

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2015

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. 12300 Liberty Boulevard Englewood, Colorado 80112

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page Number
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (unaudited)	1
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Loss) for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	4
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Owners' Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 (unaudited)	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	8
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	44
SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)	58

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

	March 31, 2015			cember 31, 2014 (a)
		in mi	llions	3
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	£	37.3	£	36.6
Trade receivables, net		445.9		436.6
Related-party note and other receivables (note 10)		874.3		745.3
Other current assets (notes 4 and 10)		145.0		135.7
Total current assets		1,502.5		1,354.2
Property and equipment, net (note 6)		5,988.8		6,074.8
Goodwill (note 6)		5,924.3		5,933.7
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net (note 6)		1,862.4		1,953.6
Deferred income taxes		1,518.4		1,506.2
Related-party notes receivable (note 10)		2,200.9		2,322.3
Other assets, net (note 4)		423.6		281.8
Total assets	£	19,420.9	£	19,426.6

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS — (Continued) (unaudited)

Current liabilities: Accounts payable (note 10)		March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014 (a)
Current liabilities: £ 318.7 £ 269.4 Deferred revenue and advanced payments from subscribers and others 364.7 360.7 Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations (notes 7 and 10) 256.8 335.2 Derivative instruments (note 4) 133.6 139.8 Accrued interest 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's	LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY	ın mı	llions
Accounts payable (note 10) £ 318.7 £ 269.4 Deferred revenue and advanced payments from subscribers and others. 364.7 360.7 Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations (notes 7 and 10) 256.8 335.2 Derivative instruments (note 4) 133.6 139.8 Accrued interest. 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities. 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) 9,432.3 1,351.5 Total liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontro	-		
Deferred revenue and advanced payments from subscribers and others. 364.7 360.7 Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations (notes 7 and 10) 256.8 335.2 Derivative instruments (note 4) 133.6 139.8 Accrued interest 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) - 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 49,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 No	Accounts payable (note 10)	£ 318.7	£ 269.4
Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations (notes 7 and 10) 256.8 335.2 Derivative instruments (note 4) 133.6 139.8 Accrued interest 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 351.5 1,853.0 Third-party 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) - 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 36.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 49.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 49.0 10,992.6 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021			360.7
Derivative instruments (note 4) 133.6 139.8 Accrued interest 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 39,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0	* *	256.8	335.2
Accrued interest. 160.9 141.7 Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): *** 1,834.5 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Value-added taxes (VAT) payable 109.2 105.4 Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 0wners' equity: Parent's equity: 2 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0			
Other current liabilities (note 10) 490.6 500.8 Total current liabilities 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7):		109.2	105.4
Total current liabilities. 1,834.5 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): Third-party 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10). — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 0wners' equity: Parent's equity: Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	490.6	500.8
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations (note 7): Third-party 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 0wners' equity: Parent's equity: 4dditional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0			1,853.0
Third-party 9,432.3 8,349.1 Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) Very consistent of the commitments of the commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) Very consistent of the commitments of the		,	,
Related-party (note 10) — 439.0 Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) 8 Owners' equity: 9,051.2 9,532.0 Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0		9,432.3	8,349.1
Other long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 10) 179.2 351.5 Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) Very continuous continu	1 7	_	,
Total liabilities 11,446.0 10,992.6 Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) Owners' equity: Parent's equity: Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0		179.2	351.5
Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 4, 7, 8 and 11) Owners' equity: Parent's equity: Additional paid-in capital	•		10,992.6
Parent's equity: 9,051.2 9,532.0 Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0			
Parent's equity: 9,051.2 9,532.0 Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0			
Additional paid-in capital 9,051.2 9,532.0 Accumulated deficit (1,121.4) (1,097.5) Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity 7,974.9 8,434.0	• •		
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity. 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest. (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity. 7,974.9 8,434.0	• •	9,051.2	9,532.0
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes 91.3 48.9 Total parent's equity. 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest. (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity. 7,974.9 8,434.0	Accumulated deficit	(1,121.4)	(1,097.5)
Total parent's equity. 8,021.1 8,483.4 Noncontrolling interest. (46.2) (49.4) Total owners' equity. 7,974.9 8,434.0		91.3	48.9
Total owners' equity			8,483.4
Total owners' equity	1 1 2	· ·	(49.4)
	•		
	Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 19,420.9	£ 19,426.6

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2015 2014 (a) in millions Revenue £ 1,129.8 £ 1,115.6 Operating costs and expenses: Operating (other than depreciation and amortization) (note 10)..... 478.2 493.3 Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) (including share-based compensation) (notes 9 158.3 155.8 and 10)..... Related-party fees and allocations, net (note 10) 19.1 11.6 Depreciation and amortization 421.9 381.9 Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net..... 4.2 (5.1)1,032.4 1,086.8 97.4 Operating income 28.8 Non-operating income (expense): Interest expense: Third-party..... (123.4)(114.2)Related-party (note 10) (5.6)(13.3)Interest income – related-party (note 10)..... 58.6 52.1 Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net (note 7)..... (20.2)Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net (notes 4 and 10) 204.8 (76.1)20.0 Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net (242.9)0.5 Other income (expense), net (0.2)(128.9)(131.0)(102.2)Loss before income taxes..... (31.5)Income tax benefit (note 8) 6.8 15.1 (24.7)Net loss (87.1)Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest 0.8 1.2 Net loss attributable to parent £ (23.9) £ (85.9)

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS) (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2015 2014 (a) in millions Net loss £ (24.7)£ (87.1)Other comprehensive earnings, net of taxes: Foreign currency translation adjustments 45.8 10.6 Other comprehensive earnings..... 45.8 10.6 Comprehensive earnings (loss) 21.1 (76.5)Comprehensive loss (earnings) attributable to noncontrolling interest..... (2.6)0.8 (75.7)18.5

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OWNERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

Parent's equity Accumulated other Additional Total comprehensive **Total** Nonparent's paid-in Accumulated controlling owners' earnings, capital deficit interest net of taxes equity equity in millions (1,097.5) £ 48.9 £8,483.4 £ (49.4) £ 8,434.0 (23.9)(23.9)(0.8)Net loss..... (24.7)Other comprehensive earnings, net of 42.4 42.4 3.4 45.8 taxes..... Consideration issued in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition (notes 1 (993.8)(993.8)(993.8)and 3)..... Deemed contribution in connection with elimination of the UPC Ireland Note 470.0 470.0 470.0 (note 3) Contribution of tax assets (note 8)..... 42.0 42.0 42.0 Share-based compensation (note 9) 5.2 5.2 0.1 5.3 Capital charge in connection with the exercise of share-based incentive (5.2)(5.2)(0.1)(5.3)awards (note 10)..... Other 1.0 1.0 0.6 1.6 Balance at March 31, 2015..... £ 9,051.2 (1,121.4) £ 91.3 £8,021.1 (46.2) £ 7,974.9

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

	Three mon	nths ended	
	Marc	ch 31,	
	2015	2014 (a)	
	in millions		
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	£ (24.7)	£ (87.1)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Share-based compensation expense	10.7	11.7	
Related-party fees and allocations, net	19.1	11.6	
Depreciation and amortization	381.9	421.9	
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net	(5.1)	4.2	
Amortization of deferred financing costs and non-cash interest accretion	4.3	4.5	
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net	20.2		
Realized and unrealized losses (gains) on derivative instruments, net	(204.8)	76.1	
Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net	242.9	(20.0)	
Deferred income tax benefit	(7.0)	(15.2)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(41.3)	(1.1)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	396.2	406.6	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash paid in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition	(993.8)		
Capital expenditures.	(153.1)	(181.8)	
Net repayments from (advances to) related parties	44.4	(385.6)	
Other investing activities, net	7.6	(7.4)	
Net cash used by investing activities	£ (1,094.9)	£ (574.8)	

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued) (unaudited)

		Three mon	ıths	ended	
	March 31,			•	
		2015	2014 (a)		
		in mi	llion	S	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Borrowings of third-party debt	£	1,769.6	£	910.8	
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations		(1,029.8)		(63.0)	
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums		(20.0)		(3.4)	
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments.		(18.0)			
Other financing activities, net		(6.3)		(4.8)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		695.5		839.6	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		3.9		2.2	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		0.7		673.6	
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning of period		36.6		344.0	
End of period	£	37.3	£	1,017.6	
Cash paid for interest	£	103.7	£	34.1	
Net cash paid for taxes	£	1.9	£		

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

General

Virgin Media Inc. (Virgin Media) is a provider of (i) video, broadband internet and fixed-line telephony services in the United Kingdom (U.K.) and Ireland to both residential and business-to-business (B2B) customers and (ii) mobile services in the U.K. Virgin Media is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Liberty Global plc (Liberty Global). In these notes, the terms "we," "our," "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to Virgin Media or collectively to Virgin Media and its subsidiaries.

During the first quarter of 2015, Liberty Global undertook various financing transactions in connection with certain internal reorganizations of its broadband and wireless communications businesses in Europe. As part of these reorganizations, on February 12, 2015, we acquired a 65.0% controlling interest in UPC Broadband Ireland Ltd. (UPC Ireland) and its subsidiaries from a subsidiary of Liberty Global outside of the Virgin Media borrowing group (the UPC Ireland Acquisition). The remaining 35.0% noncontrolling interest in UPC Ireland was acquired by another subsidiary of Liberty Global outside of the Virgin Media borrowing group. We have accounted for the UPC Ireland Acquisition as a common control transfer at carryover basis and, accordingly, our condensed consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively revised to give effect to this transaction for all periods presented. For additional information regarding the common control transaction, see note 3.

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the information required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2014 annual report.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are used in accounting for, among other things, the valuation of acquisition-related assets and liabilities, allowances for uncollectible accounts, programming expenses, deferred income taxes and related valuation allowances, loss contingencies, fair value measurements, impairment assessments, capitalization of internal costs associated with construction and installation activities, useful lives of long-lived assets, share-based compensation and actuarial liabilities associated with certain benefit plans. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into pound sterling are calculated as of March 31, 2015.

These condensed consolidated financial statements reflect our consideration of the accounting and disclosure implications of subsequent events through May 21, 2015, the date of issuance.

Alignment of accounting policies

Our accounting policy is to generally defer upfront installation fees on our B2B contracts and recognize the associated revenue over the contractual term of the arrangement. Prior to becoming a subsidiary of Liberty Global in 2013, we generally treated installation fees received from customers with B2B contracts as a separate deliverable and recognized revenue upon completion of the installation activity in an amount that was based on the relative standalone selling price methodology.

The following table provides a rollforward of our deferred revenue for installation services provided to customers with B2B contracts during the three months ended March 31, 2015 (in millions):

Balance at January 1, 2015	£	70.7
Amounts deferred for completed installation services (a)		9.7
Amortization of deferred revenue over contract life		(6.9)
Balance at March 31, 2015	£	73.5

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the **FASB**) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (**ASU 2014-09**), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09 will replace existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective, currently scheduled for January 1, 2017, although an extension to January 1, 2018 has been proposed by the FASB. Early application is not permitted. This new standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

(3) Common Control Transfer

As further described in note 1, we completed the UPC Ireland Acquisition in February 2015. We have accounted for this common control transfer at carryover basis and the applicable prior period information has been retrospectively revised to give effect to this transaction for all periods presented.

In connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition, we (i) paid aggregate cash consideration of €1,341.3 million (£993.8 million at the transaction date) to acquire (a) the controlling interest in UPC Ireland, as described in note 1, and (b) another Liberty Global's subsidiary's right to receive €634.3 million (£470.0 million at the transaction date) from a UPC Ireland subsidiary pursuant to a promissory note (the UPC Ireland Note) and (ii) received a €165.6 million (£122.7 million at the transaction date) cash payment from Lynx Europe 2 Limited (**Lynx Europe 2**), our immediate parent, on the 2023 8.5% Lynx Europe 2 Notes Receivable (as defined and described in note 10). The €1,341.3 million (£993.8 million at the transaction date) of consideration issued in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition was recorded as a capital transaction during the first quarter of 2015. Following our February 2015 acquisition of the right to receive €634.3 million (£470.0 million at the transaction date) pursuant to the UPC Ireland Note, the amounts receivable and payable pursuant to the UPC Ireland Note eliminate in consolidation. The impact of the elimination of the amount payable under the UPC Ireland Note has been reflected as a deemed contribution in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

The following table sets forth the retrospective effects of this common control transfer on our December 31, 2014 condensed consolidated balance sheet:

Current assets £ 1,330.4 £ 23.8 £ 1,354.2 Property and equipment, net £ 5,796.2 £ 278.6 £ 6,074.8 Goodwill £ 5,793.7 £ 140.0 £ 5,933.7 Total assets £ 18,981.7 £ 444.9 £ 19,426.6 Current liabilities £ 1,778.8 £ 74.2 £ 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations £ 8,348.9 £ 0.2 £ 8,349.1 Total liabilities £ 10,406.6 £ 586.0 £ 10,992.6
Property and equipment, net £ 5,796.2 £ 278.6 £ 6,074.8 Goodwill £ 5,793.7 £ 140.0 £ 5,933.7 Total assets £ 18,981.7 £ 444.9 £ 19,426.6 Current liabilities £ 1,778.8 £ 74.2 £ 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations £ 8,348.9 £ 0.2 £ 8,349.1 Total liabilities £ 10,406.6 £ 586.0 £ 10,992.6
Goodwill £ 5,793.7 £ 140.0 £ 5,933.7 Total assets £ 18,981.7 £ 444.9 £ 19,426.6 Current liabilities £ 1,778.8 £ 74.2 £ 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations £ 8,348.9 £ 0.2 £ 8,349.1 Total liabilities £ 10,406.6 £ 586.0 £ 10,992.6
Total assets £ 18,981.7 £ 444.9 £ 19,426.6 Current liabilities £ 1,778.8 £ 74.2 £ 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations £ 8,348.9 £ 0.2 £ 8,349.1 Total liabilities £ 10,406.6 £ 586.0 £ 10,992.6
Current liabilities £ 1,778.8 £ 74.2 £ 1,853.0 Long-term debt and capital lease obligations £ 8,348.9 £ 0.2 £ 8,349.1 Total liabilities £ 10,406.6 £ 586.0 £ 10,992.6
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations.
Total liabilities. <u>£ 10,406.6</u> <u>£ 586.0</u> <u>£ 10,992.6</u>
Total parent's equity $\underline{\mathfrak{t}}$ 8,575.1 $\underline{\mathfrak{t}}$ (91.7) $\underline{\mathfrak{t}}$ 8,483.4
Total owners' equity.
Total liabilities and owners' equity £ 18,981.7 £ 444.9 £ 19,426.6

⁽a) Represents amounts that would have been recognized upfront as installation revenue under our policy prior to becoming a subsidiary of Liberty Global.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

The following table sets forth the retrospective effects of this common control transfer on our operating results:

	Three months ended March 31, 2014							
		previously eported	(Common control justments		As ospectively revised		
			in millions					
Revenue	£	1,043.8	£	71.8	£	1,115.6		
Operating expenses	£	464.4	£	28.9	£	493.3		
SG&A expenses	£	146.3	£	9.5	£	155.8		
Depreciation and amortization expense	£	408.9	£	13.0	£	421.9		
Non-operating expense, net	£	(117.6)	£	(13.4)	£	(131.0)		
Income tax benefit	£	15.1	£		£	15.1		
Net loss	£	(83.8)	£	(3.3)	£	(87.1)		
Net loss attributable to parent	£	(83.8)	£	(2.1)	£	(85.9)		

(4) **Derivative Instruments**

We have entered into various derivative instruments to manage (i) interest rate exposure, (ii) foreign currency exposure with respect to the United States (U.S.) dollar (\$) and the euro (€) and (iii) equity exposure with respect to the dilutive effects of the 6.50% convertible senior notes (the VM Convertible Notes). We generally do not apply hedge accounting to our derivative instruments. Accordingly, changes in the fair values of most of our derivative instruments are recorded in realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The following table provides details of the fair values of our derivative instrument assets and liabilities:

	March 31, 2015						December 31, 2014					
	Cur	rent (a)	Long	g-term (a)		Total	Cu	rrent (a)	Lon	g-term (a)		Total
						in mi	llions	s				
Assets:												
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts (b)	£	36.3	£	238.5	£	274.8	£	28.0	£	102.0	£	130.0
Equity-related derivative instruments (c)		_		23.2		23.2		_		21.7		21.7
Foreign currency forward contract — related-party		0.7		_		0.7				_		
Total	£	37.0	£	261.7	£	298.7	£	28.0	£	123.7	£	151.7
Liabilities:								<u></u>				
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts (b)	£	49.8	£	36.7	£	86.5	£	61.8	£	101.5	£	163.3
Equity-related derivative instruments (c)		83.8				83.8		78.0				78.0
Total	£	133.6	£	36.7	£	170.3	£	139.8	£	101.5	£	241.3
											_	

⁽a) Our current derivative assets are included in other current assets and our long-term derivative assets and liabilities are included in other assets, net, and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

⁽b) We consider credit risk in our fair value assessments. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, (i) the fair values of our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts that represented assets have been reduced by credit risk valuation adjustments aggregating £7.2 million and £1.8 million, respectively, and (ii) the fair values of our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts that represented liabilities have been reduced by credit risk valuation adjustments aggregating £0.7

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

million and £6.2 million, respectively. The adjustments to our derivative assets relate to the credit risk associated with counterparty nonperformance and the adjustments to our derivative liabilities relate to credit risk associated with our own nonperformance. In all cases, the adjustments take into account offsetting liability or asset positions within a given contract. Our determination of credit risk valuation adjustments generally is based on our and our counterparties' credit risks, as observed in the credit default swap market and market quotations for certain of our debt instruments, as applicable. The changes in the credit risk valuation adjustments associated with our cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts resulted in net losses of £10.9 million and £1.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These amounts are included in realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. For further information regarding our fair value measurements, see note 5.

