rates on our existing indebtedness and (ii) our variable-rate indebtedness could increase in future periods. As further discussed in note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use derivative instruments to manage our interest rate risks.

Interest expense – related-party

Our related-party interest expense decreased £12.8 million and £33.8 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014, due to the interest expense incurred on the VM Ireland Note. As further described in note 3, the VM Ireland Note eliminates in consolidation following the February 2015 VM Ireland Acquisition. For additional information regarding our related-party indebtedness, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interest income – related-party

Our related-party interest income increased £6.0 million or 10.3% and £14.4 million or 8.6% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods in 2014, primarily due to interest income earned on related-party notes receivable from LG Europe 2. For additional information, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net

Our realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments include (i) unrealized changes in the fair values of our derivative instruments that are non-cash in nature until such time as the derivative contracts are fully or partially settled and (ii) realized gains or losses upon the full or partial settlement of the derivative contracts. The details of our realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

Three months ended September 30,			Γ	Nine months ended September 30,			
2015			2014		2015	2014	
	in millions						
£	158.0	£	129.8	£	127.7	£	(17.5)
	12.5		2.6		9.1		3.4
	0.7		0.6		(6.8)		0.5
£	171.2	£	133.0	£	130.0	£	(13.6)
	£	Septen 2015 £ 158.0 12.5	September 2015 £ 158.0 £ 12.5 12.5 12.5	September 30, 2015 2014 in mi £ 158.0 £ 129.8 12.5 2.6	September 30, 2015 2014 in million £ 158.0 £ 129.8 £ 12.5 2.6	September 30, Septembrik 2015 2014 2015 in millions 129.8 £ 127.7 12.5 2.6 9.1 0.7 0.6 (6.8)	September 30, September 2015 2014 2015 in millions 2015 2015 £ 158.0 £ 129.8 £ 127.7 £ 12.5 2.6 9.1 0.7 0.6 (6.8)

- The gain during the 2015 three-month period is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) gains associated with a decrease (a) in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar, (ii) losses associated with decreases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market and (iii) gains associated with decreases in market interest rates in the U.S. dollar market. The gain during the 2015 nine-month period is primarily attributable to the net effect of (a) gains associated with a decrease in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar, (b) gains associated with decreases in market interest rates in the U.S. dollar market and (c) losses associated with decreases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market. In addition, the gains during the 2015 periods include net losses of $\pounds 16.2$ million and $\pounds 6.3$ million, respectively, resulting from changes in our credit risk valuation adjustments. The gain during the 2014 three-month period is primarily attributable to the net effect of (1) gains associated with a decrease in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar, (2) losses associated with decreases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market and (3) losses associated with increases in market interest rates in the U.S. dollar market. The loss during the 2014 nine-month period is primarily attributable to the net effect of (I) gains associated with a decrease in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar, (II) losses associated with decreases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market and (III) losses associated with increases in market interest rates in the U.S. dollar market. In addition, the gain (loss) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes net losses of £8.3 million and £13.5 million, respectively, resulting from changes in our credit risk valuation adjustments.
- (b) These amounts represent activity related to the Virgin Media Capped Calls and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes. The fair values of our equity-related derivative instruments are primarily impacted by the trading prices of the underlying security.

For additional information regarding our derivative instruments, see notes 4 and 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currency transaction losses, net

Our foreign currency transaction gains or losses primarily result from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the underlying functional currency of the applicable entity. Unrealized foreign currency transaction gains or losses are computed based on period-end exchange rates and are non-cash in nature until such time as the amounts are settled. The details of our foreign currency transaction losses, net, are as follows:

2015	2014	2015	2014	
	in mi	in millions		
£ (113.9)	£ (101.3)	£ (63.0)	£ (30.3)	
(52.9)	(21.5)	(80.2)	(24.6)	
(13.7)		4.2	_	
(8.5)	(5.1)	(12.4)	(3.5)	
£ (189.0)	£ (127.9)	£ (151.4)	£ (58.4)	
	Septen 2015 £ (113.9) (52.9) (13.7) (8.5)	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline & & & \\ \hline \\ \hline$	September 30, Septem 2015 2014 2015 in millions in millions £ (113.9) £ (101.3) £ (63.0) (52.9) (21.5) (80.2) (13.7) — 4.2 (8.5) (5.1) (12.4)	

(a) Amounts primarily relate to loans between certain of our non-operating subsidiaries.

Losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net

We recognized losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of nil and £29.4 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to nil and £0.2 million during the corresponding periods in 2014. The loss during the 2015 nine-month period includes the following:

- a £20.2 million loss during the first quarter related to (i) the redemption of 10% of the principal amount of each of the April 2021 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2025 VM 5.5% Sterling Senior Secured Notes and (ii) the prepayment of VM Facility A and a portion of VM Facility B under the VM Credit Facility. This loss includes (a) the write-off of £12.6 million of deferred financing costs, (b) the payment of £6.6 million of redemption premium and (c) the write-off of £1.0 million of unamortized discount; and
- a £9.2 million loss during the second quarter related to the prepayment of a portion of VM Facility B and the roll of the remaining outstanding term loans under VM Facility B into a new term loan under VM Facility F. This loss includes (i) the write-off of £6.9 million of deferred financing costs, (ii) the write-off of £1.8 million of unamortized discount and (iii) the payment of £0.5 million of third-party costs.

For additional information concerning our losses on debt modification and extinguishment, net, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Income tax benefit (expense)

We recognized income tax benefit (expense) of £7.9 million and (£12.7 million) during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The income tax benefit during the three months ended September 30, 2015 differs from the expected income tax benefit of £5.8 million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the negative impact of certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries. The negative impact of this item was partially offset by the positive impact of a net decrease in valuation allowances.

The income tax expense during the three months ended September 30, 2014 differs from the expected income tax expense of $\pounds 10.9$ million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the negative impact of certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries. The negative impact of this item was partially offset by the positive impact of statutory rates in certain jurisdictions in which we operate that are lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate.

We recognized income tax benefit (expense) of ($\pounds 0.3$ million) and $\pounds 1.9$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The income tax expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 differs from the expected income tax expense of £4.2 million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the positive impact of a net decrease in valuation allowances. The positive impact of this item was partially offset by the negative impact of certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries.

The income tax benefit during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 differs from the expected income tax benefit of \pounds 39.2 million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the negative impacts of (i) certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries and (ii) a net increase in valuation allowances. The negative impacts of these items were partially offset by the positive impact of statutory tax rates in certain jurisdictions in which we operate that are lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate.

For additional information regarding our income taxes, see note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net earnings (loss)

During the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we reported net earnings (loss) of (\pounds 8.6 million) and \pounds 18.5 million, respectively, including (i) operating income of \pounds 65.7 million and \pounds 91.6 million, respectively, (ii) net non-operating expense of \pounds 82.2 million and \pounds 60.4 million, respectively, and (iii) income tax benefit (expense) of \pounds 7.9 million and (\pounds 12.7 million), respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we reported net earnings (loss) of £11.8 million and (£110.0 million), respectively, including (i) operating income of £266.7 million and £172.6 million, respectively, (ii) net non-operating expense of £254.6 million and £284.5 million, respectively, and (iii) income tax benefit (expense) of (£0.3 million) and £1.9 million, respectively.

Gains or losses associated with (i) changes in the fair values of derivative instruments and (ii) movements in foreign currency exchange rates are subject to a high degree of volatility and, as such, any gains from these sources do not represent a reliable source of income. In the absence of significant gains in the future from these sources or from other non-operating items, our ability to achieve earnings from continuing operations is largely dependent on our ability to increase our aggregate Adjusted Segment OIBDA to a level that more than offsets the aggregate amount of our (a) share-based compensation expense, (b) related-party fees and allocations, net, (c) depreciation and amortization, (d) impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, (e) interest expense, (f) other net non-operating expenses and (g) income tax expenses.

Subject to the limitations included in our various debt instruments, we expect that Liberty Global will continue to cause our company to maintain our debt at current levels relative to our Covenant EBITDA. As a result, we expect that we will continue to report significant levels of interest expense for the foreseeable future. For information concerning our expectations with respect to trends that may affect our operating results in future periods, see the discussion under *Overview* above. For information concerning the reasons for changes in specific line items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations, see the above discussion.

Material Changes in Financial Condition

Sources and Uses of Cash

Cash and cash equivalents

At September 30, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents of £131.2 million, all of which was held by our subsidiaries. The terms of the instruments governing the indebtedness of certain of these subsidiaries may restrict our ability to access the liquidity of these subsidiaries. In addition, our ability to access the liquidity of our subsidiaries may be limited by tax and legal considerations and other factors.