(c) The fair value of our (i) equity-related derivative assets relates to the Virgin Media Capped Calls, as defined and described below, and (ii) equity-related derivative liabilities relates to the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes.

The details of our realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

March 31, 2015 2014 in millions			Three mor	iths e	nded
			Marc		
in millions			2015	2015 201-	
			in mi	llions	
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	214.0	£	(77.4)
Equity-related derivative instruments (a) (1.5) 4.1	Equity-related derivative instruments (a)		(1.5)		4.1
Foreign currency forward contracts (b)	Foreign currency forward contracts (b)		(7.7)		(2.8)
Total	Total	£	204.8	£	(76.1)

- (a) Represents activity related to the Virgin Media Capped Calls, as defined and described below, and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes.
- (b) Amounts represent gains or losses associated with related-party derivative instruments with Liberty Global Europe Financing BV (**LGE Financing**), a subsidiary of Liberty Global.

The net cash received or paid related to our derivative instruments is classified as an operating, investing or financing activity in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows based on the objective of the derivative instrument and the classification of the applicable underlying cash flows. For derivative contracts that are terminated prior to maturity, the cash paid or received upon termination that relates to future periods is classified as a financing activity. The classification of these cash outflows is as follows:

		Three months ended						
		Marc						
		2015	2015		2015 2014		2015 201	
		in mi	llions					
Operating activities	£	(7.6)	£	(3.3)				
Financing activities		(18.0)						
Total	£	(25.6)	£	(3.3)				

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

March 31, 2015

(unaudited)

Counterparty Credit Risk

We are exposed to the risk that the counterparties to our derivative instruments will default on their obligations to us. We manage these credit risks through the evaluation and monitoring of the creditworthiness of, and concentration of risk with, the respective counterparties. In this regard, credit risk associated with our derivative instruments is spread across a relatively broad counterparty base of banks and financial institutions. Collateral is generally not posted by either party under our derivative instruments. At March 31, 2015, our exposure to counterparty credit risk included derivative assets with an aggregate fair value of £288.8 million.

Details of our Derivative Instruments

In the following tables, we present the details of the various categories of our subsidiaries' derivative instruments. The notional amount of multiple derivative instruments that mature within the same calendar month are shown in the aggregate and interest rates are presented on a weighted average basis. In addition, for derivative instruments that were in effect as of March 31, 2015, we present a single date that represents the applicable final maturity date. For derivative instruments that become effective subsequent to March 31, 2015, we present a range of dates that represents the period covered by the applicable derivative instruments.

Cross-currency and Interest Rate Derivative Contracts

Cross-currency Swaps:

The terms of our outstanding cross-currency swap contracts at March 31, 2015, which are held by our subsidiary, Virgin Media Investment Holdings Limited (VMIH), are as follows:

Final maturity date	d	Notional amount lue from interparty		Notional amount due to interparty	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty
		in mi	llions			
January 2023	\$	400.0	€	339.6	5.75%	4.33%
February 2022	\$	1,400.0	£	873.6	5.01%	5.49%
October 2020	\$	1,370.4	£	881.6	6 mo. U.S. LIBOR + 2.75%	6 mo. LIBOR + 3.10%
June 2020	\$	984.6	£	640.1	6 mo. U.S. LIBOR + 2.75%	6 mo. LIBOR + 3.18%
January 2021	\$	500.0	£	308.9	5.25%	6 mo. LIBOR + 2.06%
January 2023	\$	500.0	£	325.1	5.25%	5.26%
October 2022	\$	450.0	£	272.0	6.00%	6.43%
January 2022	\$	425.0	£	255.8	5.50%	5.82%
April 2019	\$	191.5	£	122.3	5.38%	5.49%
November 2016 (a)	\$	55.0	£	27.7	6.50%	7.03%
October 2019	\$	50.0	£	30.3	8.38%	8.98%
October 2019 - October 2022	\$	50.0	£	30.7	6.00%	5.75%

⁽a) Unlike the other cross-currency swaps presented in this table, the identified cross-currency swap does not involve the exchange of notional amounts at the inception and maturity of the instrument. Accordingly, the only cash flows associated with this instrument are interest payments and receipts.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Interest Rate Swaps:

The terms of our outstanding interest rate swap contracts at March 31, 2015, which are held by VMIH, are as follows:

Final maturity date		otional amount	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty
		in millions		
October 2018	£	2,155.0	6 mo. LIBOR	1.52%
January 2021	£	650.0	5.50%	6 mo. LIBOR + 1.84%
January 2021	£	650.0	6 mo. LIBOR + 1.84%	3.87%
December 2015	£	600.0	6 mo. LIBOR	2.90%
April 2018	£	300.0	6 mo. LIBOR	1.37%

Equity-related Derivative Instruments

Virgin Media Capped Calls. During 2010, we entered into conversion hedges (the Virgin Media Capped Calls) with respect to the VM Convertible Notes in order to offset a portion of the dilutive effects associated with conversion of the VM Convertible Notes. We account for the Virgin Media Capped Calls at fair value using a binomial pricing model and changes in fair value are reported in realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of the Virgin Media Capped Calls as of March 31, 2015 was an asset of £23.2 million. The Virgin Media Capped Calls mature on dates ranging from September 30, 2016 to November 10, 2016.

Foreign Currency Forward Contract - Related-party

The following table summarizes the foreign currency forward contract between VMIH and LGE Financing, another Liberty Global subsidiary, at March 31, 2015:

Maturity date	Currenc purchase forward	d		irrency sold rward
		in mi	llions	
April 2015	\$ 2	29.5	£	19.1

(5) <u>Fair Value Measurements</u>

We use the fair value method to account for our derivative instruments. The reported fair values of these derivative instruments as of March 31, 2015 likely will not represent the value that will be paid or received upon the ultimate settlement or disposition of these assets and liabilities. We expect that the values realized generally will be based on market conditions at the time of settlement, which may occur at the maturity of the derivative instrument or at the time of the repayment or refinancing of the underlying debt instrument.

U.S. GAAP provides for a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. We record transfers of assets or liabilities in or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 at the beginning of the quarter during which the transfer occurred. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, no such transfers were made.

All of our Level 2 inputs (interest rate futures, swap rates and certain of the inputs for our weighted average cost of capital calculations) and certain of our Level 3 inputs (forecasted volatilities and credit spreads) are obtained from pricing services. These inputs, or interpolations or extrapolations thereof, are used in our internal models to calculate, among other items, yield curves, forward interest and currency rates and weighted average cost of capital rates. In the normal course of business, we receive market value assessments from the counterparties to our derivative contracts. Although we compare these assessments to our internal

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

valuations and investigate unexpected differences, we do not otherwise rely on counterparty quotes to determine the fair values of our derivative instruments. The midpoints of applicable bid and ask ranges generally are used as inputs for our internal valuations.

The recurring fair value measurement of our equity-related derivatives are based on binomial option pricing models, which require the input of observable and unobservable variables such as exchange traded equity prices, risk-free interest rates, dividend yields and forecasted volatilities of the underlying equity securities. The valuations of our equity-related derivatives are based on a combination of Level 1 inputs (exchange traded equity prices), Level 2 inputs (interest rate futures and swap rates) and Level 3 inputs (forecasted volatilities). As changes in volatilities could have a significant impact on the overall valuations, we have determined that these valuations fall under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. At March 31, 2015 however, the valuations of the Virgin Media Capped Calls and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes were not significantly impacted by forecasted volatilities.

As further described in note 4, we have entered into various derivative instruments to manage our interest rate and foreign currency exchange risk. The recurring fair value measurements of these derivative instruments are determined using discounted cash flow models. Most of the inputs to these discounted cash flow models consist of, or are derived from, observable Level 2 data for substantially the full term of these derivative instruments. This observable data includes applicable interest rate futures and swap rates, which are retrieved or derived from available market data. Although we may extrapolate or interpolate this data, we do not otherwise alter this data in performing our valuations. We incorporate a credit risk valuation adjustment in our fair value measurements to estimate the impact of both our own nonperformance risk and the nonperformance risk of our counterparties. Our and our counterparties' credit spreads are Level 3 inputs that are used to derive the credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to our various interest rate and foreign currency derivative valuations. As we would not expect changes in our or our counterparties' credit spreads to have a significant impact on the valuations of these derivative instruments, we have determined that these valuations fall under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Our credit risk valuation adjustments with respect to our cross-currency and interest rate swaps are quantified and further explained in note 4.

Fair value measurements are also used in connection with nonrecurring valuations performed in connection with impairment assessments and acquisition accounting. These nonrecurring valuations include the valuation of customer relationship intangible assets, property and equipment and the implied value of goodwill. The valuation of customer relationships is primarily based on an excess earnings methodology, which is a form of a discounted cash flow analysis. The excess earnings methodology requires us to estimate the specific cash flows expected from the customer relationship, considering such factors as estimated customer life, the revenue expected to be generated over the life of the customer, contributory asset charges, and other factors. Tangible assets are typically valued using a replacement or reproduction cost approach, considering factors such as current prices of the same or similar equipment, the age of the equipment and economic obsolescence. The implied value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of a reporting unit to all of the assets and liabilities of that unit as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination, with the residual amount allocated to goodwill. All of our nonrecurring valuations use significant unobservable inputs and therefore fall under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we did not perform any significant nonrecurring fair value measurements.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

A summary of our derivative instrument assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

			Fair value measurements at March 31, 2015 using:						
Description		March 31, 2015		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)		gnificant other servable inputs Level 2)	unob ir	nificant servable iputs evel 3)	
				in mi	llions				
Assets:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	274.8	£		£	274.8	£		
Equity-related derivative instruments		23.2						23.2	
Foreign currency forward contract — related-party		0.7				0.7		_	
Total assets	£	298.7	£		£	275.5	£	23.2	
Liabilities:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	86.5	£	_	£	86.5	£	_	
Equity-related derivative instruments		83.8						83.8	
Total liabilities		170.3	£		£	86.5	£	83.8	
						measureme 31, 2014 us			
Description	Dec	ember 31, 2014	in : mar identi	ed prices active kets for cal assets evel 1)	Sig ob i	gnificant other servable inputs Level 2)	Sigr unob in	nificant servable aputs evel 3)	
				in mi	llions				
Assets:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	130.0	£	_	£	130.0	£	_	
Equity-related derivative instruments		21.7						21.7	
Total assets	£	151.7	£		£	130.0	£	21.7	
Liabilities:									
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts	£	163.3	£	_	£	163.3	£	_	
Equity-related derivative instruments		78.0		_		_		78.0	
Total liabilities	£	241.3	£		£	163.3	£	78.0	

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(6) Long-lived Assets

Property and Equipment, Net

The details of our property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation are set forth below:

	M	Iarch 31, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (a)			
		in millions					
Distribution systems	£	6,025.0	£	5,935.4			
Customer premises equipment		1,354.0		1,295.2			
Support equipment, buildings and land		852.0		827.2			
		8,231.0		8,057.8			
Accumulated depreciation		(2,242.2)		(1,983.0)			
Total property and equipment, net	£	5,988.8	£	6,074.8			

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we recorded non-cash increases related to vendor financing arrangements of £61.8 million and £11.5 million, respectively, which exclude related VAT of £8.0 million and £1.1 million, respectively, that were also financed by our vendors under these arrangements. In addition, during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we recorded non-cash increases to our property and equipment related to assets acquired under capital leases of £12.1 million and £14.6 million, respectively.

Goodwill

The change in the carrying amount of our goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2015 is set forth below (in millions):

Balance at January 1, 2015 (a)	£	5,933.7
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(9.4)
Balance at March 31, 2015	£	5,924.3

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization, Net

The details of our intangible assets subject to amortization are set forth below:

	March 31, 2015							Dec	embe			
	c	Gross arrying mount	Accumulated amortization		Net carrying amount		Gross carrying amount		Accumulated amortization			Net arrying mount
						in mil	lions		-			
Customer relationships	£	2,522.2	£	(659.8)	£	1,862.4	£	2,522.4	£	(568.8)	£	1,953.6

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015

(unaudited)

(7) <u>Debt and Capital Lease Obligations</u>

The pound sterling equivalents of the components of our consolidated debt and capital lease obligations are as follows:

	March 31, 2015											
	Weighted	Weighted Unused			Estimated fair value (c)				Carrying value (d)			
	average interest rate (a)		rrowing pacity (b)	I	March 31, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (e)	N	March 31, 2015		cember 31, 2014 (e)	
						i	in millions					
Third-party debt:												
Parent:												
VM Convertible Notes	6.50%	£	_	£	122.8	£	114.7	£	38.2	£	36.5	
Subsidiaries:												
VM Notes	5.63 %				7,143.0		5,430.4		6,815.8		5,173.4	
VM Credit Facility	3.77 %		660.0		2,538.6		3,038.9		2,527.7		3,083.3	
Vendor financing (f)	3.36%				151.6		227.0		151.6		227.0	
Total third-party debt	5.12 %		660.0	£	9,956.0	£	8,811.0		9,533.3		8,520.2	
Related-party debt (note 10):												
UPC Ireland Note (g)							(g)		_		439.0	
Total debt	5.12 %	£	660.0						9,533.3		8,959.2	
Capital lease obligations:												
Third-party									155.8		163.8	
Related-party									_		0.3	
Total capital lease obligations								_	155.8		164.1	
Total debt and capital lease oblig									9,689.1		9,123.3	
Current maturities									(256.8)		(335.2)	
Long-term debt and capital lease								£	9,432.3	£	8,788.1	

⁽a) Represents the weighted average interest rate in effect at March 31, 2015 for all borrowings outstanding pursuant to each debt instrument including any applicable margin. The interest rates presented represent stated rates and do not include the impact of derivative instruments, deferred financing costs, original issue premiums or discounts or commitment fees, all of which affect our overall cost of borrowing. Including the effects of derivative instruments, original issue premiums or discounts and commitment fees, but excluding the impact of financing costs, our weighted average interest rate on our aggregate third-party variable- and fixed-rate indebtedness was 5.6% at March 31, 2015. For information regarding our derivative instruments, see note 4.

⁽b) Unused borrowing capacity represents the maximum availability under our senior secured credit facility, as amended, (the VM Credit Facility) at March 31, 2015 without regard to covenant compliance calculations or other conditions precedent to borrowing. At March 31, 2015, based on the applicable leverage and other financial covenants, the full amount of unused borrowing capacity under the VM Credit Facility was available to be borrowed. The debt instruments of our subsidiaries contain restricted payment tests that limit the amount that can be loaned or distributed to other Virgin Media subsidiaries and ultimately to Virgin Media. At March 31, 2015, these restrictions did not impact our ability to access the liquidity of our subsidiaries to satisfy our corporate liquidity needs.

⁽c) The estimated fair values of our debt instruments are determined using the average of applicable bid and ask prices (mostly Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy) or, when quoted market prices are unavailable or not considered indicative of fair value, discounted cash flow models (mostly Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). The discount rates used in the cash flow models

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

are based on the market interest rates and estimated credit spreads of the applicable entity, to the extent available, and other relevant factors. For additional information regarding fair value hierarchies, see note 5.

- (d) Amounts include the impact of premiums and discounts, where applicable.
- (e) As retrospectively revised see note 3.
- (f) Represents amounts owed pursuant to interest-bearing vendor financing arrangements that are used to finance certain of our property and equipment additions. These obligations are due within one year. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the amounts owed pursuant to these arrangements include £19.3 million and £27.4 million, respectively, of VAT that was paid on our behalf by the vendor. Repayments of vendor financing obligations are included in repayments and repurchases of debt and capital lease obligations in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.
- (g) The December 31, 2014 amount represents the principal amount owed under the UPC Ireland Note. Following our February 2015 acquisition of the right to receive amounts due under the UPC Ireland Note in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition, the amounts payable and receivable under the UPC Ireland Note eliminate in consolidation. For additional information, see note 3. The fair value of this loan is not subject to reasonable estimation due to the related-party nature of the loan.

VM Notes

On March 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance PLC (Virgin Media Secured Finance), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Virgin Media, issued (i) \$500.0 million (£336.9 million) principal amount of 5.25% senior secured notes due January 15, 2026 (the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes) and (ii) £525.0 million principal amount of 4.875% senior secured notes due January 15, 2027 (the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes). The net proceeds from the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes were used to (a) redeem 10% of the principal amount of each of the following series of notes issued by Virgin Media Secured Finance: (1) the £1.1 billion principal amount of 6.0% senior secured notes due April 15, 2021 (the April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes), (2) the \$1.0 billion (£673.7 million) principal amount of 5.375% senior secured notes due April 15, 2021 (the April 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes and, together with the April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes, the April 2021 VM Senior Secured Notes) and (3) the £430.0 million principal amount of 5.5% senior secured notes due January 15, 2025 (the 2025 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes), each at a redemption price equal to 103% of the applicable redeemed principal amount in accordance with the indentures governing each of the notes, and (b) prepay in full the existing £375.0 million outstanding principal amount of term loan A (VM Facility A) and \$400.0 million (£269.5 million) of the existing \$2,755.0 million (£1,856.1 million) outstanding principal amount of term loan B (VM Facility B), each under the VM Credit Facility (as described below). In connection with these transactions, we recognized a loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of £20.2 million. This loss includes (I) the write-off of £12.6 million of deferred financing costs, (II) the payment of £6.6 million of redemption premium and (III) the write-off of £1.0 million of unamortized discount.

On April 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance issued \$500.0 million (£336.9 million) principal amount of 5.25% senior secured notes due January 15, 2026 (the **Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes** and, together with the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes, the **2026 VM Senior Secured Notes**). The Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes were issued at 101% of par. The net proceeds from the Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes were used to prepay \$500.0 million (£336.9 million) of the outstanding principal amount of VM Facility B under the VM Credit Facility.

The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are senior obligations of Virgin Media Secured Finance that rank equally with all of the existing and future senior debt of Virgin Media Secured Finance and are senior to all existing and future subordinated debt of Virgin Media Secured Finance. The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media and certain subsidiaries of Virgin Media (the VM Senior Secured Guarantors) and are secured by liens on substantially all of the assets of Virgin Media Secured Finance and the VM Senior Secured Guarantors (except for Virgin Media).

The 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes contain certain customary incurrence-based covenants. For example, the ability to raise certain additional debt and make certain distributions or loans to other subsidiaries of Liberty Global is subject to a consolidated net leverage ratio test, as specified in the indenture. In addition, the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes provide that any failure to pay principal prior to expiration of any applicable

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

grace period, or any acceleration with respect to other indebtedness of £75.0 million or more in the aggregate of VMIH or the restricted subsidiaries (as specified in the indenture) is an event of default under the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes.

Subject to the circumstances described below, the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes are non-callable until January 15, 2020 and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes are non-callable until January 15, 2021 (the **Call Dates**). At any time prior to the applicable Call Date, Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem some or all of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes or the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes (as applicable) by paying a "make-whole" premium, which is the present value of all remaining scheduled interest payments to the applicable Call Date using the discount rate (as specified in the indenture) as of the redemption date plus 50 basis points.

Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem some or all of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes or the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes at the following redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) plus accrued and unpaid interest and additional amounts (as specified in the indenture), if any, to the applicable redemption date, if redeemed during the 12-month period commencing on January 15 of the years set forth below:

	Redempt	non price
<u>Year</u>	2026 VM Senior Secured Notes	2027 VM Senior Secured Notes
2020	102.625%	N.A.
2021	101.313%	102.438%
2022	100.656%	101.219%
2023	100.000%	100.609%
2024 and thereafter	100.000%	100.000%

Prior to the applicable Call Date, during each 12-month period commencing on the date on which the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes were issued, respectively, Virgin Media Secured Finance may redeem up to 10% of the principal amount of the 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes, respectively, at a redemption price equal to 103% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to (but excluding) the redemption date.

If VMIH or the restricted subsidiaries (as specified in the indenture) sell certain assets or if Virgin Media Communications Limited (**Virgin Media Communications**) or certain of its subsidiaries experience specific changes in control, Virgin Media Secured Finance must offer to repurchase the relevant notes at a redemption price of 101%.

VM Credit Facility

The VM Credit Facility is the senior secured credit facility of VMIH, together with certain other subsidiaries of Virgin Media. The details of our borrowings under the VM Credit Facility as of March 31, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Facility</u>	Maturity	Interest rate	(in borro	Facility amount (in borrowing currency)		Inused rrowing eacity (a)		arrying alue (b)
B	June 7, 2020	LIBOR $+ 2.75\%$ (c)	\$ 2,	355.0	£	_	£	1,580.5
D	June 30, 2022	LIBOR $+ 3.25\%$ (c)	£	100.0				99.8
E	June 30, 2023	LIBOR $+ 3.50\%$ (c)	£	849.4				847.4
Revolving facility (d)	June 7, 2019	LIBOR + 3.25%	£	660.0		660.0		
Total					£	660.0	£	2,527.7

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

- (a) At March 31, 2015, we had no limitations on our availability under the VM Credit Facility.
- (b) The carrying values of VM Facilities B, D and E include the impact of discounts.
- (c) VM Facilities B, D and E each have a LIBOR floor of 0.75%.
- (d) The revolving facility has a fee on unused commitments of 1.3% per year.

For information regarding certain financing transactions completed subsequent to March 31, 2015 that impact the VM Credit Facility, see note 15.

Maturities of Debt and Capital Lease Obligations

The pound sterling equivalents of the maturities of our debt and capital lease obligations as of March 31, 2015 are presented below:

		Debt	Capital lease obligations			Total
			i	n millions		
Year ending December 31:						
2015 (remainder of year)	£	180.6	£	59.4	£	240.0
2016		8.0		48.0		56.0
2017		_		22.5		22.5
2018				6.9		6.9
2019				3.5		3.5
2020		1,586.6		2.9		1,589.5
Thereafter		7,744.8		139.6		7,884.4
Total debt maturities.		9,520.0		282.8		9,802.8
Unamortized premium, net of discount		13.3				13.3
Amounts representing interest				(127.0)		(127.0)
Total debt	£	9,533.3	£	155.8	£	9,689.1
Current portion	£	189.9	£	66.9	£	256.8
Noncurrent portion	£	9,343.4	£	88.9	£	9,432.3
	==		==		=	

Non-cash Refinancing Transactions

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, our refinancing transactions did not include any non-cash borrowings and repayments of debt.

(8) Income Taxes

Certain of our U.K. subsidiaries are within the same U.K. tax group as our ultimate parent company, Liberty Global, and its U.K. subsidiaries. U.K. tax law permits the surrendering without cash payment of tax losses between entities within the same tax group. During the first quarter of 2015, tax losses with an aggregate tax effect of £42.0 million were surrendered by Liberty Global and its U.K. subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media to our U.K. subsidiaries. These surrendered tax assets are reflected as an increase to additional paid-in capital in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Income tax benefit attributable to our loss before income taxes differs from the amounts computed using the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%, as a result of the following factors:

		Three mor	nded	
		2015	2	014 (a)
		in mi		
Computed "expected" tax benefit	£	11.0	£	35.8
Basis and other differences in the treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries		(4.7)		(18.5)
Change in valuation allowances		(4.0)		(3.8)
International rate differences (b)		1.7		(0.2)
Enacted tax law and rate changes		1.0		4.1
Other, net		1.8		(2.3)
Total income tax benefit.	£	6.8	£	15.1

- (a) As retrospectively revised see note 3.
- (b) Amounts reflect statutory rates in the U.K. and Ireland, which are lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate.

(9) **Share-based Compensation**

Our share-based compensation expense represents amounts allocated to our company by Liberty Global and related employer taxes. The amounts allocated by Liberty Global to our company represent share-based compensation associated with the Liberty Global share-based incentive awards held by certain employees of our subsidiaries. Share-based compensation expense allocated to our company by Liberty Global is reflected as an increase to owners' equity. The increase to owners' equity is offset by any amounts recharged to us by Liberty Global, as further described in note 10. Incentive awards are denominated in U.S. dollars.

The following table summarizes our share-based compensation expense, which is included in SG&A expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations:

		Three months ended				
		Marc				
		2015		2014		
		in mi	llions	ns		
Performance-based incentive awards (a)	£	3.2	£	1.3		
Other share-based incentive awards		7.5		10.4		
Total	£	10.7	£	11.7		

⁽a) Includes share-based compensation expense related to (i) Liberty Global performance-based restricted share units (**PSUs**) and (ii) a challenge performance award plan for certain executive officers and key employees of Liberty Global, including certain employees of our subsidiaries (the **Challenge Performance Awards**). The Challenge Performance Awards include performance-based share appreciation rights and PSUs.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(10) Related-party Transactions

Our related-party transactions consist of the following:

Mare Hamman M			Three mon	nth	s ende	d
Operating expenses £ 0.6 £ 0.5 SG&A expenses (5.3) (0.1) Allocated share-based compensation expense (5.3) (9.7) Fees and allocations, net: Very compensation and share-based compensation (6.2) (3.7) Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)			Marc			
Operating expenses £ 0.6 £ 0.5 SG&A expenses (5.3) (0.1) Allocated share-based compensation expense (5.3) (9.7) Fees and allocations, net: (6.2) (3.7) Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation) (6.2) (3.7) Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)			2015		2014	(a)
SG&A expenses			in mi	llio	ns	
Allocated share-based compensation expense (5.3) (9.7) Fees and allocations, net: Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation) (6.2) (3.7) Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Operating expenses	£	0.6	£		0.5
Fees and allocations, net: Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation) (6.2) (3.7) Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	SG&A expenses		(5.3)			(0.1)
Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation) (6.2) (3.7) Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)			(5.3)			(9.7)
Depreciation and share-based compensation (8.1) (2.6) Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Fees and allocations, net:					
Management fee (4.8) (5.3) Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation)		(6.2)			(3.7)
Total fees and allocations, net (19.1) (11.6) Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Depreciation and share-based compensation		(8.1)			(2.6)
Included in operating income (29.1) (20.9) Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Management fee		(4.8)			(5.3)
Interest income 58.6 52.1 Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Total fees and allocations, net		(19.1)			(11.6)
Realized loss on derivative instruments (7.7) (2.8) Interest expense (5.6) (13.3)	Included in operating income		(29.1)			(20.9)
Interest expense	Interest income		58.6			52.1
	Realized loss on derivative instruments		(7.7)			(2.8)
Included in net loss $ frac{£}{16.2}$ $ frac{£}{15.1}$	Interest expense		(5.6)			(13.3)
	Included in net loss	£	16.2	£		15.1

(a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

General. Virgin Media charges fees and allocates costs and expenses to certain other Liberty Global subsidiaries and certain Liberty Global subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media charge fees and allocate costs and expenses to Virgin Media. Depending on the nature of these related-party transactions, the amount of the charges or allocations may be based on (i) our estimated share of the underlying costs, (ii) our estimated share of the underlying costs plus a mark-up or (iii) commercially-negotiated rates. Although we believe that the related-party charges and allocations described below are reasonable, no assurance can be given that the related-party costs and expenses reflected in our consolidated statements of operations are reflective of the costs that we would incur on a standalone basis. Our related-party transactions are cash settled unless otherwise noted below.

During the first quarter of 2015, Liberty Global transferred certain entities that incur central and other administrative costs (the Corporate Entities Transfer) from UPC Holding B.V. to certain other Liberty Global subsidiaries that are outside of Liberty Global's borrowing groups. In connection with the Corporate Entities Transfer, Liberty Global changed the processes it uses to charge fees and allocate costs and expenses from one subsidiary to another, which, as further described below, impact the calculation of the "EBITDA" metric specified by our debt agreements (Covenant EBITDA). This new methodology (the 2015 Liberty Global Allocation Methodology) is intended to ensure that Liberty Global continues to allocate its central and administrative costs to its borrowing groups on a fair and rational basis. Subject to the specific terms contained in our debt agreements, the implementation of the 2015 Liberty Global Allocation Methodology impacts the calculation of Covenant EBITDA for our company. In this regard, the components of related-party fees and allocations that are deducted to arrive at Covenant EBITDA are based on (i) the amount and nature of costs incurred by the allocating Liberty Global subsidiaries during the period, (ii) the allocation methodologies in effect during the period and (iii) the size of the overall pool of entities that are charged fees and allocated costs, such that changes in any of these factors would likely result in changes to the amount of related-party fees and allocations that will be deducted to arrive at Covenant EBITDA in future periods. For example, to the extent that a Liberty Global subsidiary borrowing group was to acquire (sell) an operating entity, and assuming no change in the total costs incurred by the allocating entities, the fees charged and the costs allocated to our company would decrease (increase).

Operating expenses. Amounts consist of the net effect of (i) personnel costs of £1.9 million and £1.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, charged to other Liberty Global subsidiaries and (ii) network-related expenses

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

and other costs of £1.3 million and £1.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, primarily charged by another Liberty Global subsidiary.

SG&A expenses. Amounts primarily consist of the net effect of (i) information technology-related expenses of £4.2 million and £1.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, charged by another Liberty Global subsidiary, (ii) insurance-related expenses of £1.6 million and nil during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, charged by another Liberty Global subsidiary, and (iii) personnel costs of £0.6 million and £0.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, charged to other Liberty Global subsidiaries.

Allocated share-based compensation expense. As further described in note 9, Liberty Global allocates share-based compensation expense to our company.

Fees and allocations, net. These amounts, which are based on our company's estimated share of the applicable costs (including personnel-related and other costs associated with the services provided) incurred by other Liberty Global subsidiaries, represent the aggregate net effect of charges between subsidiaries of Virgin Media and various Liberty Global subsidiaries that are outside of Virgin Media. These charges generally relate to management, finance, legal, technology and other services that support our company's operations. The categories of our fees and allocations, net, are as follows:

- Operating and SG&A related (exclusive of depreciation and share-based compensation). The amounts included in this category, which are cash settled, represent our estimated share of certain centralized technology, management, marketing, finance and other operating and SG&A expenses of Liberty Global's European operations, whose activities benefit multiple operations, including operations within and outside of our company. The amounts allocated represent our estimated share of the actual costs incurred by Liberty Global's European operations, without a mark-up.
- Depreciation and share-based compensation. The amounts included in this category, which are loan settled, represent our estimated share of (i) depreciation of assets not owned by our company and (ii) share-based compensation associated with Liberty Global employees who are not employees of our company. The amounts allocated represent our estimated share of the actual costs incurred by Liberty Global's European operations, without a mark-up.
- Management fee. The amounts included in this category, which are loan settled, represent our estimated allocable share
 of (i) operating and SG&A expenses related to the stewardship services provided by certain Liberty Global subsidiaries
 and (ii) the mark-up, if any, applicable to each category of the related-party fees and allocations charged to our company.

Interest income. Amounts represent interest income on related-party notes, as further described below.

Realized loss on derivative instruments. As further described in note 4, these amounts relate to related-party derivative instruments with LGE Financing.