Liquidity of Virgin Media

Our sources of liquidity at the parent level include (i) our cash and cash equivalents, (ii) funding from LG Europe 2 (and ultimately from Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries) in the form of loans or contributions, as applicable, and (iii) subject to the restrictions noted above, proceeds in the form of distributions or loans from our subsidiaries. For information regarding limitations imposed by our subsidiaries' debt instruments, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The ongoing cash needs of Virgin Media include corporate general and administrative expenses and interest expense on the VM Convertible Notes. From time to time, Virgin Media may also require cash in connection with (i) the repayment of outstanding debt and related-party obligations, (ii) the satisfaction of contingent liabilities or (iii) acquisitions and other investment opportunities. No assurance can be given that funding from LG Europe 2 (and ultimately from Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries), our subsidiaries or external sources would be available on favorable terms, or at all.

Liquidity of our Subsidiaries

In addition to cash and cash equivalents, the primary sources of liquidity of our operating subsidiaries are cash provided by operations and, in the case of VMIH, any borrowing availability under the VM Credit Facility. For details of the borrowing availability of the VM Credit Facility, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The liquidity of our operating subsidiaries generally is used to fund property and equipment additions, debt service requirements and other liquidity requirements that may arise from time to time. For additional information regarding our consolidated cash flows, see the discussion under *Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows* below. Our subsidiaries may also require funding in connection with (i) the repayment of outstanding debt, (ii) acquisitions and other investment opportunities or (iii) distributions or loans to Virgin Media, Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries. No assurance can be given that any external funding would be available to our subsidiaries on favorable terms, or at all.

Capitalization

At September 30, 2015, our outstanding consolidated debt and capital lease obligations aggregated £9,840.0 million, including £501.8 million that is classified as current in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and £9,303.8 million that is not due until 2021 or thereafter. For additional information concerning our current debt maturities, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

As further discussed in note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use derivative instruments to mitigate foreign currency and interest rate risk associated with our debt instruments.

Our ability to service or refinance our debt and to maintain compliance with the leverage covenants in our credit agreements and indentures is dependent primarily on our ability to maintain or increase our Covenant EBITDA and to achieve adequate returns on our property and equipment additions and acquisitions. In addition, our ability to obtain additional debt financing is limited by the leverage covenants contained in the various debt instruments of our subsidiaries. In this regard, if our Covenant EBITDA were to decline, we could be required to repay or limit our borrowings under the VM Credit Facility in order to maintain compliance with applicable covenants. No assurance can be given that we would have sufficient sources of liquidity, or that any external funding would be available on favorable terms, or at all, to fund any such required repayment. We do not anticipate any instances of non-compliance with respect to any of our subsidiaries' debt covenants that would have a material adverse impact on our liquidity during the next 12 months.

Notwithstanding our negative working capital position at September 30, 2015, we believe that we have sufficient resources to repay or refinance the current portion of our debt and capital lease obligations and to fund our foreseeable liquidity requirements during the next 12 months. However, as our maturing debt grows in later years, we anticipate that we will seek to refinance or otherwise extend our debt maturities. No assurance can be given that we will be able to complete these refinancing transactions or otherwise extend our debt maturities. In this regard, it is not possible to predict how political and economic conditions, sovereign debt concerns or any adverse regulatory developments could impact the credit markets we access and, accordingly, our future liquidity and financial position. However, (i) the financial failure of any of our counterparties could (a) reduce amounts available under committed credit facilities and (b) adversely impact our ability to access cash deposited with any failed financial institution and (ii) tightening of the credit markets could adversely impact our ability to access debt financing on favorable terms, or at all.

In addition, sustained or increased competition, particularly in combination with adverse economic or regulatory developments, could have an unfavorable impact on our cash flows and liquidity.

With the exception of the VM Convertible Notes, all of our consolidated debt and capital lease obligations at September 30, 2015 have been borrowed or incurred by our subsidiaries. For additional information regarding our debt and capital lease obligations, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Summary. Our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

		in millions						
		2015 2014			_(Change		
			in r	nillions				
Net cash provided by operating activities	£	1,273.3	£	1,228.8	£	44.5		
Net cash used by investing activities		(1,842.3)		(1,251.4)		(590.9)		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		661.4		(283.5)		944.9		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		2.2		(2.4)		4.6		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	£	94.6	£	(308.5)	£	403.1		

Operating Activities. The increase in net cash provided by our operating activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) a decrease in cash provided due to higher net cash payments for interest, (ii) an increase in the cash provided by our Adjusted Segment OIBDA and related working capital items and (iii) an increase in cash provided due to higher interest received for related-party interest income.

Investing Activities. The increase in net cash used by our investing activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase in cash used of £993.8 million associated with cash paid in connection with the VM Ireland Acquisition, (ii) a decrease in cash used to fund loans to subsidiaries of Liberty Global of £317.9 million and (iii) a decrease in cash used due to lower capital expenditures of £72.9 million.