Interest expense. Amounts represent interest expense on a related-party note, as further described below.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

The following table provides details of our related-party balances:

	March 31, 2015			cember 31, 2014 (a)
		in mi	llions	i
Current note receivable (b)	£	753.8	£	688.0
Current receivables (c)		120.5		57.3
Other current assets (d)		1.8		1.3
Long-term notes receivable (e)		2,200.9		2,322.3
Total	£	3,077.0	£	3,068.9
Accounts payable (f)	£	20.5	£	7.9
Current portion of capital lease obligations		_		0.3
Other current liabilities (g)		45.2		28.8
Related-party debt (h)		_		439.0
Other long-term liabilities (i)		_		50.1
Total	£	65.7	£	526.1

- (a) As retrospectively revised see note 3.
- (b) Amounts represent a note receivable from Lynx Europe 2 that is owed to our subsidiary, Virgin Media Finco Limited. Pursuant to the loan agreement, the maturity date is July 16, 2023, however Virgin Media Finco Limited may agree to advance additional amounts to Lynx Europe 2 at any time and Lynx Europe 2 may, with agreement from Virgin Media Finco Limited, repay all or part of the outstanding principal at any time prior to the maturity date. The note receivable is subject to further borrowings and repayments. The interest rate on this loan, which is subject to adjustment, was 5.725% as of March 31, 2015. The net increase during 2015 relates to cash borrowings of £334.8 million and cash repayments of £269.0 million.
- (c) Amounts represent (i) accrued interest on notes receivable from Lynx Europe 2, including £88.2 million (equivalent) and £42.2 million (equivalent), respectively, owed to our subsidiary, Virgin Media Finco Limited, and £0.7 million (equivalent) and £0.4 million (equivalent), respectively, owed to Virgin Media, (ii) employee withholding taxes collected by Liberty Global on our behalf of £26.9 million (equivalent) and £8.5 million (equivalent), respectively, and (iii) certain receivables from other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business. The accrued interest on the long-term notes receivable is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 and may be cash settled or, if mutually agreed, loan settled. The accrued interest on the current note receivable is payable on various dates as noted in the agreement and may be loan settled. The withholding taxes and other receivables are settled periodically.
- (d) Amounts represent (i) certain receivables from other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business and (ii) the fair value of a derivative instrument with LGE Financing.
- (e) Amounts represent:
 - (i) notes receivable from Lynx Europe 2 that are owed to Virgin Media Finco Limited (the 2023 8.5% Lynx Europe 2 Notes Receivable). These notes mature on April 15, 2023 and bear interest at a rate of 8.5%. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the principal amount outstanding under these notes was £2,174.6 million and £2,297.3 million, respectively. As further described in note 3, the decrease during 2015 relates to the £122.7 million cash repayment from Lynx Europe 2;
 - (ii) a note receivable from Lynx Europe 2 that is owed to us. This note matures on April 15, 2023 and bears interest at a rate of 7.875%. At each of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, this note had a principal balance of \$19.9 million (£13.5 million); and

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

- (iii) a note receivable from Liberty Global that is owed to us. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, this note, which matures on June 4, 2018, had a principal balance of \$19.0 million (£12.8 million) and \$18.8 million (£12.7 million), respectively. This note bears interest at a rate of 1.74%. The increase during 2015 primarily relates to (i) an increase of £0.6 million due to the cumulative translation adjustment during the period and (ii) £0.1 million (equivalent at the transaction date) in capitalized interest.
- (f) Amounts represent certain payables to other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business.
- (g) Amounts represent (i) £19.6 million (equivalent) and £13.7 million (equivalent), respectively, arising from capital charges from Liberty Global, as described below, and (ii) certain payables to other Liberty Global subsidiaries arising in the normal course of business. The payables related to the capital charges are settled periodically. None of these payables are currently interest bearing.
- (h) For information regarding our related-party debt, see note 7.
- (i) The December 31, 2014 amount represents accrued interest on the UPC Ireland Note.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we recorded capital charges of \$7.7 million (£5.2 million at the applicable rate) and \$16.3 million (£9.7 million at the applicable rate), respectively, in our condensed consolidated statement of owners' equity in connection with the exercise of Liberty Global share appreciation rights and options and the vesting of Liberty Global restricted share awards and PSUs held by employees of our subsidiaries. These capital charges, which we and Liberty Global have agreed will not exceed the cumulative amount of share-based compensation allocated to our company by Liberty Global, are based on the fair value of the underlying Liberty Global shares on the exercise or vesting date, as applicable.

During the first quarter of 2015, tax losses with an aggregate tax effect of £42.0 million were surrendered by Liberty Global and its U.K. subsidiaries outside of Virgin Media to our U.K. subsidiaries. For additional information, see note 8.

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

In the normal course of business, we have entered into agreements that commit our company to make cash payments in future periods with respect to programming contracts, purchases of customer premises and other equipment, network and connectivity commitments, non-cancelable operating leases and other items. The pound sterling equivalents of such commitments as of March 31, 2015 are presented below:

	Payments due during:														
		mainder f 2015		2016		2017		2018 in mi	2019 illions		2020		Thereafter		Total
Programming commitments	£	289.3	£	354.0	£	315.0	£	312.3	£	152.2	£	1.1	£	_	£ 1,423.9
Purchase commitments		269.8		5.0											274.8
Network and connectivity commitments		72.2		79.2		78.4		22.0		4.8		7.5		1.2	265.3
Operating leases		32.3		35.4		29.3		22.8		16.5		7.2		44.4	187.9
Other commitments		60.8		37.7		28.6		11.0		2.8		2.8		_	143.7
Total (a)	£	724.4	£	511.3	£	451.3	£	368.1	£	176.3	£	18.6	£	45.6	£ 2,295.6

⁽a) The commitments reflected in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our March 31, 2015 condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Programming commitments consist of obligations associated with certain of our programming contracts that are enforceable and legally binding on us in that we have agreed to pay minimum fees without regard to (i) the actual number of subscribers to the programming services or (ii) whether we terminate service to a portion of our subscribers or dispose of a portion of our distribution systems. In addition, programming commitments do not include increases in future periods associated with contractual inflation or other price adjustments that are not fixed. Accordingly, the amounts reflected in the above table with respect to these contracts are significantly less than the amounts we expect to pay in these periods under these contracts. Payments to programming vendors have in the past represented, and are expected to continue to represent in the future, a significant portion of our operating costs. In this regard, during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the programming costs incurred aggregated £153.9 million and £152.8 million, respectively.

Purchase commitments include unconditional purchase obligations associated with commitments to purchase customer premises and other equipment that are enforceable and legally binding on us.

Network and connectivity commitments include, among other items, the fixed minimum commitments associated with our mobile virtual network operator (MVNO) agreement. As such, the commitments shown in the above table may be significantly less than the actual amounts we ultimately pay in these periods.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have significant commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) defined benefit plans and similar agreements, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, see note 4.

Guarantees and Other Credit Enhancements

In the ordinary course of business, we may provide indemnifications to our lenders, our vendors and certain other parties and performance and/or financial guarantees to local municipalities, our customers and vendors. Historically, these arrangements have not resulted in our company making any material payments and we do not believe that they will result in material payments in the future.

Legal and Regulatory Proceedings and Other Contingencies

VAT Matters. Our application of the VAT with respect to certain revenue generating activities has been challenged by the U.K. tax authorities. We have estimated our maximum exposure in the event of an unfavorable outcome to be £42.2 million as of March 31, 2015. No portion of this exposure has been accrued by our company as the likelihood of loss is not considered to be probable. A court hearing was held at the end of September 2014 in relation to the U.K. tax authorities' challenge and the court's decision is expected prior to September 30, 2015.

On March 19, 2014, the U.K. government announced a change in legislation with respect to the charging of VAT in connection with prompt payment discounts such as those that we offer to our fixed-line telephony customers. The changes, which took effect on May 1, 2014, impacted our company and as a result of this legislation, our revenue was £10.8 million lower during the first quarter of 2015, as compared to 2014. Recent correspondence from the U.K. government indicates that it may seek to challenge our application of the prompt payment discount rules prior to the May 1, 2014 change in legislation. If such a challenge were to be issued by the U.K. government, we could be required to make a payment of the challenged amount in order to make an appeal. We currently estimate that the challenged amount could be up to approximately £65 million before any penalties or interest. Any challenge and subsequent appeal would likely be subject to court proceedings that could delay the ultimate resolution of this matter for an extended period of time. No portion of this potential exposure has been accrued by our company as no claim has been asserted or assessed and the likelihood of loss is not considered to be probable.

Other Regulatory Issues. Broadband communications and mobile businesses are subject to significant regulation and supervision by various regulatory bodies in the jurisdictions in which we operate, and other U.K. and European Union (EU) authorities. Adverse regulatory developments could subject our businesses to a number of risks. Regulation could limit growth, revenue and the number and types of services offered and could lead to increased operating costs and property and equipment additions. In addition, regulation may restrict our operations and subject them to further competitive pressure, including pricing restrictions, interconnect and other access obligations, and restrictions or controls on content, including content provided by third parties. Failure to comply with current or future regulation could expose our businesses to various penalties.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

We have security accreditations across a range of B2B products and services in order to increase our offerings to public sector organizations in the U.K. These accreditations are granted subject to periodic reviews of our policies and procedures by U.K. governmental authorities. If we were to fail to maintain these accreditations or obtain new accreditations when required, it could impact our ability to provide certain offerings to the public sector.

Other. In addition to the foregoing items, we have contingent liabilities related to matters arising in the ordinary course of business including (i) legal proceedings, (ii) issues involving VAT and wage, property and other tax issues and (iii) disputes over interconnection, programming, copyright and carriage fees. While we generally expect that the amounts required to satisfy these contingencies will not materially differ from any estimated amounts we have accrued, no assurance can be given that the resolution of one or more of these contingencies will not result in a material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial position in any given period. Due, in general, to the complexity of the issues involved and, in certain cases, the lack of a clear basis for predicting outcomes, we cannot provide a meaningful range of potential losses or cash outflows that might result from any unfavorable outcomes.

(12) Segment Reporting

We operate in two geographical areas, the U.K. and Ireland, within which we provide video, broadband internet and fixed-line telephony services to both residential and business customers. In addition, we provide mobile services in the U.K.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

		Three mor	nths each 31,	nded
		2015	2	014 (a)
		in mi	llions	
Subscription revenue:				
Video	£	268.3	£	274.9
Broadband internet		298.2		265.5
Fixed-line telephony		242.8		257.4
Cable subscription revenue (b)		809.3		797.8
Mobile subscription revenue (c)		116.3		114.1
Total subscription revenue		925.6		911.9
B2B revenue (d)		156.2		151.4
Other revenue (e)		48.0		52.3
Total revenue	£	1,129.8	£	1,115.6

- (a) As retrospectively revised see note 3.
- (b) Cable subscription revenue includes amounts received from subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees, mobile services revenue and late fees. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the standalone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the standalone pricing of our cable and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.
- (c) Mobile subscription revenue excludes mobile interconnect revenue of £17.9 million and £20.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Mobile interconnect revenue and revenue from mobile handset sales are included in other revenue.
- (d) B2B revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, voice, wireless and data services offered to medium to large enterprises and, on a wholesale basis, to other operators. We also provide services to certain small office and home office (SOHO) subscribers. SOHO subscribers pay a premium price to receive enhanced service levels along with video,

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015

(unaudited)

broadband internet, fixed-line telephony or mobile services that are the same or similar to the mass marketed products offered to our residential subscribers. Revenue from SOHO subscribers, which aggregated £5.0 million and £4.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, is included in cable subscription revenue.

(e) Other revenue includes, among other items, interconnect revenue, mobile handset sales and late fees.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(13) Condensed Consolidating Financial Information — Senior Notes

We present the following condensed consolidating financial information as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, as required by the applicable underlying indentures.

As of March 31, 2015, Virgin Media Finance PLC (Virgin Media Finance) is the issuer of the following senior notes:

- \$95.0 million (£64.0 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.25% senior notes due February 15, 2022;
- \$118.7 million (£80.0 million) aggregate principal amount of 4.875% senior notes due February 15, 2022;
- £44.1 million aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due February 15, 2022;
- \$530.0 million (£357.1 million) aggregate principal amount of 6.375% senior notes due April 15, 2023;
- £250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.0% senior notes due April 15, 2023;
- \$500.0 million (£336.9 million) aggregate principal amount of 6.0% senior notes due October 15, 2024;
- £300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.375% senior notes due October 15, 2024;
- €460.0 million (£332.5 million) aggregate principal amount of 4.5% senior notes due January 15, 2025; and
- \$400.0 million (£269.5 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.75% senior notes due January 15, 2025.

Our senior notes are issued by Virgin Media Finance and are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media and certain of its subsidiaries, namely Virgin Media Group LLC (Virgin Media Group), Virgin Media (UK) Group LLC (Virgin Media (UK) Group) and Virgin Media Communications. Each of VMIH and Virgin Media Investments Limited (VMIL) are conditional guarantees and have guaranteed the senior notes on a senior subordinated basis.

				Marc	ch 31, 2015			
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS				in	millions			
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 0.7	£ 0.2	£ _	£ _	£ —	£ 36.4	£ —	£ 37.3
Related-party note and other receivables	0.7	_	_	_	_	873.6	_	874.3
Other current assets:								
Third-party	_	_	_	36.3	_	552.8	_	589.1
Intercompany and related- party	_	2.5	_	0.7	_	6.3	(7.7)	1.8
Total current assets	1.4	2.7	_	37.0	_	1,469.1	(7.7)	1,502.5
Property and equipment, net	_	_	_	_	_	5,988.8	_	5,988.8
Goodwill	_	_	_	_	_	5,924.3	_	5,924.3
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	_	_	_	_	_	1,862.4	_	1,862.4
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	8,086.1	9,780.6	8,301.2	11,794.1	12,138.3	(7,130.4)	(42,969.9)	_
Deferred income taxes	_	_	_	_	_	1,518.4	_	1,518.4
Related-party notes receivable	26.4	_	_	_	_	2,174.5	_	2,200.9
Other assets, net:								
Third-party	50.0	24.2	_	238.6	_	110.8	_	423.6
Intercompany		14.3				47.4	(61.7)	
Total assets	£ 8,163.9	£9,821.8	£ 8,301.2	£12,069.7	£12,138.3	£ 11,965.3	£ (43,039.3)	£ 19,420.9
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY								
Current liabilities:								
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ —	£ 76.2	£ 2.6	£ 115.6	£ —	£ 799.0	£ (972.9)	£ 20.5
Other current liabilities:								
Third-party	123.2	45.4	_	204.0	_	1,396.2	_	1,768.8
Intercompany and related- party	19.6			7.7		25.6	(7.7)	45.2
Total current liabilities	142.8	121.6	2.6	327.3	_	2,220.8	(980.6)	1,834.5
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	_	2,035.4	_	_	_	7,396.9	_	9,432.3
Other long-term liabilities:								
Third-party	_	_	_	36.8	_	142.4	_	179.2
Intercompany				61.7			(61.7)	
Total liabilities	142.8	2,157.0	2.6	425.8	_	9,760.1	(1,042.3)	11,446.0
Total parent's equity	8,021.1	7,664.8	8,298.6	11,643.9	12,138.3	2,251.4	(41,997.0)	8,021.1
Noncontrolling interest						(46.2)		(46.2)
Total owners' equity	8,021.1	7,664.8	8,298.6	11,643.9	12,138.3	2,205.2	(41,997.0)	7,974.9
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 8,163.9	£9,821.8	£ 8,301.2	£12,069.7	£12,138.3	£ 11,965.3	£ (43,039.3)	£ 19,420.9

	December 31, 2014 (a)											
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total				
				in	millions							
ASSETS												
Current assets:						0 061		266				
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 0.5	£ —	£ —	£ —	£ —	£ 36.1	£ —	£ 36.6				
Related-party note and other receivables	0.4	_	_	_	_	744.9	_	745.3				
Other current assets:												
Third-party	_	_	_	28.0	_	543.0	_	571.0				
Intercompany and related- party	_	1.4	_	_	_	3.9	(4.0)	1.3				
Total current assets	0.9	1.4		28.0		1,327.9	(4.0)	1,354.2				
Property and equipment, net	_	_	_	_	_	6,074.8	_	6,074.8				
Goodwill	_	_	_	_	_	5,933.7	_	5,933.7				
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	_	_	_	_	_	1,953.6	_	1,953.6				
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	8,529.3	9,582.7	8,761.4	12,267.1	12,436.2	(7,081.7)	(44,495.0)	_				
Deferred income taxes	_	_	_	_	_	1,506.2	_	1,506.2				
Related-party notes receivable	25.1	_	_	_	_	2,297.2	_	2,322.3				
Other assets, net:												
Third-party	58.3	16.6	_	102.0	_	104.9	_	281.8				
Intercompany				21.0		4.2	(25.2)					
Total assets	£ 8,613.6	£9,600.7	£ 8,761.4	£12,418.1	£12,436.2	£ 12,120.8	£ (44,524.2)	£ 19,426.6				
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY												
Current liabilities:												
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ —	£ 59.6	£ 5.1	£ 115.6	£ —	£ 615.3	£ (787.7)	£ 7.9				
Other current liabilities:												
Third-party	116.4	20.9	_	290.7	_	1,388.0	_	1,816.0				
Intercompany and related- party	13.7			4.0		15.4	(4.0)	29.1				
Total current liabilities	130.1	80.5	5.1	410.3	_	2,018.7	(791.7)	1,853.0				
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations:												
Third-party	_	1,393.8	_	_	_	6,955.3	_	8,349.1				
Related-party	_	_	_	_	_	439.0	_	439.0				
Other long-term liabilities:												
Third-party	_	_	_	101.6	_	199.8	_	301.4				
Intercompany and related-party		7.3		4.2		63.8	(25.2)	50.1				
Total liabilities	130.1	1,481.6	5.1	516.1	_	9,676.6	(816.9)	10,992.6				
Total parent's equity	8,483.5	8,119.1	8,756.3	11,902.0	12,436.2	2,493.6	(43,707.3)	8,483.4				
Noncontrolling interest						(49.4)		(49.4)				
Total owners' equity	8,483.5	8,119.1	8,756.3	11,902.0	12,436.2	2,444.2	(43,707.3)	8,434.0				
Total liabilities and owners' equity	£ 8,613.6	£9,600.7	£ 8,761.4	£12,418.1	£12,436.2	£ 12,120.8	£ (44,524.2)	£ 19,426.6				

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Three mont	he andad	March	. 31	2015
I III CC IIIUIL	us cnucu	IVIAI CI	ı Jı.	4013

							iii ee	months e	nuec	i Mai cii S	11, 2	013				
Statements of operations		irgin Iedia	N	/irgin /Iedia inance		Other rantors	,	VMIH	•	VMIL		all other osidiaries	Eli	minations	7	 Γotal
•	_		_				_	in	milli	ions	_		_			
Revenue	£		£		£		£		£		£	1,129.8	£		£ 1	,129.8
Operating costs and expenses:																
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)		_		_		_		_		_		478.2		_		478.2
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		0.8		_		_		_		_		157.5		_		158.3
Related party fees and allocations, net		_		_		_		_		_		19.1		_		19.1
Depreciation and amortization		_		_		_		_		_		381.9		_		381.9
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net		_		_		_		_		_		(5.1)		_		(5.1)
		0.8										1,031.6			1	,032.4
Operating income (loss)		(0.8)				_				_		98.2				97.4
Non-operating income (expense):																
Interest expense:																
Third-party		(2.3)		(27.8)				(3.6)				(89.7)				(123.4)
Related-party and intercompany		_		(53.7)		(2.6)		(104.9)		_		(300.5)		456.1		(5.6)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		0.3		13.6		3.9		53.5		_		443.4		(456.1)		58.6
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net		_		_		_		_		_		(20.2)		_		(20.2)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments:																
Third-party		(1.5)				_		214.0		_		_		_		212.5
Related-party				22.6		_		(81.3)		_		51.0		_		(7.7)
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net		_		(150.8)		(36.1)		(88.8)		_		32.8		_		(242.9)
Other expense, net		_		(0.1)		_		(0.1)		_		_		_		(0.2)
		(3.5)	_	(196.2)		(34.8)		(11.2)				116.8				(128.9)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(4.3)		(196.2)		(34.8)		(11.2)		_		215.0				(31.5)
Income tax benefit												6.8				6.8
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		(4.3)		(196.2)		(34.8)		(11.2)		_		221.8		_		(24.7)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries		(19.6)		206.8		13.4		218.0		167.0				(585.6)		
Net earnings (loss)		(23.9)		10.6		(21.4)		206.8		167.0		221.8		(585.6)		(24.7)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest											_	0.8				0.8
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(23.9)	£	10.6	£	(21.4)	£	206.8	£	167.0	£	222.6	£	(585.6)	£	(23.9)
Total comprehensive earnings	£	21.9	£	30.0	£	26.9	£	226.2	£	186.4	£	241.2	£	(711.5)	£	21.1
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		_		_		_		(2.6)		_		(2.6)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to parent	£	21.9	£	30.0	£	26.9	£	226.2	£	186.4	£	238.6	£	(711.5)	£	18.5
	_						_									

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2014 (a)

						1 111	CC II	ionths end	icu ivi	iai cii 31	, 201	4 (a)				
Statements of operations		rgin edia	N	irgin Iedia inance		Other rantors	,	VMIH	V	MIL		ll other	Eliminations		Total	Γotal
								in	millio	ns						
Revenue	£		£	_	£		£	_	£		£	1,115.6	£	_	f 1	1,115.6
Operating costs and expenses:												1,113.0				1,113.0
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)		_		_		_		_		_		493.3		_		493.3
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		1.0		_		_		_		_		154.8		_		155.8
Related party fees and allocations, net		_		_		_		_		_		11.6				11.6
Depreciation and amortization		_		_		_		_		_		421.9		_		421.9
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net												4.2				4.2
		1.0	_								_	1,085.8	_		1	1,086.8
Operating income (loss)		(1.0)										29.8				28.8
Non-operating income (expense):								_						_		_
Interest expense:																
Third-party		(3.2)		(21.5)		_		(2.3)		_		(87.2)		_		(114.2)
Related-party and intercompany		(44.7)		(1.1)		(2.7)		(86.5)		_		(276.3)		398.0		(13.3)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		3.3		15.5		3.5		70.0		_		357.8		(398.0)		52.1
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments:																
Third-party		4.1		_		_		(77.4)		_		_		_		(73.3)
Related-party		(2.8)		(3.7)				19.3		_		(15.6)		_		(2.8)
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net		3.4		2.0		(1.2)		8.0		_		3.3		4.5		20.0
Other income, net		_		_		0.5		_		_		_		_		0.5
		(39.9)		(8.8)		0.1		(68.9)				(18.0)		4.5		(131.0)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(40.9)		(8.8)		0.1		(68.9)		_		11.8		4.5		(102.2)
Income tax benefit												15.1				15.1
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		(40.9)		(8.8)		0.1		(68.9)		_		26.9		4.5		(87.1)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries		(42.9)		(36.1)		(42.9)		28.3		17.4				76.2		
Net earnings (loss)		(83.8)		(44.9)		(42.8)		(40.6)		17.4	_	26.9	_	80.7		(87.1)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		_		_		_		1.2		_		1.2
Net earnings (loss) attributable to											_		_			
parent	£	(83.8)	£	(44.9)	£	(42.8)	£	(40.6)	£	17.4	£	28.1	£	80.7	£	(85.9)
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	£	(74.4)	£	(46.0)	£	(43.5)	£	(41.8)	£	16.3	£	27.1	£	85.8	£	(76.5)
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest												0.8			_	0.8
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(74.4)	£	(46.0)	£	(43.5)	£	(41.8)	£	16.3	£	27.9	£	85.8	£	(75.7)

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

			-	Three month	s ended Ma	rch 31, 20)15		
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media		Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Total	
				j	in millions				
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (3	.7)	£ (34.8)	£	£ (68.9)	£ —	£ 503.6	£ 396.2	
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Cash paid in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition	_	_	_	_	_		(993.8)	(993.8)	
Capital expenditures	_	_	_	_			(153.1)	(153.1)	
Net repayments from related parties	_	_	_	_			44.4	44.4	
Other investing activities, net	_	_		_			7.6	7.6	
Net cash used by investing activities	_	_					(1,094.9)	(1,094.9)	
Cash flows from financing activities:	-								
Borrowings of third-party debt	_	_	607.7	_		_	1,161.9	1,769.6	
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_		_	_	(144.8)		(885.0)	(1,029.8)	
Contributions (distributions)	_	_	(565.5)	_	223.2		342.3	_	
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums	_		(7.2)	_			(12.8)	(20.0)	
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments	_		_	_	(9.5)		(8.5)	(18.0)	
Other financing activities, net	_	_	_	_			(6.3)	(6.3)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		_	35.0		68.9		591.6	695.5	
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	3	9		_				3.9	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		.2	0.2	_		_	0.3	0.7	
Cash and cash equivalents:									
Beginning of period	0	.5		_	_		36.1	36.6	
End of period	£ 0	.7	£ 0.2	£ —	£ —	£ —	£ 36.4	£ 37.3	

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2014 (a)										
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Finance	Other guarantors	VMIH	VMIL	All other subsidiaries	Total				
Cash flows from operating activities:			il	n millions							
1 0											
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (34.1)	£ (1.0)	£ 0.5	£ (11.5)	£ —	£ 452.7	£ 406.6				
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Net advances to related parties	(385.6)		_				(385.6)				
Capital expenditures			_			(181.8)	(181.8)				
Other investing activities, net						(7.4)	(7.4)				
Net cash used by investing activities	(385.6)					(189.2)	(574.8)				
Cash flows from financing activities:											
Borrowings of third-party debt			_	_		910.8	910.8				
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_	_		(38.9)	_	(24.1)	(63.0)				
Contributions (distributions)	173.9	0.9	(0.5)	50.8		(225.1)	_				
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums	_	_	_	_	_	(3.4)	(3.4)				
Other financing activities, net			_			(4.8)	(4.8)				
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	173.9	0.9	(0.5)	11.9	_	653.4	839.6				
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	2.2	_	_		_	_	2.2				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(243.6)	(0.1)		0.4	_	916.9	673.6				
Cash and cash equivalents:											
Beginning of period	313.3	0.1	0.2	0.3		30.1	344.0				
End of period	£ 69.7	£ —	£ 0.2	£ 0.7	£ —	£ 947.0	£1,017.6				

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(14) Condensed Consolidating Financial Information — Senior Secured Notes

We present the following condensed consolidating financial information as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, as required by the applicable underlying indentures.

As of March 31, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance is the issuer of the following senior secured notes:

- £628.4 million aggregate principal amount of 5.5% senior secured notes due January 15, 2021;
- \$447.9 million (£301.8 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.25% senior secured notes due January 15, 2021;
- £990.0 million aggregate principal amount of the April 2021 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$900.0 million (£606.3 million) aggregate principal amount of the April 2021 VM Dollar Senior Secured Notes;
- £387.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2025 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes;
- \$425.0 million (£286.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.5% senior secured notes due January 15, 2025;
- £300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior secured notes due January 15, 2025;
- \$500.0 million (£336.9 million) aggregate principal amount of the Original 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes;
- £525.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2027 VM Senior Secured Notes; and
- £400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% senior secured notes due March 28, 2029.

Our senior secured notes are issued by Virgin Media Secured Finance and are guaranteed on a senior basis by Virgin Media, Virgin Media Group, Virgin Media (UK) Group and Virgin Media Communications and on a senior subordinated basis by VMIH and VMIL. They also rank pari passu with and, subject to certain exceptions, share in the same guarantees and security which has been granted in favor of our VM Credit Facility.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

					March 3	31, 2	015				
Balance sheets	Virgin Media	Vi	rgin Media Secured Finance	Gu	arantors		Non- uarantors	El	iminations_		Total
ASSETS					in mi	llion	ıs				
Current assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	f 0.7	£	3.9	£	11.4	£	21.3	f		£	37.3
Related-party note and other receivables				~	31.6	~	842.0	~		~	874.3
Other current assets:											
Third-party					553.9		35.2		_		589.1
Intercompany and related-party			5.2		4.3		_		(7.7)		1.8
Total current assets	1.4		9.1		601.2		898.5		(7.7)		1,502.5
Property and equipment, net					4,633.8		1,355.0				5,988.8
Goodwill			_		5,793.8		130.5		_		5,924.3
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net			_		1,692.2		170.2		_		1,862.4
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	8,086.1		4,886.2		(4,394.0)		6,591.6		(15,169.9)		
Deferred income taxes			_		1,518.4						1,518.4
Related-party notes receivable	26.4						2,174.5				2,200.9
Other assets, net:											
Third-party	50.0		37.3		325.6		10.7		_		423.6
Intercompany			47.4		14.3				(61.7)		
Total assets	£ 8,163.9	£	4,980.0	£	10,185.3	£	11,331.0	£	(15,239.3)	£ 1	9,420.9
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY											
Current liabilities:											
Intercompany and related-party payables	£ —	£	_	£	311.3	£	682.1	£	(972.9)	£	20.5
Other current liabilities:							-				
Third-party			70.8		1,514.1		60.7				1,768.8
Intercompany and related-party			0.2		25.1	_	8.0	_	(7.7)		45.2
Total current liabilities	142.8		71.0		1,850.5		750.8		(980.6)		1,834.5
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations			4,780.5		4,651.8		_		_		9,432.3
Other long-term liabilities:											
Third-party			_		149.0		30.2				179.2
Intercompany					61.7			_	(61.7)		
Total liabilities			4,851.5		6,713.0		781.0		(1,042.3)		1,446.0
Total parent's equity			128.5		3,472.3		10,596.2		(14,197.0)		8,021.1
Noncontrolling interest			120.5		2 472 2		(46.2)	_	(14.107.0)		$\frac{(46.2)}{7.074.0}$
Total link life and account of the			128.5	<u> </u>	3,472.3	<u> </u>	10,550.0		(14,197.0)		7,974.9
Total liabilities and owners' equity	t 8,163.9	£	4,980.0	t	10,185.3	t	11,331.0	£	(15,239.3)	t l	9,420.9

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

					December 31, 2014 (a)								
Delance shorts	Virg			rgin Media Secured	C	Non-		171	·	,	Га4а1		
Balance sheets	Med	ıa	_	<u>Finance</u>	G	in mil			EI	iminations		<u>Γotal</u>	
ASSETS						111 11111	11101	18					
Current assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents	£	0.5	£	5.4	£	7.5	£	23.2	£	_	£	36.6	
Related-party note and other receivables		0.4		_		14.4		730.5		_		745.3	
Other current assets:													
Third-party		_		_		544.1		26.9		_		571.0	
Intercompany and related-party		_		2.6		2.7				(4.0)		1.3	
Total current assets		0.9		8.0		568.7		780.6		(4.0)		1,354.2	
Property and equipment, net		_				4,816.0		1,258.8		_	(6,074.8	
Goodwill		_		_		5,793.7		140.0		_	:	5,933.7	
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net				_		1,837.4		116.2		_		1,953.6	
Investments in, and loans to, parent and subsidiary companies	8,52	29.3		3,950.4		(4,049.8)		7,532.8		(15,962.7)		_	
Deferred income taxes		—				1,506.2				_		1,506.2	
Related-party notes receivable	4	25.1						2,297.2			2	2,322.3	
Other assets, net:													
Third-party	:	58.3		33.0		184.4		6.1		_		281.8	
Intercompany		_		4.2		21.0				(25.2)			
Total assets	£ 8,6	13.6	£	3,995.6	£	10,677.6	£	12,131.7	£	(15,991.9)	£ 19	9,426.6	
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY													
Current liabilities:													
Intercompany and related-party payables	£		£	_	£	264.0	£	531.6	£	(787.7)	£	7.9	
Other current liabilities:													
Third-party	1	16.4		91.9		1,540.1		67.6		_		1,816.0	
Intercompany and related-party		13.7		0.2		12.1		7.1		(4.0)		29.1	
Total current liabilities	13	30.1		92.1		1,816.2		606.3		(791.7)		1,853.0	
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations:													
Third-party		_		3,779.7		4,569.1		0.3		_	:	8,349.1	
Related-party		_		_				439.0				439.0	
Other long-term liabilities:													
Third-party		_				267.9		33.5		_		301.4	
Intercompany and related-party		_		13.8		11.4		50.1		(25.2)		50.1	
Total liabilities		30.1		3,885.6		6,664.6		1,129.2		(816.9)	10	0,992.6	
Total parent's equity	8,48	33.5		110.0		4,013.0		11,051.9		(15,175.0)		8,483.4	
Noncontrolling interest						_		(49.4)		_		(49.4)	
Total owners' equity		33.5		110.0	_	4,013.0	_	11,002.5	_	(15,175.0)		8,434.0	
Total liabilities and owners' equity		13.6	£	3,995.6	£	10,677.6	£	12,131.7	£	(15,991.9)		9,426.6	
	=======================================		=	-,-,-	=	-,	$\tilde{=}$	_,	=	(,-/		,	

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

				Thr	ee n	onths end	ed M	arch 31, 20)15			
Statements of operations		rgin edia	Vi	rgin Media Secured Finance	Gu	iarantors	Gua	Non- arantors	Elin	ninations		Total
						in mi	lions					
Revenue	£	_	£	_	£	950.9	£	178.9	£		£	1,129.8
Operating costs and expenses:											_	
Operating (other than depreciation and amortization)				_		410.1		68.1				478.2
SG&A (including share-based compensation)		0.8		_		135.2		22.3				158.3
Related party fees and allocations, net				_		11.3		7.8				19.1
Depreciation and amortization		_				316.3		65.6				381.9
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net				_		(7.2)		2.1				(5.1)
		0.8				865.7		165.9				1,032.4
Operating income (loss)		(0.8)				85.2		13.0				97.4
Non-operating income (expense):												
Interest expense:												
Third-party		(2.3)		(57.4)		(63.7)		_		_		(123.4)
Intercompany and related-party		_		_		(248.0)		(222.7)		465.1		(5.6)
Interest income – related-party and intercompany		0.3		69.5		229.6		224.3		(465.1)		58.6
Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net				_		(20.2)		_		_		(20.2)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net:												
Third-party		(1.5)		_		214.0				_		212.5
Related-party				51.0		(58.7)				_		(7.7)
Foreign currency transaction losses, net		_		(44.8)		(149.1)		(49.0)				(242.9)
Other expense, net		_				(0.2)						(0.2)
		(3.5)		18.3		(96.3)		(47.4)				(128.9)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(4.3)		18.3		(11.1)		(34.4)		_		(31.5)
Income tax benefit						6.8						6.8
Earnings (loss) after income taxes		(4.3)		18.3		(4.3)		(34.4)				(24.7)
Equity in net earnings (loss) of subsidiaries		(19.6)				15.0		14.1		(9.5)		
Net earnings (loss)		(23.9)		18.3		10.7		(20.3)		(9.5)		(24.7)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest								0.8			_	0.8
Net earnings (loss) attributable to parent	£	(23.9)	£	18.3	£	10.7	£	(19.5)	£	(9.5)	£	(23.9)
Total comprehensive earnings	£	21.9	£	18.3	£	20.3	£	18.1	£	(57.5)	£	21.1
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest								(2.6)				(2.6)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to parent	£	21.9	£	18.3	£	20.3	£	15.5	£	(57.5)	£	18.5

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2014 (a)