The capital expenditures that we report in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows do not include amounts that are financed under capital-related vendor financing or capital lease arrangements. Instead, these amounts are reflected as non-cash additions to our property and equipment when the underlying assets are delivered, and as repayments of debt when the principal is repaid. In this discussion, we refer to (i) our capital expenditures as reported in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, which exclude amounts financed under capital-related vendor financing or capital lease arrangements, and (ii) our total property and equipment additions, which include our capital expenditures on an accrual basis and amounts financed under capital-related vendor financing our property and equipment additions and our debt, see notes 6 and 7, respectively, to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

A reconciliation of our consolidated property and equipment additions to our consolidated capital expenditures as reported in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows is set forth below:

	Nine months end September 30,			
	2015 2 in millions			2014
				15
Property and equipment additions	£	727.0	£	677.0
Assets acquired under capital-related vendor financing arrangements		(270.0)		(133.7)
Assets acquired under capital leases		(13.9)		(27.9)
Changes in current liabilities related to capital expenditures		(19.0)		(18.4)
Capital expenditures	£	424.1	£	497.0

The increase in our property and equipment additions is primarily due to the net impact of (i) an increase in expenditures for support capital, such as information technology upgrades and general support systems, (ii) an increase in expenditures for new build and upgrade projects to expand service and (iii) a decrease in expenditures for the purchase and installation of customer premises equipment.

Financing Activities. The change in net cash provided (used) by our financing activities is primarily attributable to (i) an increase in cash of £871.1 million related to higher net borrowings of third-party debt, (ii) an increase in cash of £30.9 million due to lower payments for financing costs and debt premiums and (iii) an increase in cash of £10.4 million due to a decrease in cash paid related to derivative instruments.

Contractual Commitments

The pound sterling equivalents of our contractual commitments as of September 30, 2015 are presented below:

	Payments due during:												
	Remainder of 2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020		Thereafter	Total
							in mi	illions					
Debt (excluding interest)	£ 151.2	£	297.8	£	_	£	_	£	_	£	_	£ 9,258.5	£ 9,707.5
Capital leases (excluding interest)	17.3		43.9		19.7		4.4		0.8		0.1	34.4	120.6
Programming commitments	116.4		454.4		454.6		392.7		151.6		1.0	_	1,570.7
Network and connectivity commitments	107.5		134.3		78.3		22.0		4.8		3.6	5.2	355.7
Operating leases	10.7		39.0		33.6		28.2		22.7		12.7	67.1	214.0
Purchase commitments	70.0		1.8										71.8
Other commitments	104.6		50.0		29.5		12.1		2.8		2.8	_	201.8
Total (a)	£ 577.7	£	1,021.2	£	615.7	£	459.4	£	182.7	£	20.2	£ 9,365.2	£12,242.1
Projected cash interest payments on debt and capital lease													
obligations (b)	£ 125.6	£	521.5	£	491.7	£	491.1	£	491.2	£	491.5	£ 1,621.8	£ 4,234.4

(a) The commitments included in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our September 30, 2015 condensed consolidated balance sheet other than debt and capital lease obligations.

(b) Amounts are based on interest rates, interest payment dates and contractual maturities in effect as of September 30, 2015. These amounts are presented for illustrative purposes only and will likely differ from the actual cash payments required in future periods. In addition, the amounts presented do not include the impact of our interest rate derivative contracts, deferred financing costs, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, all of which affect our overall cost of borrowing.

Programming commitments consist of obligations associated with certain of our programming contracts that are enforceable and legally binding on us as we have agreed to pay minimum fees without regard to (i) the actual number of subscribers to the programming services or (ii) whether we terminate service to a portion of our subscribers or dispose of a portion of our distribution systems. In addition, programming commitments do not include increases in future periods associated with contractual inflation or other price adjustments that are not fixed. Accordingly, the amounts reflected in the above table with respect to these contracts are significantly less than the amounts we expect to pay in these periods under these contracts. Historically, payments to programming vendors have represented a significant portion of our operating costs, and we expect that this will continue to be the case in future periods. In this regard, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the programming costs incurred aggregated £510.0 million and £460.9 million, respectively.

Network and connectivity commitments include, among other items, the fixed minimum commitments associated with our MVNO agreement and service commitments associated with our network extension project in the U.K. As such, the commitments shown in the above table may be significantly less than the actual amounts we ultimately pay in these periods.

Purchase commitments include unconditional and legally-binding obligations related to the purchase of customer premises and other equipment.

Commitments arising from acquisition agreements are not reflected in the above table.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have significant commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) defined benefit plans and similar agreements, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, see note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.