	Three months ended March 31, 2014 (a) Virgin Media										
Virgin Media	;	Secured	(Guarantors			Elin	ninations		Total	
				in mil	lions						
£ —	£		£	979.7	£	135.9	£		£	1,115.6	
	_		_						_		
		_		439.7		53.6		_		493.3	
				137.8		17.0		_		155.8	
		_		1.5		10.1				11.6	
		_		363.9		58.0				421.9	
_				3.6		0.6		_		4.2	
1.0				946.5		139.3				1,086.8	
(1.0)				33.2		(3.4)				28.8	
(3.2)		(58.6)		(52.4)		_				(114.2)	
(44.7)				(183.2)		(190.3)		404.9		(13.3)	
3.3		75.2		194.6		183.9		(404.9)		52.1	
4.1				(77.4)						(73.3)	
(2.8)		(15.6)		15.6						(2.8)	
3.4		7.3		5.6		(0.8)		4.5		20.0	
			_			0.5				0.5	
(39.9)		8.3		(97.2)		(6.7)		4.5		(131.0)	
(40.9)		8.3		(64.0)		(10.1)		4.5		(102.2)	
	_		_							15.1	
(40.9)		8.3		(48.9)		(10.1)		4.5		(87.1)	
(42.9)			_	5.9		(36.1)		73.1			
(83.8)		8.3		(43.0)		(46.2)		77.6		(87.1)	
		_				1.2				1.2	
£ (83.8)	£	8.3	£	(43.0)	£	(45.0)	£	77.6	£	(85.9)	
£ (74.4)	£	8.3	£	(44.1)	£	(45.7)	£	79.4	£	(76.5)	
			_			0.8				0.8	
£ (74.4)	£	8.3	£	(44.1)	£	(44.9)	£	79.4	£	(75.7)	
	Media £	\frac{\text{Virgin Media}}{\text{Media}} \frac{\xample}{\xample} \xample	Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance £ — £ — 1.0 — — 1.0 — — — — — 1.0 — — (1.0) — — (3.2) (58.6) — (44.7) — — (3.2) (58.6) — (44.7) — — (3.2) (58.6) — (44.7) — — (39.9) 8.3 — (40.9) 8.3 — (40.9) 8.3 — (42.9) — — £ (83.8) £ 8.3 £ (74.4) £ 8.3 — — — — £ (74.4) £ 8.3	Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance C £ — £ — £ — — — £ — £ — — — £	Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance Guarantors in mile £ — £ 979.7 — — £ 979.7 — — £ 979.7 — — 439.7 1.0 — 137.8 — — 363.9 — — 363.9 — — 946.5 (1.0) — 946.5 (1.0) — 33.2 (3.2) (58.6) (52.4) (44.7) — (183.2) 3.3 75.2 194.6 4.1 — (77.4) (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 3.4 7.3 5.6 — — — (39.9) 8.3 (97.2) (40.9) 8.3 (64.0) — — — (40.9) 8.3 (48.9) (42.9) — 5.9 (83.8)	Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance Guarantors Gu in millions £ — £ 979.7 £ — — £ 979.7 £ — — £ 979.7 £ — — 1.5 — 363.9 — — — 36.9 — — — — 36.9 — — — — 36.9 — — — — 346.5 — — — — — — (3.2) (58.6) (52.4) — — (44.7) — (183.2) — — 3.3 75.2 194.6 — — — 4.1 — — (77.4) — — — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — — — — — — — — — — <	Virgin Media Media Virgin Media Finance Guarantors Non-Guarantors £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 — — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 — — — 439.7 53.6 1.0 — 137.8 17.0 — — 1.5 10.1 — — 363.9 58.0 — — 363.9 58.0 — — 36.6 0.6 1.0 — 946.5 139.3 (1.0) — 33.2 (3.4) (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 3.3 75.2 194.6 183.9 4.1 — (77.4) — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — 3.4 7.3 5.6 (0.8) — — — 0.5 (39.9) 8.3 (64.0) (10.1) — <td>Virgin Media Virgin Media Finance Guarantors Limitors Elin Institution £ — £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — 439.7 53.6 1 1.0 — 137.8 17.0 1 — — 363.9 58.0 1 — — 363.9 58.0 1 — — 36.6 0.6 1 — — 946.5 139.3 1 (1.0) — 946.5 139.3 1 (3.2) (58.6) (52.4) — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 3 3.3 75.2 194.6 183.9 183.9 4.1 — (77.4) — — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — — 0.5 <</td> <td>Virgin Media Media Virgin Media Finance Guarantors in millions Non- Guarantors in millions Eliminations £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — — 439.7 53.6 — — — 1.0 — 137.8 17.0 — — — — 1.5 10.1 — — — — 363.9 58.0 — — — — 366 0.6 — — — — 946.5 139.3 — — (1.0) — 33.2 (3.4) — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 404.9 — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 404.9 — — — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — — — — — (39.9) 8.3 (97.2) (6.7)</td> <td>Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance Guarantors in millions Non-Guarantors in millions Eliminations £ — £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — £ — — 439.7 53.6 — — £ — — 1.5 10.1 — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ # — — _ _ _</td>	Virgin Media Virgin Media Finance Guarantors Limitors Elin Institution £ — £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — 439.7 53.6 1 1.0 — 137.8 17.0 1 — — 363.9 58.0 1 — — 363.9 58.0 1 — — 36.6 0.6 1 — — 946.5 139.3 1 (1.0) — 946.5 139.3 1 (3.2) (58.6) (52.4) — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 3 3.3 75.2 194.6 183.9 183.9 4.1 — (77.4) — — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — — 0.5 <	Virgin Media Media Virgin Media Finance Guarantors in millions Non- Guarantors in millions Eliminations £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — — — 439.7 53.6 — — — 1.0 — 137.8 17.0 — — — — 1.5 10.1 — — — — 363.9 58.0 — — — — 366 0.6 — — — — 946.5 139.3 — — (1.0) — 33.2 (3.4) — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 404.9 — — (44.7) — (183.2) (190.3) 404.9 — — — (2.8) (15.6) 15.6 — — — — — (39.9) 8.3 (97.2) (6.7)	Virgin Media Virgin Media Secured Finance Guarantors in millions Non-Guarantors in millions Eliminations £ — £ — £ 979.7 £ 135.9 £ — £ — — 439.7 53.6 — — £ — — 1.5 10.1 — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ — — £ # — — _ _ _	

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2015													
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Secured Finance	Guarantors in millions	Non- Guarantors	Total									
Cash flows from operating activities:			in initions											
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (3.7)	£ (3.6)	£ 312.7	£ 90.8	£ 396.2									
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Cash paid in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition	_	_	_	(993.8)	(993.8)									
Capital expenditures			(128.9)	(24.2)	(153.1)									
Net repayments from related parties			_	44.4	44.4									
Other investing activities, net		_	7.4	0.2	7.6									
Net cash used by investing activities	_		(121.5)	(973.4)	(1,094.9)									
Cash flows from financing activities:														
Borrowings of third-party debt	_	1,161.9	607.7	_	1,769.6									
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_	(220.4)	(809.4)	_	(1,029.8)									
Contributions (distributions)		(918.1)	31.1	887.0										
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums		(12.8)	(7.2)	_	(20.0)									
Net cash paid related to derivative instruments		(8.5)	(9.5)		(18.0)									
Other financing activities, net			_	(6.3)	(6.3)									
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	_	2.1	(187.3)	880.7	695.5									
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	3.9	_	_	_	3.9									
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	0.2	(1.5)	3.9	(1.9)	0.7									
Cash and cash equivalents:														
Beginning of period	0.5	5.4	7.5	23.2	36.6									
End of period	£ 0.7	£ 3.9	£ 11.4	£ 21.3	£ 37.3									

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2014 (a)													
Statements of cash flows	Virgin Media	Virgin Media Secured Finance	Guarantors in millions	Non- Guarantors	Total									
Cash flows from operating activities:			III IIIIIIIIIIIII											
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	£ (34.1)	£ 1.3	£ 376.3	£ 63.1	£ 406.6									
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Net advances to related parties	(385.6)	_			(385.6)									
Capital expenditures			(155.4)	(26.4)	(181.8)									
Other investing activities, net	_		(7.9)	0.5	(7.4)									
Net cash used by investing activities	(385.6)		(163.3)	(25.9)	(574.8)									
Cash flows from financing activities:														
Borrowings of third-party debt	_	910.8	_	_	910.8									
Repayments and repurchases of third-party debt and capital lease obligations	_	_	(63.0)	_	(63.0)									
Contributions (distributions)	173.9	(0.4)	(145.0)	(28.5)	_									
Payment of financing costs and debt premiums		(3.4)	_	_	(3.4)									
Other financing activities, net			_	(4.8)	(4.8)									
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	173.9	907.0	(208.0)	(33.3)	839.6									
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	2.2	_			2.2									
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(243.6)	908.3	5.0	3.9	673.6									
Cash and cash equivalents:														
Beginning of period	313.3	0.1	21.4	9.2	344.0									
End of period	£ 69.7	£ 908.4	£ 26.4	£ 13.1	£ 1,017.6									

⁽a) As retrospectively revised – see note 3.

VIRGIN MEDIA INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued) March 31, 2015 (unaudited)

(15) Subsequent Events

Refinancing Transactions

On April 30, 2015, Virgin Media Secured Finance issued the Additional 2026 VM Senior Secured Notes. For additional information, see note 7.

On May 14, 2015, we launched an offer to lenders under the existing VM Facility B under the VM Credit Facility to roll \$1.9 billion (£1.3 billion) of their outstanding term loans into a new dollar denominated term loan (**VM Facility F**) under the VM Credit Facility, which will mature in June 2023. In addition, on May 18, 2015, we launched an amendment request for our revolving credit facility (the **Revolving Credit Facility Amendment**) to extend the maturity to December 31, 2021 and amend the margin to 2.75%. VM Facility F and the Revolving Credit Facility Amendment contain certain proposed amendments to the VM Credit Facility, including the deletion of the Senior Net Debt to Annualized EBITDA (as specified in the VM Credit Facility) maintenance covenant and amending the Total Net Debt to Annualized EBITDA (as specified in the VM Credit Facility) maintenance covenant to 5.5x and limiting its application so that it applies only for the benefit of the revolving credit facility lenders when greater than one-third of the revolving credit facilities are drawn on the last day of the relevant ratio period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the discussion and analysis included in our 2014 annual report, is intended to assist in providing an understanding of our financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations and is organized as follows:

- Forward-Looking Statements. This section provides a description of certain factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events.
- Overview. This section provides a general description of our business and recent events.
- Material Changes in Results of Operations. This section provides an analysis of our results of operations for the three
 months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.
- Material Changes in Financial Condition. This section provides an analysis of our corporate and subsidiary liquidity, condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and contractual commitments.

The capitalized terms used below have been defined in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. In the following text, the terms, "we," "our," "our company" and "us" may refer, as the context requires, to Virgin Media or collectively to Virgin Media and its subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise indicated, convenience translations into pound sterling are calculated as of March 31, 2015.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this quarterly report constitute forward-looking statements. To the extent that statements in this quarterly report are not recitations of historical fact, such statements constitute forward-looking statements, which, by definition, involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. In particular, statements under *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* may contain forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our business, product, foreign currency and finance strategies, our property and equipment additions, subscriber growth and retention rates, competitive, regulatory and economic factors, the maturity of our markets, the anticipated impacts of new legislation (or changes to existing rules and regulations), anticipated revenue decreases or cost increases, liquidity, credit risks, foreign currency risks, target leverage levels, our future projected contractual commitments and cash flows and other information and statements that are not historical fact. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. In addition to the risk factors described in our 2014 annual report, the following are some but not all of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events:

- economic and business conditions and industry trends in the markets in which we operate;
- the competitive environment in the cable television, broadband and telecommunications industries in the U.K. and Ireland, including competitor responses to our products and services;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- instability in global financial markets, including sovereign debt issues in the EU and related fiscal reforms;
- consumer disposable income and spending levels, including the availability and amount of individual consumer debt;
- changes in consumer television viewing preferences and habits;
- consumer acceptance of our existing service offerings, including our enhanced video, broadband internet, fixed-line
 telephony, mobile and business service offerings, and of new technology, programming alternatives and other products
 and services that we may offer in the future;
- our ability to manage rapid technological changes;

- our ability to maintain or increase the number of subscriptions to our enhanced video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony and mobile service offerings and our average revenue per household;
- our ability to provide satisfactory customer service, including support for new and evolving products and services;
- our ability to maintain or increase rates to our subscribers or to pass through increased costs to our subscribers;
- the impact of our future financial performance, or market conditions generally, on the availability, terms and deployment of capital;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, government regulations in the markets in which we operate and adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- government intervention that impairs our competitive position, including any intervention that would open our broadband distribution networks to competitors and any adverse change in our accreditations or licenses;
- changes in laws or treaties relating to taxation, or the interpretation thereof, in the markets in which we operate;
- changes in laws and government regulations that may impact the availability and cost of credit and the derivative instruments that hedge certain of our financial risks;
- the ability of suppliers and vendors (including our third-party wireless network provider under our MVNO arrangement) to timely deliver quality products, equipment, software, services and access;
- the availability of attractive programming for our enhanced video services and the costs associated with such programming;
- uncertainties inherent in the development and integration of new business lines and business strategies;
- our ability to adequately forecast and plan future network requirements, including the costs and benefits associated with the planned U.K. network extension;
- the availability of capital for the acquisition and/or development of telecommunications networks and services;
- our ability to successfully integrate and realize anticipated efficiencies from the UPC Ireland Acquisition and from other businesses we may acquire;
- the leakage of sensitive customer data;
- the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation;
- the loss of key employees and the availability of qualified personnel;
- changes in the nature of key strategic relationships with partners and joint venturers;
- adverse changes in public perception of the "Virgin" brand, which we and others license from Virgin Group Limited, and any resulting impacts on the goodwill of customers toward us; and
- events that are outside of our control, such as political unrest in international markets, terrorist attacks, malicious human acts, natural disasters, pandemics and other similar events.

The broadband distribution and mobile service industries are changing rapidly and, therefore, the forward-looking statements of expectations, plans and intent in this quarterly report are subject to a significant degree of risk. These forward-looking statements and the above-described risks, uncertainties and other factors speak only as of the date of this quarterly report, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein,

to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement.

Overview

We are a subsidiary of Liberty Global that provides (i) video, broadband internet and fixed-line telephony services in the U.K. and Ireland to both residential and B2B customers and (ii) mobile services in the U.K. We are one of the U.K.'s largest providers of residential video, broadband internet and fixed-line telephony services in terms of the number of customers. We believe our advanced, deep-fiber cable access network enables us to offer faster and higher quality broadband services than our digital subscriber line (**DSL**) competitors. As a result, we provide our customers with a leading next generation broadband service and one of the most advanced interactive TV services available in the U.K. and Ireland markets.

As further described in notes 1 and 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we completed the UPC Ireland Acquisition in February 2015 and have accounted for it as a common control transfer. As a result, all financial and operating information has been retrospectively revised to give effect to the UPC Ireland Acquisition for all periods presented.

We completed two small acquisitions during 2014 and the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal, as defined and described below, in 2015. These transactions impact the comparability of our 2015 and 2014 results of operations.

At March 31, 2015, our network passed 13,513,900 homes and served 13,638,400 revenue generating units (**RGU**s), consisting of 4,929,500 broadband internet subscribers, 4,573,400 fixed-line telephony subscribers and 4,135,500 video subscribers. In addition, at March 31, 2015, we served 3,007,300 mobile subscribers.

During the first quarter of 2015, we modified certain video subscriber definitions to better align these definitions with the underlying services received by our subscribers and have replaced our "digital cable" and "analog cable" subscriber definitions with "enhanced video" and "basic video," respectively. A basic video subscriber receives our video service via an analog video signal or a digital video signal without subscribing to any recurring monthly service that requires the use of encryption-enabling technology. An enhanced video subscriber receives our video service via a digital video signal while subscribing to any recurring monthly service that requires the use of encryption-enabling technology.

We added 13,700 RGUs on an organic basis during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to 59,200 RGUs that we added on an organic basis during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic RGU growth during the three months ended March 31, 2015 is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase of 29,500 broadband internet RGUs, (ii) a decrease of 23,000 enhanced video RGUs, (iii) an increase of 12,500 fixed-line telephony RGUs and (iv) a decrease of 2,600 basic video RGUs.

We lost 45,700 mobile subscribers during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to growth of 8,300 mobile subscribers during the corresponding period in 2014. The organic loss during the three months ended March 31, 2015 is attributable to the net effect of (i) a decrease of 64,500 prepaid mobile services and (ii) an increase of 18,800 postpaid mobile subscribers.

Material Changes in Results of Operations

As noted under *Overview* above, the comparability of our operating results during 2015 and 2014 is affected by acquisitions. In the following discussion, we quantify the estimated impact of acquisitions on our operating results. The acquisition impact represents our estimate of the difference between the operating results of the periods under comparison that is attributable to an acquisition. In general, we base our estimate of the acquisition impact on an acquired entity's operating results during the first three months following the acquisition date such that changes from those operating results in subsequent periods are considered to be organic changes. Accordingly, in the following discussion, variances attributed to an acquired entity during the first twelve months following the acquisition date represent differences between the estimated acquisition impact and the actual results.

Discussion and Analysis

Revenue

Revenue includes amounts received from residential subscribers for ongoing services as well as revenue earned from B2B services, interconnect, mobile handset sales, installation fees and other categories of non-subscription revenue. We use the term "subscription revenue" in the following discussion to refer to amounts received from cable and mobile residential subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees and late fees. In the below table, mobile subscription revenue excludes the related interconnect revenue.

Most of our revenue is subject to VAT or similar revenue-based taxes. Any increases in these taxes could have an adverse impact on our ability to maintain or increase our revenue to the extent that we are unable to pass such tax increases on to our customers. In the case of revenue-based taxes for which we are the ultimate taxpayer, we will also experience increases in our operating expenses and corresponding declines in our segment operating cash flow and segment operating cash flow margins to the extent of any such tax increases. Segment operating cash flow is defined as revenue less operating and SG&A expenses (excluding share-based compensation, related-party fees and allocations, depreciation and amortization and impairment, restructuring and other operating items).

We pay interconnection fees to other telephony providers when calls or text messages from our subscribers terminate on another network, and we receive similar fees from such providers when calls or text messages from their customers terminate on our networks or networks that we access through MVNO or other arrangements. The amounts we charge and incur with respect to fixed-line telephony and mobile interconnection fees are subject to regulatory oversight. To the extent that regulatory authorities introduce fixed-line or mobile termination rate changes, we would experience prospective changes in our interconnect revenue and costs. The ultimate impact of any such changes in termination rates on our segment operating cash flow would be dependent on the call or text messaging patterns that are subject to the changed termination rates.

Our revenue by major category is set forth below:

		onths ended ch 31,	Increase (decrease)	Organic increase (decrease)
	2015	2014	£	%	%
		in millions			
Subscription revenue:					
Video	£ 268.3	£ 274.9	£ (6.6)	(2.4)	(1.2)
Broadband internet	298.2	265.5	32.7	12.3	13.3
Fixed-line telephony	242.8	257.4	(14.6)	(5.7)	(5.2)
Cable subscription revenue (a)	809.3	797.8	11.5	1.4	2.3
Mobile subscription revenue (b)	116.3	114.1	2.2	1.9	1.9
Total subscription revenue.	925.6	911.9	13.7	1.5	2.3
B2B revenue (c)	156.2	151.4	4.8	3.2	3.1
Other revenue (d)	48.0	52.3	(4.3)	(8.2)	3.0
Total revenue	£1,129.8	£1,115.6	£ 14.2	1.3	2.4

⁽a) Cable subscription revenue includes amounts received from subscribers for ongoing services, excluding installation fees, mobile services revenue and late fees. Subscription revenue from subscribers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is generally allocated proportionally to each service based on the standalone price for each individual service. As a result, changes in the standalone pricing of our cable and mobile products or the composition of bundles can contribute to changes in our product revenue categories from period to period.

⁽b) Mobile subscription revenue excludes mobile interconnect revenue of £17.9 million and £20.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Mobile interconnect revenue and revenue from mobile handset sales are included in other revenue.

⁽c) B2B revenue includes revenue from business broadband internet, voice, wireless and data services offered to medium to large enterprises and, on a wholesale basis, to other operators. We also provide services to certain SOHO subscribers. SOHO

subscribers pay a premium price to receive enhanced service levels along with video, broadband internet, fixed-line telephony or mobile services that are the same or similar to the mass marketed products offered to our residential subscribers. Revenue from SOHO subscribers, which aggregated £5.0 million and £4.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, is included in cable subscription revenue.

(d) Other revenue includes, among other items, interconnect revenue, mobile handset sales and late fees.

The increase in our revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014, includes (i) an organic increase of £27.0 million or 2.4%, (ii) the impacts of acquisitions, (iii) the impact of a disposal and (iv) the impact of foreign currency translation effects (**FX**), as set forth below:

		bscription revenue	sub	Non- oscription evenue		Total
			in 1	millions		
Increase in cable subscription revenue due to change in:						
Average number of RGUs (a)	£	13.5	£		£	13.5
Average monthly subscription revenue per RGU (ARPU) (b)		5.0				5.0
Total increase in cable subscription revenue		18.5				18.5
Increase in mobile subscription revenue (c)		2.2		_		2.2
Total increase in subscription revenue		20.7				20.7
Increase in B2B revenue				4.7		4.7
Increase in other non-subscription revenue (d)				1.6		1.6
Total organic increase.		20.7		6.3		27.0
Impact of acquisitions		0.2		0.5		0.7
Impact of a disposal (e)				(6.4)		(6.4)
Impact of FX		(7.2)		0.1		(7.1)
Total	£	13.7	£	0.5	£	14.2
	_					

- (a) The increase in cable subscription revenue related to a change in the average number of RGUs is primarily attributable to increases in the average numbers of broadband internet and fixed-line telephony RGUs that were only partially offset by declines in the average numbers of basic and enhanced video RGUs.
- (b) The increase in cable subscription revenue related to a change in ARPU is due to the net effect of (i) a net increase resulting from the following factors: (a) higher ARPU due to February 2015 and February 2014 price increases for broadband internet, enhanced video and fixed-line telephony services, (b) lower ARPU due to the impact of higher discounts, (c) higher ARPU due to an increase in the proportion of subscribers receiving higher-priced tiers of broadband internet services in our bundles, (d) lower ARPU due to lower fixed-line telephony call volume, (e) lower ARPU of £10.8 million due to a change in legislation in the U.K. with respect to the charging of VAT, as discussed below, and (f) lower ARPU resulting from the £7.4 million impact of a January 1, 2015 change in how VAT is applied to certain components of our U.K. operations and (ii) an adverse change in RGU mix in Ireland.
- (c) The increase in mobile subscription revenue relates to Virgin Media and is primarily due to the net effect of (i) an increase in the number of customers taking postpaid mobile services, (ii) a decline in the number of prepaid mobile customers, (iii) a decline of £2.2 million in postpaid mobile services revenue due to the November 2014 introduction of a new mobile program in the U.K. whereby customers can elect to purchase a mobile handset pursuant to a contract that is independent of a mobile airtime services contract (the **Freestyle Mobile Proposition**), (iv) a decrease of £1.8 million related to the above-described change in VAT applicable to certain components of our U.K. operations and (v) a decline in chargeable usage as subscribers moved to higher-limit and unlimited usage bundles for voice and short message service (or **SMS**). Revenue associated with handsets sold under the Freestyle Mobile Proposition is recognized upfront and included in other non-subscription revenue, as noted below. Prior to the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, this revenue, which was contingent upon delivering future airtime services, was recognized over the life of the customer contract as part of the monthly fee and included in subscription revenue.

- (d) The increase in other non-subscription revenue is largely due to the net effect of (i) an increase in mobile handset sales, primarily attributable to a £12.9 million increase associated with the November 2014 introduction of the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, (ii) a decrease in installation revenue of £4.2 million and (iii) a decrease in interconnect revenue of £3.3 million, primarily due to (a) a decline in mobile SMS termination volume and (b) a reduction in fixed-line termination rates beginning in February 2014. Under the Freestyle Mobile Proposition, we generally recognize the full sales price for the mobile handset upon delivery, regardless of whether the sales price is received upfront or in installments.
- (e) Represents the estimated impact of the non-cable subscribers that we agreed to sell in the fourth quarter of 2014 (the **U.K. Non-Cable Disposal**). The non-cable subscribers are being migrated to a third-party over time and we expect this migration to be substantially complete by the end of the second quarter of 2015.

On March 19, 2014, the U.K. government announced a change in legislation with respect to the charging of VAT in connection with prompt payment discounts such as those that we offer to our fixed-line telephony customers. The changes, which took effect on May 1, 2014, impacted our company and some of our competitors. For additional information regarding a potential challenge from the U.K. government regarding our application of the prompt payment discount rules prior to the May 1, 2014 change in legislation, see note 11 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The details of the changes in our B2B revenue categories are as follows:

	T	hree mo Mar			Iı	ncrease (c	lecrease)	Organic increase (decrease)
		2015		2014		£	%	%
			in	millions				
Data (a)	£	115.8	£	106.0	£	9.8	9.2	9.1
Voice (b)		30.7		33.5		(2.8)	(8.4)	(8.3)
Other (c)		9.7		11.9		(2.2)	(18.5)	(18.5)
Total B2B revenue	£	156.2	£	151.4	£	4.8	3.2	3.1

- (a) The increase in data revenue is primarily attributable to increased volume and an increase of £4.0 million in the U.K.'s amortization of deferred upfront fees on B2B contracts.
- (b) The decline in voice revenue is primarily attributable to a decline in usage.
- (c) The decline in other revenue is largely attributable to lower equipment sales in the U.K.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses include programming, network operations, mobile access and interconnect, customer operations, customer care and other costs related to our operations. Programming costs, which represent a significant portion of our operating costs, are expected to rise in future periods as a result of (i) higher costs associated with the expansion of our digital video content, including rights associated with ancillary product offerings and rights that provide for the broadcast of live sporting events, and (ii) rate increases. In addition, we are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to our labor and other costs. Any cost increases that we are not able to pass on to our subscribers through rate increases would result in increased pressure on our operating margins.

Our total operating expenses decreased £15.1 million or 3.1% during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. This decrease includes (i) a decrease of £5.1 million attributable to the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal and (ii) an increase of £0.5 million attributable to the impact of acquisitions. Excluding the effects of the U.K. Non-Cable Disposal, acquisitions, and FX, operating expenses decreased £7.5 million or 1.5%. This decrease includes the following factors:

• A decrease in network-related expenses of £14.5 million or 24.4%, due largely to the impact of a reduction in local authority charges for certain elements of network infrastructure in the U.K. resulting in (i) a non-recurring benefit during the first quarter of 2015 of £4.8 million and (ii) a recurring benefit of £3.6 million during the first quarter of 2015 arising from successful appeals during the last half of 2014. The decrease in network-related expenses also includes (a) a decrease in network and customer premises equipment maintenance costs and (b) a £1.1 million decrease due to the impact of accrual releases in the first quarter of 2015 associated with the reassessment of operational contingencies;

- An increase in programming and related costs of £12.0 million or 7.8%, primarily due to the net effect of (i) increased costs due to higher rates for certain basic and premium services and (ii) a £1.0 million decrease due to the impact of an accrual release related to the reassessment of operational contingencies during the first quarter of 2015;
- An increase in outsourced labor and professional fees of £4.0 million or 20.8%, primarily due to higher call center costs;
- A decrease in bad debt and collection expense of £2.8 million;
- A decrease in mobile handset costs of £2.6 million or 8.8%, primarily due to the net effect of (i) a decrease in costs as a result of continued growth of subscriber identification module or "SIM"-only contracts and (ii) an increase in the proportion of higher value handsets sold, due in part to the Freestyle Mobile Proposition;
- A decrease in equipment costs of £2.5 million, primarily due to lower equipment sales;
- An increase in mobile access and interconnect costs of £2.1 million or 2.6%, primarily due to the net effect of (i) an increase in costs attributable to mobile subscriber growth and (ii) lower fixed-line telephony call volumes; and
- A net decrease resulting from individually insignificant changes in other operating expense categories.

SG&A expenses

SG&A expenses include human resources, information technology, general services, management, finance, legal and sales and marketing costs, share-based compensation and other general expenses. We do not include share-based compensation in the following discussion and analysis of our SG&A expenses as share-based compensation expense is discussed separately below. As noted above, we are subject to inflationary pressures with respect to our labor and other costs.

Our total SG&A expenses (exclusive of share-based compensation) increased £3.5 million or 2.4% during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. This increase includes £0.1 million attributable to the impact of acquisitions. Excluding the effects of acquisitions and FX, SG&A expenses increased £4.4 million or 3.1%. This increase includes the following factors:

- A decrease in marketing and advertising costs of £1.5 million or 2.7%, primarily due to lower costs associated with advertising campaigns;
- An increase in information technology-related expenses of £1.2 million or 18.1%, primarily due to higher software and other information technology-related maintenance costs; and
- A net increase resulting from individually insignificant changes in other SG&A expense categories.

Share-based compensation expense (included in SG&A expenses)

Our share-based compensation expense represents amounts allocated to our company by Liberty Global and related employer taxes. The amounts allocated by Liberty Global to our company represent share-based compensation associated with the Liberty Global share-based incentive awards held by certain employees of our subsidiaries. Share-based compensation expense allocated to our company by Liberty Global is reflected as an increase to owners' equity. A summary of the share-based compensation expense that is included in our SG&A expenses is set forth below:

	Th	ree mo Mar		
	2	2015	2	2014
		in mi	llion	3
Performance-based incentive awards (a)	£	3.2	£	1.3
Other share-based incentive awards		7.5		10.4
Total	£	10.7	£	11.7

(a) Includes share-based compensation expense related to Liberty Global PSUs and the Challenge Performance Awards.

Related-party fees and allocations, net

We recorded related-party fees and allocations, net, related to corporate services performed by Liberty Global and our company of £19.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to £11.6 million during the corresponding period in 2014. These charges generally relate to management, finance, legal, technology and other corporate and administrative services provided to our subsidiaries. For additional information, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Depreciation and amortization expense

Our depreciation and amortization expense decreased £40.0 million or 9.5% during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. Excluding the effects of FX, depreciation and amortization expense decreased £38.6 million or 9.2%. This decrease is primarily due to the net effect of (i) a decrease associated with certain assets becoming fully depreciated and (ii) an increase associated with property and equipment additions related to the installation of customer premises equipment, the expansion and upgrade of our networks and other capital initiatives.

Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net

We recognized impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, of (£5.1 million) during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to £4.2 million during the corresponding period in 2014. The 2015 amount primarily includes the net effect of (i) gains from the disposition of assets of £9.8 million and (ii) impairment charges of £4.0 million. The 2014 amount is primarily related to certain organizational and staffing changes that we implemented following Liberty Global's acquisition of our company in June 2013 and includes severance and other related costs of £4.3 million.

Interest expense - third-party

Our third-party interest expense increased £9.2 million or 8.1% during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. The increase is primarily due to the net effect of (i) higher average outstanding third-party debt balances and (ii) lower weighted average interest rates. The decrease in our weighted average interest rate is primarily related to the completion of certain financing transactions that resulted in extended maturities and net decreases to certain of our interest rates. For additional information regarding our outstanding indebtedness, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interest expense - related-party

Our related-party interest expense decreased £7.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014, due to the interest expense incurred on the UPC Ireland Note. As further described in note 3, the UPC Ireland Note eliminates in consolidation following the February 2015 UPC Ireland Acquisition. For additional information regarding our related-party indebtedness, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interest income - related-party

Our related-party interest income increased £6.5 million or 12.5% during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period in 2014, primarily due to interest income earned on related-party notes receivable from Lynx Europe 2. For additional information, see note 10 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net

We recognized a loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, of £20.2 million and nil during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The loss during 2015 relates to (i) the redemption of 10% of the principal amount of the April 2021 VM Senior Secured Notes and the 2025 VM Sterling Senior Secured Notes and (ii) the prepayment of VM Facility A and VM Facility B under the VM Credit Facility. This loss includes (a) the write-off of £12.6 million of deferred financing costs, (b) the payment of £6.6 million of redemption premium and (c) the write-off of £1.0 million of unamortized discount. For additional information concerning our loss on debt modification and extinguishment, net, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net

Our realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments include (i) unrealized changes in the fair values of our derivative instruments that are non-cash in nature until such time as the derivative contracts are fully or partially settled and (ii) realized gains or losses upon the full or partial settlement of the derivative contracts. The details of our realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net, are as follows:

	T	hree moi Marc		
		2015		2014
		in mi	llion	s
Cross-currency and interest rate derivative contracts (a)	£	214.0	£	(77.4)
Equity-related derivative instruments (b)		(1.5)		4.1
Foreign currency forward contracts		(7.7)		(2.8)
Total	£	204.8	£	(76.1)

- (a) The gain during the 2015 period is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) gains associated with a decrease in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar, (ii) gains associated with decreases in market interest rates in the U.S. dollar market and (iii) losses associated with decreases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market. In addition, the gain during the 2015 period includes a net loss of £10.9 million resulting from changes in our credit risk valuation adjustments. The loss during the 2014 period is primarily attributable to (a) losses associated with an increase in the value of the pound sterling relative to the U.S. dollar and (b) losses associated with increases in market interest rates in the pound sterling market. In addition, the loss during the 2014 period includes a net loss of £1.4 million resulting from changes in our credit risk valuation adjustments.
- (b) These amounts represent activity related to the Virgin Media Capped Calls and the derivative embedded in the VM Convertible Notes. The fair values of our equity-related derivative instruments are primarily impacted by the trading prices of the underlying security.

For additional information regarding our derivative instruments, see notes 4 and 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net

Our foreign currency transaction gains or losses primarily result from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the underlying functional currency of the applicable entity. Unrealized foreign currency transaction gains or losses are computed based on period-end exchange rates and are non-cash in nature until such time as the amounts are settled. The details of our foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net, are as follows:

	1	hree mon Marc		
		2015	2	2014
		in mil	lions	3
Intercompany payables and receivables denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency (a)	£	(137.5)	£	1.4
U.S. dollar denominated debt issued by our company		(94.2)		17.1
Cash and restricted cash denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency		4.1		2.0
Other		(15.3)		(0.5)
Total	£	(242.9)	£	20.0

⁽a) Amounts primarily relate to loans between certain of our non-operating subsidiaries.

Income tax benefit

We recognized income tax benefit of £6.8 million and £15.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The income tax benefit during the three months ended March 31, 2015 differs from the expected income tax benefit of £11.0 million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the negative impacts of (i) certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries and (ii) a net increase in valuation allowances.

The income tax benefit during the three months ended March 31, 2014 differs from the expected income tax benefit of £35.8 million (based on the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35.0%) primarily due to the negative impact of certain permanent differences between the financial and tax accounting treatment of items associated with investments in subsidiaries.

For additional information regarding our income taxes, see note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net loss

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we reported net losses of £24.7 million and £87.1 million, respectively, including (i) operating income of £97.4 million and £28.8 million, respectively, (ii) net non-operating expense of £128.9 million and £131.0 million, respectively, and (iii) income tax benefit of £6.8 million and £15.1 million, respectively.

Gains or losses associated with (i) changes in the fair values of derivative instruments and (ii) movements in foreign currency exchange rates are subject to a high degree of volatility and, as such, any gains from these sources do not represent a reliable source of income. In the absence of significant gains in the future from these sources or from other non-operating items, our ability to achieve earnings from continuing operations is largely dependent on our ability to increase our aggregate segment operating cash flow to a level that more than offsets the aggregate amount of our (a) share-based compensation expense, (b) related-party fees and allocations, net, (c) depreciation and amortization, (d) impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net, (e) interest expense, (f) other net non-operating expenses and (g) income tax expenses.

Subject to the limitations included in our various debt instruments, we expect that Liberty Global will cause our company to maintain our debt at current levels relative to our Covenant EBITDA for the foreseeable future. As a result, we expect that we will continue to report significant levels of interest expense for the foreseeable future. For information concerning our expectations with respect to trends that may affect our operating results in future periods, see the discussion under *Overview* above. For information concerning the reasons for changes in specific line items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations, see the above discussion.

Material Changes in Financial Condition

Sources and Uses of Cash

Cash and cash equivalents

At March 31, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents of £37.3 million, of which £36.6 million was held by our subsidiaries. The terms of the instruments governing the indebtedness of certain of these subsidiaries may restrict our ability to access the assets of these subsidiaries. In addition, our ability to access the liquidity of our subsidiaries may be limited by tax and legal considerations and other factors.

Liquidity of Virgin Media

Our sources of liquidity at the parent level include (i) our cash and cash equivalents, (ii) funding from Lynx Europe 2 (and ultimately from Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries) in the form of loans or contributions, as applicable, and (iii) subject to the restrictions noted above, proceeds in the form of distributions or loans from our subsidiaries. For information regarding limitations imposed by our subsidiaries' debt instruments, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The ongoing cash needs of Virgin Media include corporate general and administrative expenses and interest expense on the VM Convertible Notes. From time to time, Virgin Media may also require cash in connection with (i) the repayment of outstanding debt and related-party obligations, (ii) the satisfaction of contingent liabilities or (iii) acquisitions and other investment opportunities.

No assurance can be given that funding from Lynx Europe 2 (and ultimately from Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries), our subsidiaries or external sources would be available on favorable terms, or at all.

Liquidity of our Subsidiaries

In addition to cash and cash equivalents, the primary sources of liquidity of our operating subsidiaries are cash provided by operations and, in the case of VMIH, any borrowing availability under the VM Credit Facility. For details of the borrowing availability of the VM Credit Facility, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The liquidity of our operating subsidiaries generally is used to fund property and equipment additions, debt service requirements and other liquidity requirements that may arise from time to time. For additional information regarding our consolidated cash flows, see the discussion under *Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows* below. Our subsidiaries may also require funding in connection with (i) the repayment of outstanding debt, (ii) acquisitions and other investment opportunities or (iii) distributions or loans to Virgin Media, Liberty Global or other Liberty Global subsidiaries. No assurance can be given that any external funding would be available to our subsidiaries on favorable terms, or at all.

Capitalization

As further discussed in note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use derivative instruments to mitigate foreign currency and interest rate risk associated with our debt instruments.

Our ability to service or refinance our debt and to maintain compliance with the leverage covenants in our credit agreements and indentures is dependent primarily on our ability to maintain or increase our Covenant EBITDA and to achieve adequate returns on our property and equipment additions and acquisitions. In addition, our ability to obtain additional debt financing is limited by the leverage covenants contained in the various debt instruments of our subsidiaries. In this regard, if our Covenant EBITDA were to decline, we could be required to repay or limit our borrowings under the VM Credit Facility in order to maintain compliance with applicable covenants. No assurance can be given that we would have sufficient sources of liquidity, or that any external funding would be available on favorable terms, or at all, to fund any such required repayment. We do not anticipate any instances of non-compliance with respect to any of our subsidiaries' debt covenants that would have a material adverse impact on our liquidity during the next 12 months.

At March 31, 2015, our outstanding consolidated debt and capital lease obligations aggregated £9,689.1 million, including £256.8 million that is classified as current in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and £9,377.9 million that is not due until 2020 or thereafter.

Notwithstanding our negative working capital position at March 31, 2015, we believe that we have sufficient resources to repay or refinance the current portion of our debt and capital lease obligations and to fund our foreseeable liquidity requirements during the next 12 months. However, as our maturing debt grows in later years, we anticipate that we will seek to refinance or otherwise extend our debt maturities. No assurance can be given that we will be able to complete these refinancing transactions or otherwise extend our debt maturities. In this regard, it is not possible to predict how political and economic conditions, sovereign debt concerns or any adverse regulatory developments could impact the credit markets we access and, accordingly, our future liquidity and financial position. However, (i) the financial failure of any of our counterparties could (a) reduce amounts available under committed credit facilities and (b) adversely impact our ability to access cash deposited with any failed financial institution and (ii) tightening of the credit markets could adversely impact our ability to access debt financing on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, sustained or increased competition, particularly in combination with adverse economic or regulatory developments, could have an unfavorable impact on our cash flows and liquidity.

With the exception of the VM Convertible Notes, all of our consolidated debt and capital lease obligations at March 31, 2015 have been borrowed or incurred by our subsidiaries. For additional information regarding our debt and capital lease obligations, see note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Summary. Our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Three months ended					
	March 31,					
		2015 2014			_(Change
			in	millions		
Net cash provided by operating activities	£	396.2	£	406.6	£	(10.4)
Net cash used by investing activities.		(1,094.9)		(574.8)		(520.1)
Net cash provided by financing activities		695.5		839.6		(144.1)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		3.9		2.2		1.7
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	£	0.7	£	673.6	£	(672.9)
	-		_			

Operating Activities. The decrease in net cash provided by our operating activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) a decrease in cash provided due to higher net cash payments for interest and (ii) an increase in the cash provided by our segment operating cash flow and related working capital items.

Investing Activities. The increase in net cash used by our investing activities is primarily attributable to the net effect of (i) an increase in cash used of £993.8 million associated with cash paid in connection with the UPC Ireland Acquisition, (ii) a decrease in cash used to fund loans to subsidiaries of Liberty Global of £430.0 million and (iii) a decrease in cash used due to lower capital expenditures of £28.7 million.

The capital expenditures that we report in our consolidated statements of cash flows do not include amounts that are financed under capital-related vendor financing or capital lease arrangements. Instead, these amounts are reflected as non-cash additions to our property and equipment when the underlying assets are delivered, and as repayments of debt when the principal is repaid. In the following discussion, we refer to (i) our capital expenditures as reported in our consolidated statements of cash flows, which exclude amounts financed under capital-related vendor financing or capital lease arrangements, and (ii) our total property and equipment additions, which include our capital expenditures on an accrual basis and amounts financed under capital-related vendor financing or capital lease arrangements. A reconciliation of our consolidated property and equipment additions to our consolidated capital expenditures as reported in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows is set forth below:

	T	hree mor Marc			
	2015			2014	
		in mi	llion	ıs	
Property and equipment additions	£	229.6	£	223.1	
Assets acquired under capital-related vendor financing arrangements		(61.8)		(11.5)	
Assets acquired under capital leases		(12.1)		(14.6)	
Changes in current liabilities related to capital expenditures.		(2.6)		(15.2)	
Capital expenditures	£	153.1	£	181.8	

The increase in our property and equipment additions is primarily due to the net impact of (i) an increase in expenditures for support capital, such as information technology upgrades and general support systems, and (ii) a decrease in expenditures for the purchase and installation of customer premises equipment.

Financing Activities. The decrease in net cash provided by our financing activities is primarily attributable to (i) a decrease in cash provided of £108.0 million related to lower net borrowings of third-party debt, (ii) a decrease in cash provided of £18.0 million due to an increase in cash paid related to derivative instruments and (iii) a decrease in cash provided of £16.6 million due to higher payments for financing costs and debt premiums.

Contractual Commitments

The pound sterling equivalents of our contractual commitments as of March 31, 2015 are presented below:

	Payments due during:												
	Remainder of 2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	Thereafter		Total
						in millions							
Debt (excluding interest)	£ 180.6	£	8.0	£	_	£	_	£		£ 1,586.6	£	7,744.8	£ 9,520.0
Capital leases (excluding interest)	54.1		43.2		19.2		4.1		0.8	0.1		34.3	155.8
Programming commitments	289.3		354.0		315.0		312.3		152.2	1.1		_	1,423.9
Purchase commitments	269.8		5.0										274.8
Network and connectivity commitments	72.2		79.2		78.4		22.0		4.8	7.5		1.2	265.3
Operating leases	32.3		35.4		29.3		22.8		16.5	7.2		44.4	187.9
Other commitments	60.8		37.7		28.6		11.0		2.8	2.8			143.7
Total (a)	£ 959.1	£	562.5	£	470.5	£	372.2	£	177.1	£ 1,605.3	£	7,824.7	£11,971.4
Projected cash interest payments on debt and capital lease obligations (b)	£ 366.7	= == £	506.9	£	490.2	£	489.7	£	485.3	£ 462.1	£	1,407.3	£ 4,208.2
2 (1)		= =		=		_		_			=		

- (a) The commitments reflected in this table do not reflect any liabilities that are included in our March 31, 2015 condensed consolidated balance sheet other than debt and capital lease obligations.
- (b) Amounts are based on interest rates, interest payment dates and contractual maturities in effect as of March 31, 2015. These amounts are presented for illustrative purposes only and will likely differ from the actual cash payments required in future periods. In addition, the amounts presented do not include the impact of our interest rate derivative contracts, deferred financing costs, discounts or premiums, all of which affect our overall cost of borrowing.

Programming commitments consist of obligations associated with certain of our programming contracts that are enforceable and legally binding on us in that we have agreed to pay minimum fees without regard to (i) the actual number of subscribers to the programming services or (ii) whether we terminate service to a portion of our subscribers or dispose of a portion of our distribution systems. In addition, programming commitments do not include increases in future periods associated with contractual inflation or other price adjustments that are not fixed. Accordingly, the amounts reflected in the above table with respect to these contracts are significantly less than the amounts we expect to pay in these periods under these contracts. Payments to programming vendors have in the past represented, and are expected to continue to represent in the future, a significant portion of our operating costs. In this regard, during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the programming costs incurred aggregated £153.9 million and £152.8 million, respectively.

Purchase commitments include unconditional purchase obligations associated with commitments to purchase customer premises and other equipment that are enforceable and legally binding on us.

Network and connectivity commitments include, among other items, the fixed minimum commitments associated with our MVNO agreement. As such, the commitments shown in the above table may be significantly less than the actual amounts we ultimately pay in these periods.

In addition to the commitments set forth in the table above, we have significant commitments under (i) derivative instruments and (ii) defined benefit plans and similar agreements, pursuant to which we expect to make payments in future periods. For

information regarding our derivative instruments, including the net cash paid or received in connection with these instruments during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, see note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL QUARTERLY FINANCIAL AND OPERATING INFORMATION
(unaudited)

Historical Information Retrospectively Revised for the UPC Ireland Acquisition (unaudited)

During the first quarter of 2015, Liberty Global undertook various financing transactions in connection with certain internal reorganizations of its broadband and wireless communications businesses in Europe. As part of these reorganizations, on February 12, 2015, we completed the UPC Ireland Acquisition, as defined and described in note 1 to our condensed consolidated financial statements. We have accounted for the UPC Ireland Acquisition as a common control transfer at carryover basis and, accordingly, our condensed consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively revised to give effect to this transaction for all periods presented.

The following table presents quarterly financial information and operating statistics that give effect to the UPC Ireland Acquisition for (i) the year ended December 31, 2014 and (ii) the three months ended December 31, 2013. For additional information, see notes 1 and 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPERATING STATISTICS		Q4 2014		Q3 2014		Q2 2014		Q1 2014		Q4 2013
Footprint										
Homes Passed		13,482,200		13,439,400		13,395,900		13,429,900		13,379,700
Two-way Homes Passed		13,353,300		13,275,800		13,291,400		13,322,600		13,268,700
Subscribers (RGUs)										
Basic Video		40,100		42,100		44,500		47,800		51,100
Enhanced Video		4,093,500		4,074,600		4,070,400		4,087,600		4,087,900
Multi-channel multi-point (microwave) distribution system		30,200		31,900		33,600		35,900		38,500
Total Video		4,163,800		4,148,600		4,148,500		4,171,300		4,177,500
Internet		4,900,000		4,823,200		4,767,800		4,764,100		4,714,000
Telephony		4,560,900		4,497,500		4,469,600		4,459,900		4,429,900
Total RGUs		13,624,700		13,469,300		13,385,900		13,395,300		13,321,400
RGU net additions (losses)										
Basic Video		(2,000)		(2,400)		(3,300)		(3,300)		(2,900)
Enhanced Video		18,900		4,200		(17,200)		(4,000)		2,600
MMDS		(1,700)		(1,700)		(2,300)		(2,600)		(1,700)
Total Video		15,200		100		(22,800)		(9,900)		(2,000)
Internet		63,000		55,400		3,700		44,800		47,400
Telephony		41,100		27,900		9,700		24,300		10,100
Total RGU net additions (losses)		119,300		83,400		(9,400)		59,200		55,500
Customer Relationships								_		_
Customer Relationships		5,535,500		5,469,600		5,436,800		5,460,300		5,441,500
Net additions (losses)		41,100		32,800		(23,500)		12,800		18,600
RGUs per Customer		2.46		2.46		2.46		2.45		2.45
Customer churn		14.7%		15.0%		15.3%		15.3%		15.2%
Monthly ARPU per Customer	£	48.76	£	48.26	£	49.27	£	48.58	£	47.69
Customer bundling										
Single-Play		17.8%		17.7%		17.6%		18.0%		18.1%
Double-Play		18.3%		18.4%		18.6%		18.7%		19.1%
Triple-Play		63.9%		63.9%		63.8%		63.3%		62.8%
Quad-Play		15.5%		15.4%		15.1%		14.7%		14.7%
FINANCIAL STATISTICS		Q4 2014		Q3 2014		Q2 2014		Q1 2014		Q4 2013
Revenue				in mill	ions	s, except % an	ıou	nts		
Subscription revenue:										
Cable	£	804.9	£	793.0	£	808.7	£	797.8	£	780.8
Mobile		124.3		122.5		119.1		114.1		113.7
Total subscription revenue		929.2		915.5		927.8		911.9		894.5
Business		160.0		154.9		151.2		151.4		147.7
Other		49.5		45.7		47.5	_	52.3	_	60.5
Total revenue	£	1,138.7	£	1,116.1	£	1,126.5	£	1,115.6	£	1,102.7
Segment Operating Cash Flow (a)	£	507.2	£	487.0	£	492.9	£	478.2	£	463.0
Share-based compensation expense		(6.3)		(8.6)		(7.2)		(11.7)		(22.8)
Related-party fees and allocations, net		(12.4)		(4.4)		(8.2)		(11.6)		(7.9)
Depreciation and amortization		(386.4)		(381.2)		(418.6)		(421.9)		(416.6)
Impairment, restructuring and other operating items, net		(0.6)		(1.1)		(6.8)		(4.2)		(10.2)
Operating income		101.5	£	91.7	£	52.1	£	28.8	£	5.5
Property and equipment additions	£	238.3	£	233.9	£	220.0	£	223.1	£	218.4
% of revenue										
Segment Operating Cash Flow		44.5%		43.6%		43.8%		42.9%		42.0%
Property and equipment additions		20.9%		21.0%		19.5%		20.0%		19.8%

⁽a) Segment operating cash flow is defined as revenue less operating and SG&A expenses (excluding share-based compensation, related-party fees and allocations, depreciation and amortization and impairment, restructuring and other operating items).